

## General Assembly

## Governor's Bill No. 24

February Session, 2012

LCO No. 551

Referred to Committee on Education

Introduced by:

SEN. WILLIAMS, 29th Dist.

SEN. LOONEY, 11th Dist.

REP. DONOVAN, 84th Dist.

REP. SHARKEY, 88th Dist.

## AN ACT CONCERNING EDUCATIONAL COMPETITIVENESS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 10-262f of the 2012 supplement to the general
- 2 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 3 (Effective July 1, 2012):
- Whenever used in this section and sections 10-262h to 10-262j,
- 5 inclusive, as amended by this act:
- 6 (1) "Adjusted equalized net grand list" means the equalized net
- 7 grand list of a town multiplied by its income adjustment factor.
- 8 (2) "Base aid ratio" means one minus the ratio of a town's wealth to
- 9 the state guaranteed wealth level, provided (A) for the fiscal years
- 10 ending June 30, 2008, to June 30, 2012, inclusive, no town's aid ratio
- shall be less than nine one-hundredths, except for towns which rank
- 12 from one to twenty when all towns are ranked in descending order

- 13 from one to one hundred sixty-nine based on the ratio of the number 14 of children below poverty to the number of children age five to 15 seventeen, inclusive, the town's aid ratio shall not be less than thirteen 16 one-hundredths when based on data used to determine the grants 17 pursuant to section 10-262h, as amended by this act, for the fiscal year 18 ending June 30, 2008, and (B) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, 19 and each fiscal year thereafter, no town's aid ratio shall be less than 20 zero, except for towns designated as a conditional funding district, the 21 town's aid ratio shall not be less than twenty one-hundredths.
  - (3) "Income adjustment factor" means the average of a town's per capita income divided by the per capita income of the town with the highest per capita income in the state and a town's median household income divided by the median household income of the town with the highest median household income in the state.
- 27 (4) "Median household income" for each town means (A) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, that enumerated in the most recent 28 federal decennial census of population or that enumerated in the 29 30 current population report series issued by the United States 31 Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, whichever is more 32 recent and available on January first of the fiscal year two years prior 33 to the fiscal year in which payment is to be made pursuant to section 34 10-262i, as amended by this act, and (B) for the fiscal year ending June 35 30, 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, that enumerated by the 36 Department of Economic and Community Development available on 37 July first of the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which the grant is 38 to be paid, such number to be certified and submitted annually by the 39 Commissioner of Economic and Community Development to the 40 Commissioner of Education on or before August first of the fiscal year 41 prior to the fiscal year in which the grant is to be paid.
  - (5) "Supplemental aid factor" means for each town the average of its percentage of children eligible under the temporary family assistance program and its grant mastery percentage.

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- 45 (6) "Percentage of children eligible under the temporary family 46 assistance program" means the town's number of children under the 47 temporary family assistance program divided by the number of 48 children age five to seventeen, inclusive, in the town.
- (7) "Average mastery percentage" means for each school year the average of the three most recent mastery percentages available on December first of the school year.
  - (8) "Equalized net grand list", for purposes of calculating the amount of grant to which any town is entitled in accordance with section 10-262h, as amended by this act, means the average of the net grand lists of the town upon which taxes were levied for the general expenses of the town two, three and four years prior to the fiscal year in which such grant is to be paid, provided such net grand lists are equalized in accordance with section 10-261a.
- 59 (9) "Foundation" means (A) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1990, 60 three thousand nine hundred eighteen dollars, (B) for the fiscal year 61 ending June 30, 1991, four thousand one hundred ninety-two dollars, 62 (C) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1992, four thousand four 63 hundred eighty-six dollars, (D) for the fiscal years ending June 30, 64 1993, June 30, 1994, and June 30, 1995, four thousand eight hundred 65 dollars, (E) for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1996, June 30, 1997, and 66 June 30, 1998, five thousand seven hundred eleven dollars, (F) for the 67 fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, five thousand seven hundred seventy-68 five dollars, (G) for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2000, to June 30, 69 2007, inclusive, five thousand eight hundred ninety-one dollars, [and] 70 (H) for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2008, to June 30, [2013] 2012, 71 inclusive, nine thousand six hundred eighty-seven dollars, and (I) for 72 the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, 73 twelve thousand dollars.
  - (10) "Number of children age five to seventeen, inclusive" means that enumerated in the most recent federal decennial census of population or enumerated in the current population report series

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- 77 issued by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the
- 78 Census, whichever is more recent and available on January first of the
- 79 fiscal year two years prior to the fiscal year in which payment is to be
- 80 made pursuant to section 10-262i, as amended by this act.
- (11) "Supplemental aid ratio" means .04 times the supplemental aid factor of a town divided by the highest supplemental aid factor when all towns are ranked from low to high, provided any town whose percentage of children eligible under the temporary family assistance program exceeds twenty-five shall have a supplemental aid ratio of .04.
- (12) "Grant mastery percentage" means (A) for the school year ending June 30, 1989, average mastery percentage, and (B) for the school years ending June 30, 1990, through the school year ending June 30, 1995, the average mastery percentage plus the mastery improvement bonus, and (C) for each school year thereafter, the average mastery percentage.
- 93 (13) "Mastery count" of a town means for each school year the grant 94 mastery percentage of the town multiplied by the number of resident 95 students.
  - (14) "Mastery improvement bonus" means for each school year through the school year ending June 30, 1995, seventy-five per cent of the difference between (A) the grant mastery percentage for the previous school year, and (B) the average mastery percentage for the school year, but not less than zero.
  - (15) "Mastery percentage" of a town for any school year means, using the mastery test data of record for the examination administered in such year, the number obtained by dividing (A) the total number of valid tests with scores below the state-wide standard for remedial assistance as determined by the Department of Education in each subject of the examinations pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of section 10-14n taken by resident students, by (B) the

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total number of such valid tests taken by such students.

- (16) "Mastery test data of record" means (A) for any examination administered prior to the 2005-2006 school year, the data of record on the April thirtieth subsequent to the administration of the examinations pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of section 10-14n, except that school districts may, not later than the March first following the administration of an examination, file a request with the Department of Education for an adjustment of the mastery test data from such examination, and (B) for examinations administered in the 2005-2006 school year and each school year thereafter, the data of record on the December thirty-first subsequent to the administration of the examinations pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (c) of section 10-14n, or such data adjusted by the Department of Education pursuant to a request by a local or regional board of education for an adjustment of the mastery test data from such examination filed with the department not later than the November thirtieth following the administration of the examination.
  - (17) "Number of children under the temporary family assistance program" means the number obtained by adding together the unduplicated aggregate number of children five to eighteen years of age eligible to receive benefits under the temporary family assistance program or its predecessor federal program, as appropriate, in October and May of each fiscal year, and dividing by two, such number to be certified and submitted annually, no later than the first day of July of the succeeding fiscal year, to the Commissioner of Education by the Commissioner of Social Services.
- (18) "Per capita income" for each town means that enumerated in the most recent federal decennial census of population or that enumerated in the current population report series issued by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, whichever is more recent and available on January first of the fiscal year two years prior to the fiscal year in which payment is to be made pursuant to section

## 10-262i, as amended by this act.

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- (19) "Regional bonus" means, for any town which is a member of a regional school district and has students who attend such regional school district, an amount equal to one hundred dollars for each such student enrolled in the regional school district on October first or the full school day immediately preceding such date for the school year prior to the fiscal year in which the grant is to be paid multiplied by the ratio of the number of grades, kindergarten to grade twelve, inclusive, in the regional school district to thirteen.
- (20) "Regular program expenditures" means (A) total current educational expenditures less (B) expenditures for (i) special education programs pursuant to subsection (h) of section 10-76f, (ii) pupil transportation eligible for reimbursement pursuant to section 10-266m, (iii) land and capital building expenditures, and equipment otherwise supported by a state grant pursuant to chapter 173, including debt service, (iv) health services for nonpublic school children, (v) adult education, (C) expenditures directly attributable to (i) state grants received by or on behalf of school districts except grants for the categories of expenditures listed in subparagraphs (B)(i) to (B)(v), inclusive, of this subdivision and except grants received pursuant to section 10-262i, as amended by this act, and section 10-262c of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 1987, and except grants received pursuant to chapter 173, (ii) federal grants received by or on behalf of school districts except for adult education and federal impact aid, and (iii) receipts from the operation of child nutrition services and student activities services, (D) expenditures of funds from private and other sources, and (E) tuition received on account of nonresident students. The town of Woodstock may include as part of the current expenses of its public schools for each school year the amount expended for current expenses in that year by Woodstock Academy from income from its endowment funds upon receipt from said academy of a certified statement of such current expenses. The town of Winchester may include as part of the current expenses of its

public school for each school year the amount expended for current expenses in that year by the Gilbert School from income from its endowment funds upon receipt from said school of a certified statement of such current expenses.

- (21) "Regular program expenditures per need student" means, in any year, the regular program expenditures of a town for such year divided by the number of total need students in the town for such school year, provided for towns which are members of a kindergarten to grade twelve, inclusive, regional school district and for such regional school district, "regular program expenditures per need student" means, in any year, the regular program expenditures of such regional school district divided by the sum of the number of total need students in all such member towns.
- (22) "Resident students" means the number of pupils of the town enrolled in public schools at the expense of the town on October first or the full school day immediately preceding such date, provided the number shall be decreased by the Department of Education for failure to comply with the provisions of section 10-16 and shall be increased by one one-hundred-eightieth for each full-time equivalent school day in the school year immediately preceding such date of at least five hours of actual school work in excess of one hundred eighty days and nine hundred hours of actual school work and be increased by the fulltime equivalent number of such pupils attending the summer sessions immediately preceding such date at the expense of the town; "enrolled" shall include pupils who are scheduled for vacation on the above date and who are expected to return to school as scheduled. Pupils participating in the program established pursuant to section 10-266aa shall be counted in accordance with the provisions of subsection (h) of section 10-266aa.
- 202 (23) "Schools" means nursery schools, kindergarten and grades one to twelve, inclusive.
- 204 (24) "State guaranteed wealth level" means (A) for the fiscal year

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205 ending June 30, 1990, 1.8335 times the town wealth of the town with 206 the median wealth as calculated using the data of record on December 207 first of the fiscal year prior to the year in which the grant is to be paid 208 pursuant to section 10-262i, as amended by this act, (B) for the fiscal 209 years ending June 30, 1991, and 1992, 1.6651 times the town wealth of 210 the town with such median wealth, (C) for the fiscal years ending June 211 30, 1993, June 30, 1994, and June 30, 1995, 1.5361 times the town wealth 212 of the town with the median wealth, (D) for the fiscal years ending 213 June 30, 1996, to June 30, 2007, inclusive, 1.55 times the town wealth of 214 the town with the median wealth, and (E) for the fiscal year ending 215 June 30, 2008, and each fiscal year thereafter, 1.75 times the town 216 wealth of the town with the median wealth.

(25) "Total need students" means the sum of (A) the number of resident students of the town for the school year, (B) (i) for any school year commencing prior to July 1, 1998, one-quarter the number of children under the temporary family assistance program for the prior fiscal year, and (ii) for the school years commencing July 1, 1998, to July 1, 2006, inclusive, one-quarter the number of children under the temporary family assistance program for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997, (C) for school years commencing July 1, 1995, to July 1, 2006, inclusive, one-quarter of the mastery count for the school year, (D) for school years commencing July 1, 1995, to July 1, 2006, inclusive, ten per cent of the number of eligible children, as defined in subdivision (1) of section 10-17e, for whom the board of education is not required to provide a program pursuant to section 10-17f, (E) for the school [year] years commencing July 1, 2007, [and each school year thereafter,] to July 1, 2011, inclusive, fifteen per cent of the number of eligible students, as defined in subdivision (1) of section 10-17e, for whom the board of education is not required to provide a program pursuant to section 10-17f, [and] (F) for the school year commencing July 1, 2012, and each school year thereafter, fifteen per cent of the number of eligible students, as defined in subdivision (1) of section 10-17e, (G) for the school [year] years commencing July 1, 2007, [and each school year thereafter] to July 1, 2011, inclusive, thirty-three per cent of the number

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- of children below the level of poverty, and (H) for the school year commencing July 1, 2012, and each school year thereafter, thirty-three per cent of the number of children in poverty.
- 242 (26) "Town wealth" means the average of a town's adjusted 243 equalized net grand list divided by its total need students for the fiscal 244 year prior to the year in which the grant is to be paid and its adjusted 245 equalized net grand list divided by its population.
  - (27) "Population" of a town means that enumerated in the most recent federal decennial census of population or that enumerated in the current population report series issued by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census available on January first of the fiscal year two years prior to the fiscal year in which a grant is to be paid, whichever is most recent; except that any town whose enumerated population residing in state and federal institutions within such town and attributed to such town by the census exceeds forty per cent of such "population" shall have its population adjusted as follows: Persons who are incarcerated or in custodial situations, including, but not limited to jails, prisons, hospitals or training schools or persons who reside in dormitory facilities in schools, colleges, universities or on military bases shall not be counted in the "population" of a town.
  - (28) "Base revenue" for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1995, means the sum of the grant entitlements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1995, of a town pursuant to section 10-262h, as amended by this act, and subsection (a) of section 10-76g, including its proportional share, based on enrollment, of the revenue paid pursuant to section 10-76g, to the regional district of which the town is a member, and for each fiscal year thereafter means the amount of each town's entitlement pursuant to section 10-262h, as amended by this act, minus its density supplement, as determined pursuant to subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section 10-262h, as amended by this act, except that for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, each town's entitlement shall be determined without using the adjustments made to the previous year's grant

- pursuant to subparagraph (M) of subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section 10-262h, <u>as amended by this act</u>, except that for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004, each town's entitlement shall be determined without using the adjustments made to the previous year's grant pursuant to subparagraph (N) of subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section 10-262h, as amended by this act.
- 277 (29) "Density" means the population of a town divided by the square miles of a town.
- 279 (30) "Density aid ratio" means the product of (A) the density of a 280 town divided by the density of the town in the state with the highest 281 density, and (B) .006273.
  - (31) "Mastery goal improvement count" means the product of (A) the difference between the percentage of state-wide mastery examination scores, pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of section 10-14n, at or above the mastery goal level for the most recently completed school year and the percentage of such scores for the prior school year, and (B) the resident students of the town, or zero, whichever is greater.
  - (32) "Target aid" means the sum of (A) the product of a town's base aid ratio, the foundation level and the town's total need students for the fiscal year prior to the year in which the grant is to be paid, (B) the product of a town's supplemental aid ratio, the foundation level and the sum of the portion of its total need students count described in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subdivision (25) of this section for the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which the grant is to be paid, and the adjustments to its resident student count described in subdivision (22) of this section relative to length of school year and summer school sessions, and (C) the town's regional bonus.
  - (33) "Fully funded grant" means the sum of (A) the product of a town's base aid ratio, the foundation level and the town's total need students for the fiscal year prior to the year in which the grant is to be

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paid, and (B) the town's regional bonus.

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(34) "Number of children below the level of poverty" means the number of children, ages five to seventeen, inclusive, in families in poverty, as determined under Part A of Title I of the No Child Left Behind Act, P.L. 107-110. The count for member towns of regional school districts shall be the sum of towns' initial determination under Title I and the proportionate share of the regional districts determination based member enrollment in the regional district.

(35) "Current program expenditures" means (A) total current educational expenditures less (B) expenditures for (i) land and capital building expenditures, and equipment otherwise supported by a state grant pursuant to chapter 173, including debt service, (ii) health services for nonpublic school children, and (iii) adult education, (C) expenditures directly attributable to (i) state grants received by or on behalf of school districts except grants for the categories of expenditures listed in subparagraphs (B)(i) to (B)(iii), inclusive, of this subdivision and except grants received pursuant to section 10-262i, as amended by this act, and section 10-262c of the general statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 1987, and except grants received pursuant to chapter 173, (ii) federal grants received by or on behalf of school districts except for adult education and federal impact aid, and (iii) receipts from the operation of child nutrition services and student activities services, (D) expenditures of funds from private and other sources, and (E) tuition received on account of nonresident students. The town of Woodstock may include as part of the current expenses of its public schools for each school year the amount expended for current expenses in that year by Woodstock Academy from income from its endowment funds upon receipt from said academy of a certified statement of such current expenses. The town of Winchester may include as part of the current expenses of its public school for each school year the amount expended for current expenses in that year by the Gilbert School from income from its endowment funds upon receipt from said school of a certified statement of such current 335 expenses.

- 336 (36) "Current program expenditures per resident student" means, in 337 any year, the current program expenditures of a town for such year 338 divided by the number of resident students in the town for such school 339 year.
- 340 (37) "Base aid" means (A) for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2008, and June 30, 2009, the amount of the grant pursuant to section 10-262h, as amended by this act, that a town was eligible to receive for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, and (B) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, the amount of the grant pursuant to subsection (d) of section 10-262h, as amended by this act, that a town was eligible to receive for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012.
- 347 (38) "Number of children in poverty" means the number of children,
  348 ages five to seventeen, inclusive, in families whose incomes are at or
  349 below one hundred eighty-five per cent of the federal poverty level,
  350 such number to be certified and submitted annually by the
  351 Commissioner of Social Services to the Commissioner of Education, on
  352 or before July first of the following fiscal year.
  - (39) "District performance index" means the number obtained when using the mastery test data of record by (A) weighting the performance in each subject area as follows: (i) Zero for below basic, (ii) twenty-five per cent for basic, (iii) fifty per cent for proficient, (iv) seventy-five per cent for goal, and (v) one hundred per cent for advanced, and (B) adding such results and dividing by the number of subject areas.
- (40) "Conditional funding district" means a school district that is in a
   town that is among the towns with the lowest district performance
   indexes. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, the number of
   conditional funding districts shall not exceed thirty school districts.
   Any school district designated as a conditional funding district shall be
   so designated for a period of five years, except the Commissioner of
   Education may remove such designation from a school district prior to

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July first of the fiscal year following a determination by the commissioner that such school district is in violation of the provisions of subdivision (7) of subsection (g) of section 10-262i, as amended by this act. On or before June 30, 2016, the Department of Education shall determine if there are any additional conditional funding districts.

(41) "Local funding percentage" means that for the fiscal year two years prior to the fiscal year in which the grant is to be paid pursuant to section 10-262i, as amended by this act, the number obtained by dividing (A) total current educational expenditures less expenditures for (I) land and capital building expenditures, and equipment otherwise supported by a state grant pursuant to chapter 173, including debt service, (II) health services for nonpublic school children, and (III) adult education, (ii) expenditures directly attributable to (I) state grants received by or on behalf of school districts, except those grants for the categories of expenditures described in subparagraphs (A)(i)(I) to (A)(i)(III), inclusive, of this subdivision, and except grants received pursuant to chapter 173, (II) federal grants received by or on behalf of local or regional boards of education, except those grants for adult education and federal impact aid, and (III) receipts from the operation of child nutrition services and student activities services, (iii) expenditures of funds from private and other sources, and (iv) tuition received on account of nonresident students, by (B) total current educational expenditures less expenditures for (i) land and capital building expenditures, and equipment otherwise supported by a state grant pursuant to chapter 173, including debt service, (ii) health services for nonpublic school children, and (iii) adult education.

(42) "Minimum local funding percentage" means (A) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, twenty per cent, (B) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, twenty-two and one-half per cent, (C) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, twenty-five per cent, and (D) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, and each fiscal year thereafter, thirty per cent.

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Sec. 2. Subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section 10-262h of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

(6) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1996, and each fiscal year thereafter, a grant in an amount equal to the amount of its target aid as described in subdivision (32) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, except that such amount shall be capped in accordance with the following: (A) For the fiscal years ending June 30, 1996, June 30, 1997, June 30, 1998, and June 30, 1999, for each town, the maximum percentage increase over its previous year's base revenue shall be the product of five per cent and the ratio of the wealth of the town ranked one hundred fifty-third when all towns are ranked in descending order to each town's wealth, provided no town shall receive an increase greater than five per cent. (B) For the fiscal years ending June 30, 2000, June 30, 2001, June 30, 2002, June 30, 2003, and June 30, 2004, for each town, the maximum percentage increase over its previous year's base revenue shall be the product of six per cent and the ratio of the wealth of the town ranked one hundred fifty-third when all towns are ranked in descending order to each town's wealth, provided no town shall receive an increase greater than six per cent. (C) No such cap shall be used for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, or any fiscal year thereafter. (D) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1996, for each town, the maximum percentage reduction from its previous year's base revenue shall be equal to the product of three per cent and the ratio of each town's wealth to the wealth of the town ranked seventeenth when all towns are ranked in descending order, provided no town's grant shall be reduced by more than three per cent. (E) For the fiscal years ending June 30, 1997, June 30, 1998, and June 30, 1999, for each town, the maximum percentage reduction from its previous year's base revenue shall be equal to the product of five per cent and the ratio of each town's wealth to the wealth of the town ranked seventeenth when all towns are ranked in descending order, provided no town's grant shall be reduced by more than five per cent. (F) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, and each fiscal year thereafter, no town's grant

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shall be less than the grant it received for the prior fiscal year. (G) For each fiscal year prior to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, except for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004, in addition to the amount determined pursuant to this subdivision, a town shall be eligible for a density supplement if the density of the town is greater than the average density of all towns in the state. The density supplement shall be determined by multiplying the density aid ratio of the town by the foundation level and the town's total need students for the prior fiscal year provided, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, and each fiscal year thereafter, no town's density supplement shall be less than the density supplement such town received for the prior fiscal year. (H) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997, the grant determined in accordance with this subdivision for a town ranked one to forty-two when all towns are ranked in descending order according to town wealth shall be further reduced by one and two-hundredths of a per cent and such grant for all other towns shall be further reduced by fifty-six-hundredths of a per cent. (I) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998, and each fiscal year thereafter, no town whose school district is a priority school district shall receive a grant pursuant to this subdivision in an amount that is less than the amount received under such grant for the prior fiscal year. (J) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, and each fiscal year through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, no town whose school district is a priority school district shall receive a grant pursuant to this subdivision that provides an amount of aid per resident student that is less than the amount of aid per resident student provided under the grant received for the prior fiscal year. (K) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998, and each fiscal year thereafter, no town whose school district is a priority school district shall receive a grant pursuant to this subdivision in an amount that is less than seventy per cent of the sum of (i) the product of a town's base aid ratio, the foundation level and the town's total need students for the fiscal year prior to the year in which the grant is to be paid, (ii) the product of a town's supplemental aid ratio, the foundation level and the sum of the portion of its total need students count described in subparagraphs

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(B) and (C) of subdivision (25) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, for the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which the grant is to be paid, and the adjustments to its resident student count described in subdivision (22) of said section 10-262f, as amended by this act, relative to length of school year and summer school sessions, and (iii) the town's regional bonus. (L) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, and each fiscal year thereafter, no town whose school district is a transitional school district shall receive a grant pursuant to this subdivision in an amount that is less than forty per cent of the sum of (i) the product of a town's base aid ratio, the foundation level and the town's total need students for the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which the grant is to be paid, (ii) the product of a town's supplemental aid ratio, the foundation level and the sum of the portion of its total need students count described in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subdivision (25) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, for the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which the grant is to be paid, and the adjustments to its resident student count described in subdivision (22) of said section 10-262f, as amended by this act, relative to length of school year and summer school sessions, and (iii) the town's regional bonus. (M) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2002, (i) each town whose target aid is capped pursuant to this subdivision shall receive a grant that includes a pro rata share of twenty-five million dollars based on the difference between its target aid and the amount of the grant determined with the cap, and (ii) all towns shall receive a grant that is at least 1.68 per cent greater than the grant they received for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001. (N) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, (i) each town whose target aid is capped pursuant to this subdivision shall receive a pro rata share of fifty million dollars based on the difference between its target aid and the amount of the grant determined with the cap, and (ii) each town shall receive a grant that is at least 1.2 per cent more than its base revenue, as defined in subdivision (28) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act. (O) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, each town shall receive a grant that is at least equal to the grant it received for the prior fiscal year. (P) For

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the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004, (i) each town whose target aid is capped pursuant to this subdivision shall receive a grant that includes a pro rata share of fifty million dollars based on the difference between its target aid and the amount of the grant determined with the cap, (ii) each town's grant including the cap supplement shall be reduced by three per cent, (iii) the towns of Bridgeport, Hartford and New Haven shall each receive a grant that is equal to the grant such towns received for the prior fiscal year plus one million dollars, (iv) those towns described in clause (i) of this subparagraph shall receive a grant that includes a pro rata share of three million dollars based on the same pro rata basis as used in said clause (i), (v) towns whose school districts are priority school districts pursuant to subsection (a) of section 10-266p, as amended by this act, or transitional school districts pursuant to section 10-263c or who are eligible for grants under section 10-276a or 10-263d for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2002, to June 30, 2004, inclusive, shall receive grants that are at least equal to the grants they received for the prior fiscal year, (vi) towns not receiving funds under clause (iii) of this subparagraph shall receive a pro rata share of any remaining funds based on their grant determined under this subparagraph. (Q) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, (i) no town shall receive a grant pursuant to this subparagraph in an amount that is less than sixty per cent of the amount determined pursuant to the previous subparagraphs of this subdivision, (ii) notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (B) of this subdivision, each town shall receive a grant that is equal to the amount the town received for the prior fiscal year increased by twenty-three and twenty-seven hundredths per cent of the difference between the grant amount calculated pursuant to this subdivision and the amount the town received for the prior fiscal year, (iii) no town whose school district is a priority school district pursuant to subsection (a) of section 10-266p, as amended by this act, shall receive a grant pursuant to this subdivision that is less than three hundred seventy dollars per resident student, and (iv) each town shall receive a grant that is at least the greater of the amount of the grant it received for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003,

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or the amount of the grant it received for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004, increased by seven-tenths per cent, except that the town of Winchester shall not receive less than its fixed entitlement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. (R) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2006, and June 30, 2007, each town shall receive a grant that is equal to the amount of the grant the town received for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, increased by two per cent plus the amount specified in section 33 of public act 05-245, provided for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, no town shall receive a grant in an amount that is less than sixty per cent of the amount of its target aid as described in subdivision (32) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act. (S) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, a grant in an amount equal to the sum of (i) the town's base aid, and (ii) seventeen and thirty-one one-hundredths per cent of the difference between the town's fully funded grant as described in subdivision (33) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, and its base aid, except that such per cent shall be adjusted for all towns so that no town shall receive a grant that is less than the amount of the grant the town received for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, increased by four and four-tenths per cent. (T) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, a grant in an amount equal to the sum of (i) the town's base aid, and (ii) twenty-two and two one-hundredths per cent of the difference between the fully funded grant as described in said subdivision (33) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, and its base aid, except that such per cent shall be adjusted for all towns so that no town shall receive a grant that is less than the amount of the grant the town received for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, increased by four and four-tenths per cent. (U) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, a grant in an amount equal to the sum of (i) the town's base aid, and (ii) one and forty-one one-hundredths per cent of the difference between the fully funded grant as described in said subdivision (33) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, and its base aid, except that for conditional funding districts, a grant in an amount equal to the sum of (I) the town's base aid, and (II) two and forty-seven one-hundredths

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- per cent of the difference between the fully funded grant as described in said subdivision (33) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, and its base aid, provided that for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, no town shall receive a grant that is less than the amount of the grant received for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012;
- Sec. 3. Subsection (d) of section 10-262h of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- (d) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, for the fiscal [years] <u>year</u> ending June 30, 2012, [and June 30, 2013,] each town shall receive an equalization aid grant in an amount provided for in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
  - (2) Equalization aid grant amounts.

T1	Town	Grant for Fiscal Year	[Grant for Fiscal Year]
T2		2012	[2013]
T3			
T4	Andover	2,330,856	[2,330,856]
T5	Ansonia	15,031,668	[15,031,668]
T6	Ashford	3,896,069	[3,896,069]
T7	Avon	1,232,688	[1,232,688]
T8	Barkhamsted	1,615,872	[1,615,872]
T9	Beacon Falls	4,044,804	[4,044,804]
T10	Berlin	6,169,410	[6,169,410]
T11	Bethany	2,030,845	[2,030,845]
T12	Bethel	8,157,837	[8,157,837]
T13	Bethlehem	1,318,171	[1,318,171]
T14	Bloomfield	5,410,345	[5,410,345]
T15	Bolton	3,015,660	[3,015,660]
T16	Bozrah	1,229,255	[1,229,255]

		Gover	rnor's Bill No. 24
T17	Branford	1,759,095	[1,759,095]
T18	Bridgeport	164,195,344	[164,195,344]
T19	Bridgewater	137,292	[137,292]
T20	Bristol	41,657,314	[41,657,314]
T21	Brookfield	1,530,693	[1,530,693]
T22	Brooklyn	6,978,295	[6,978,295]
T23	Burlington	4,295,578	[4,295,578]
T24	Canaan	207,146	[207,146]
T25	Canterbury	4,733,625	[4,733,625]
T26	Canton	3,348,790	[3,348,790]
T27	Chaplin	1,880,888	[1,880,888]
T28	Cheshire	9,298,837	[9,298,837]
T29	Chester	665,733	[665,733]
T30	Clinton	6,465,651	[6,465,651]
T31	Colchester	13,547,231	[13,547,231]
T32	Colebrook	495,044	[495,044]
T33	Columbia	2,550,037	[2,550,037]
T34	Cornwall	85,322	[85,322]
T35	Coventry	8,845,691	[8,845,691]
T36	Cromwell	4,313,692	[4,313,692]
T37	Danbury	22,857,956	[22,857,956]
T38	Darien	1,616,006	[1,616,006]
T39	Deep River	1,687,351	[1,687,351]
T40	Derby	6,865,689	[6,865,689]
T41	Durham	3,954,812	[3,954,812]
T42	Eastford	1,109,873	[1,109,873]
T43	East Granby	1,301,142	[1,301,142]
T44	East Haddam	3,718,223	[3,718,223]
T45	East Hampton	7,595,720	[7,595,720]
T46	East Hartford	41,710,817	[41,710,817]
T47	East Haven	18,764,125	[18,764,125]
T48	East Lyme	7,100,611	[7,100,611]
T49	Easton	593,868	[593,868]
T50	East Windsor	5,482,135	[5,482,135]

_		Gove	rnor's Bill No. 24
T51	Ellington	9,504,917	[9,504,917]
T52	Enfield	28,380,144	[28,380,144]
T53	Essex	389,697	[389,697]
T54	Fairfield	3,590,008	[3,590,008]
T55	Farmington	1,611,013	[1,611,013]
T56	Franklin	941,077	[941,077]
T57	Glastonbury	6,201,152	[6,201,152]
T58	Goshen	218,188	[218,188]
T59	Granby	5,394,276	[5,394,276]
T60	Greenwich	3,418,642	[3,418,642]
T61	Griswold	10,735,024	[10,735,024]
T62	Groton	25,374,989	[25,374,989]
T63	Guilford	3,058,981	[3,058,981]
T64	Haddam	1,728,610	[1,728,610]
T65	Hamden	23,030,761	[23,030,761]
T66	Hampton	1,337,582	[1,337,582]
T67	Hartford	187,974,890	[187,974,890]
T68	Hartland	1,350,837	[1,350,837]
T69	Harwinton	2,728,401	[2,728,401]
T70	Hebron	6,872,931	[6,872,931]
T71	Kent	167,342	[167,342]
T72	Killingly	15,245,633	[15,245,633]
T73	Killingworth	2,227,467	[2,227,467]
T74	Lebanon	5,467,634	[5,467,634]
T75	Ledyard	12,030,465	[12,030,465]
T76	Lisbon	3,899,238	[3,899,238]
T77	Litchfield	1,479,851	[1,479,851]
T78	Lyme	145,556	[145,556]
T79	Madison	1,576,061	[1,576,061]
T80	Manchester	30,619,100	[30,619,100]
T81	Mansfield	10,070,677	[10,070,677]
T82	Marlborough	3,124,421	[3,124,421]
T83	Meriden	53,783,711	[53,783,711]
T84	Middlebury	684,186	[684,186]

	Governor's Bill No. 24		rnor's Bill No. 24
T85	Middlefield	2,100,239	[2,100,239]
T86	Middletown	16,652,386	[16,652,386]
T87	Milford	10,728,519	[10,728,519]
T88	Monroe	6,572,118	[6,572,118]
T89	Montville	12,549,431	[12,549,431]
T90	Morris	657,975	[657,975]
T91	Naugatuck	29,211,401	[29,211,401]
T92	New Britain	73,929,296	[73,929,296]
T93	New Canaan	1,495,604	[1,495,604]
T94	New Fairfield	4,414,083	[4,414,083]
T95	New Hartford	3,143,902	[3,143,902]
T96	New Haven	142,509,525	[142,509,525]
T97	Newington	12,632,615	[12,632,615]
T98	New London	22,940,565	[22,940,565]
T99	New Milford	11,939,587	[11,939,587]
T100	Newtown	4,309,646	[4,309,646]
T101	Norfolk	381,414	[381,414]
T102	North Branford	8,117,122	[8,117,122]
T103	North Canaan	2,064,592	[2,064,592]
T104	North Haven	3,174,940	[3,174,940]
T105	North Stonington	2,892,440	[2,892,440]
T106	Norwalk	10,095,131	[10,095,131]
T107	Norwich	32,316,543	[32,316,543]
T108	Old Lyme	605,586	[605,586]
T109	Old Saybrook	652,677	[652,677]
T110	Orange	1,055,910	[1,055,910]
T111	Oxford	4,606,861	[4,606,861]
T112	Plainfield	15,353,204	[15,353,204]
T113	Plainville	10,161,853	[10,161,853]
T114	Plymouth	9,743,272	[9,743,272]
T115	Pomfret	3,092,817	[3,092,817]
T116	Portland	4,272,257	[4,272,257]
T117	Preston	3,057,025	[3,057,025]
T118	Prospect	5,319,201	[5,319,201]

		Gove	rnor's Bill No. 24
T119	Putnam	8,071,851	[8,071,851]
T120	Redding	687,733	[687,733]
T121	Ridgefield	2,063,814	[2,063,814]
T122	Rocky Hill	3,355,227	[3,355,227]
T123	Roxbury	158,114	[158,114]
T124	Salem	3,099,694	[3,099,694]
T125	Salisbury	187,266	[187,266]
T126	Scotland	1,444,458	[1,444,458]
T127	Seymour	9,836,508	[9,836,508]
T128	Sharon	145,798	[145,798]
T129	Shelton	4,975,852	[4,975,852]
T130	Sherman	244,327	[244,327]
T131	Simsbury	5,367,517	[5,367,517]
T132	Somers	5,918,636	[5,918,636]
T133	Southbury	2,422,233	[2,422,233]
T134	Southington	19,839,108	[19,839,108]
T135	South Windsor	12,858,826	[12,858,826]
T136	Sprague	2,600,651	[2,600,651]
T137	Stafford	9,809,424	[9,809,424]
T138	Stamford	7,978,877	[7,978,877]
T139	Sterling	3,166,394	[3,166,394]
T140	Stonington	2,061,204	[2,061,204]
T141	Stratford	20,495,602	[20,495,602]
T142	Suffield	6,082,494	[6,082,494]
T143	Thomaston	5,630,307	[5,630,307]
T144	Thompson	7,608,489	[7,608,489]
T145	Tolland	10,759,283	[10,759,283]
T146	Torrington	23,933,343	[23,933,343]
T147	Trumbull	3,031,988	[3,031,988]
T148	Union	239,576	[239,576]
T149	Vernon	17,645,165	[17,645,165]
T150	Voluntown	2,536,177	[2,536,177]
T151	Wallingford	21,440,233	[21,440,233]
T152	Warren	99,777	[99,777]

		Gove	rnor's Bill No. 24
T153	Washington	240,147	[240,147]
T154	Waterbury	113,617,182	[113,617,182]
T155	Waterford	1,445,404	[1,445,404]
T156	Watertown	11,749,383	[11,749,383]
T157	Westbrook	427,677	[427,677]
T158	West Hartford	16,076,120	[16,076,120]
T159	West Haven	41,399,303	[41,399,303]
T160	Weston	948,564	[948,564]
T161	Westport	1,988,255	[1,988,255]
T162	Wethersfield	8,018,422	[8,018,422]
T163	Willington	3,676,637	[3,676,637]
T164	Wilton	1,557,195	[1,557,195]
T165	Winchester	7,823,991	[7,823,991]
T166	Windham	24,169,717	[24,169,717]
T167	Windsor	11,547,663	[11,547,663]
T168	Windsor Locks	4,652,368	[4,652,368]
T169	Wolcott	13,539,371	[13,539,371]
T170	Woodbridge	721,370	[721,370]
T171	Woodbury	876,018	[876,018]
T172	Woodstock	5,390,055	[5,390,055]

Sec. 4. Subsections (f) and (g) of section 10-262i of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

(f) (1) Except as otherwise provided under the provisions of subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, the budgeted appropriation for education shall be not less than the budgeted appropriation for education for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, plus any reductions made pursuant to section 19 of public act 09-1 of the June 19 special session, except that (A) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, any district with a number of resident students for the school year commencing July 1, 2011, that is lower than such district's number of resident students for the school year

commencing July 1, 2010, may reduce such district's budgeted appropriation for education by the difference in number of resident students for such school years multiplied by three thousand, provided such reduction shall not exceed one-half of one per cent of the district's budgeted appropriation for education for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, and (B) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, any district that (i) does not maintain a high school and pays tuition to another school district pursuant to section 10-33 for resident students to attend high school in another district, and (ii) the number of resident students attending high school for such district for the school year commencing July 1, 2011, is lower than such district's number of resident students attending high school for the school year commencing July 1, 2010, may reduce such district's budgeted appropriation for education by the difference in number of resident students attending high school for such school years multiplied by the tuition paid per student pursuant to section 10-33, provided such reduction shall not exceed one-half of one per cent of the district's budgeted appropriation for education for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011.

(2) Except as otherwise provided under the provisions of subdivisions (3) [and (4)] to (5), inclusive, of this subsection, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, the budgeted appropriation for education shall be not less than the budgeted appropriation for education for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, except that (A) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, any district with a number of resident students for the school year commencing July 1, 2012, that is lower than such district's number of resident students for the school year commencing July 1, 2011, may reduce such district's budgeted appropriation for education by the difference in number of resident students for such school years multiplied by three thousand, provided such reduction shall not exceed one-half of one per cent of the district's budgeted appropriation for education for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, and (B) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, any district that [(i) does not maintain a high school and pays tuition to another school district pursuant to section 10-33 for resident students to attend

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high school in another district, and (ii) the number of resident students attending high school for such district for the school year commencing July 1, 2012, is lower than such district's number of resident students attending high school for the school year commencing July 1, 2011, may reduce such district's budgeted appropriation for education by the difference in number of resident students attending high school for such school years multiplied by the tuition paid per student pursuant to section 10-33] realizes new and documentable savings through increased intradistrict efficiencies or through regional collaboration may reduce such district's budgeted appropriation for education up to an amount determined by the Commissioner of Education, provided such reduction shall not exceed [one-half of] one per cent of the district's budgeted appropriation for education for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012.

- (3) The Commissioner of Education may permit a district to reduce its budgeted appropriation for education for the fiscal year ending [June 30, 2012, or] June 30, 2013, in an amount determined by the commissioner if such district has permanently ceased operations and closed one or more schools in the district due to declining enrollment at such closed school or schools in the fiscal year ending [June 30, 2011, June 30, 2012, or] June 30, 2013, and can clearly demonstrate and document the savings associated with the closed school or schools.
- (4) [No] Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection, no town shall be eligible to reduce its budgeted appropriation for education for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012, and June 30, 2013, pursuant to this subsection if (A) the school district for the town is in its third year or more of being identified as in need of improvement pursuant to section 10-223e, as amended by this act, and (i) has failed to make adequate yearly progress in mathematics or reading at the whole district level, or (ii) has satisfied the requirements for adequate yearly progress in mathematics or reading pursuant to Section 1111(b)(2)(I) of Subpart 1 of Part A of Title I of the No Child Left Behind Act, P.L. 107-110, as amended from time to time, or (B) the

school district for the town (i) has been identified as in need of improvement pursuant to section 10-223e, as amended by this act, and (ii) has a poverty rate greater than ten per cent. For purposes of this subparagraph, "poverty rate" means the quotient of the number of related children ages five to seventeen, inclusive, in families in poverty in a school district, divided by the total school age population of such school district based on the 2009 population estimate produced by the Bureau of Census of the United States Department of Commerce.

(5) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, the budgeted appropriation for a town designated as a conditional funding district, as defined in subdivision (40) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, shall be not less than the sum of (A) the budgeted appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, and (B) the amount necessary to meet the minimum local funding percentage, as defined in subdivision (42) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, except the commissioner may permit a town designated as a conditional funding district to reduce its budgeted appropriation for education if such town can demonstrate that its local contribution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, has increased when compared to the local contribution used in determining its local funding percentage, as defined in subdivision (41) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act.

(g) (1) Except as provided for in subdivisions (2), (3) and (4) of this subsection, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2008, to June 30, 2012, inclusive, the percentage of the increase in aid pursuant to this section applicable under subsection (d) of this section shall be the average of the results of (A) (i) a town's current program expenditures per resident student pursuant to subdivision (36) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, subtracted from the highest current program expenditures per resident student in this state, (ii) divided by the difference between the highest current program expenditures per resident student in this state and the lowest current program expenditures per resident student in this state, (iii) multiplied by thirty per cent, (iv) plus fifty percentage points, (B) (i) a town's wealth

pursuant to subdivision (26) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, subtracted from the wealth of the town with the highest wealth of all towns in this state, (ii) divided by the difference between the wealth of the town with the highest wealth of all towns in this state and the wealth of the town with the lowest wealth of all towns in this state, (iii) multiplied by thirty per cent, (iv) plus fifty percentage points, and (C) (i) a town's grant mastery percentage pursuant to subdivision (12) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, subtracted from one, subtracted from one minus the grant mastery percentage of the town with the highest grant mastery percentage in this state, (ii) divided by the difference between one minus the grant mastery percentage of the town with the highest grant mastery percentage in this state and one minus the grant mastery percentage of the town with the lowest grant mastery percentage in this state, (iii) multiplied by thirty per cent, (iv) plus fifty percentage points.

- (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, any town whose school district is in its third year or more of being identified as in need of improvement pursuant to section 10-223e, as amended by this act, and has failed to make adequate yearly progress in mathematics or reading at the whole district level, the percentage determined pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection for such town shall be increased by an additional twenty percentage points.
- (3) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, any town whose school district is in its third year or more of being identified as in need of improvement pursuant to section 10-223e, as amended by this act, and has failed to make adequate yearly progress in mathematics or reading at the whole district level, the percentage of the increase in aid pursuant to this section applicable under subsection (d) of this section shall be the percentage of the increase determined under subdivision (1) of this subsection for such town, plus twenty percentage points, or eighty per cent, whichever is greater.
- 725 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, for the fiscal year

ending June 30, 2008, and each fiscal year thereafter, any town that (A) is a member of a regional school district that serves only grades seven to twelve, inclusive, or grades nine to twelve, inclusive, (B) appropriates at least the minimum percentage of increase in aid pursuant to the provisions of this section, and (C) has a reduced assessment from the previous fiscal year for students enrolled in such regional school district, excluding debt service for such students, shall be considered to be in compliance with the provisions of this section.

- (5) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, charter, special act or home rule ordinance, on or before September 15, 2007, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, a town may request the Commissioner of Education to defer a portion of the town's increase in aid over the prior fiscal year pursuant to this section to be expended in the subsequent fiscal year. If the commissioner approves such request, the deferred amount shall be credited to the increase in aid for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, rather than the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. Such funds shall be expended in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, in accordance with the provisions of this section. In no case shall a town be allowed to defer increases in aid required to be spent for education as a result of failure to make adequate yearly progress in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection.
- 748 (6) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and each fiscal year 749 thereafter, the Comptroller shall withhold any increase in aid that a 750 town designated as a conditional funding district, as defined in 751 subdivision (40) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, is otherwise 752 eligible to receive pursuant to section 10-262h, as amended by this act. 753 Such funds shall be transferred to the Commissioner of Education and 754 shall be expended by the commissioner on behalf of such town. Such 755 funds shall be used to implement the provisions of subdivision (7) of 756 this subsection and to offset such other local education costs that the 757 commissioner deems appropriate to achieve school improvements. 758 Such funds shall be paid by the commissioner to the local or regional

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759 board of education for such conditional funding district upon 760 condition that such funds shall be expended in accordance with the 761 directives of the commissioner and the agreed upon plans approved 762 through subdivision (7) of this subsection.

(7) (A) The local or regional board of education for a town designated as a conditional funding district, as defined in subdivision (40) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, may apply to the Commissioner of Education for a conditional grant, at such time and in such manner as the commissioner prescribes. Such grant shall not exceed the increase in aid pursuant to subdivision (6) of this section. In order to be eligible to receive such grant, such local or regional board of education shall submit a plan that may include, but not be limited to, the following categories: (i) A tiered system of interventions for the schools under the jurisdiction of such board based on the needs of such schools, (ii) a plan to strengthen the foundational programs in reading to ensure reading mastery in grades kindergarten to three, inclusive, with a focus on standards and instruction, proper use of data, intervention strategies, current information for teachers, parental engagement, and teacher professional development, (iii) additional learning time, including extending the school day or school year, programming administered by school personnel or external partners, (iv) talent strategy that includes, but is not limited to, teacher and school leader recruitment and assignment, career ladder policies that draw upon the teacher evaluation guidelines issued by the Department of Education, pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act, and adopted locally. Such talent strategy may include provisions that demonstrate increased ability to attract, retain, promote and bolster the performance of staff in accordance with performance evaluation findings and, in the case of new personnel, other indicators of effectiveness, (v) training for school leaders and other staff on new teacher evaluation models, (vi) provisions for the cooperation and coordination with early childhood education providers to ensure alignment with district expectations for student entry into kindergarten, (vii) provisions for the cooperation and coordination

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- with other governmental and community programs to ensure that students receive adequate support and wraparound services, including community school models, and (viii) any additional categories or goals as determined by the commissioner.
- (B) The plan described in subparagraph (A) of this subdivision shall demonstrate collaboration with key stakeholders, as identified by the commissioner, with the goal of achieving efficiencies, and the alignment of intent and practice of current programs with conditional programs identified in this subsection.
  - (C) The State Board of Education may develop guidelines and criteria, or adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, for the administration of the conditional grant program described in this subdivision.
- (D) Any grants awarded under this subdivision shall be for a period of five years, except the commissioner may terminate such conditional grant award for failure to comply with the provisions of this subdivision. The commissioner may renew such conditional grant if the local or regional board of education receiving such conditional grant provides evidence that the school district of such board is achieving stated objectives and performance targets.
- 813 (E) Grants awarded pursuant to this subdivision shall be expended 814 for educational purposes only and shall not be used to supplant 815 federal, state or local funding for educational purposes.
- 816 <u>(F) Any unexpended funds awarded pursuant to this subdivision</u>
  817 <u>shall be available for redistribution for purposes pursuant to this</u>
  818 subdivision or the provisions of section 5 of this act.
- (G) The local or regional board of education awarded a conditional grant under this subdivision shall submit an expenditure report to the commissioner on such form and in such manner as requested by the commissioner. The commissioner shall determine if (i) the local or

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824 the close of the program for which the grant was awarded, and (II) any 825 amounts not expended in accordance with the approved grant 826 application, or (ii) the commissioner shall reduce the grant award in a

regional board of education shall refund (I) any unexpended funds at

- 827 subsequent year up to an amount equal to an amount that the
- 828 commissioner determines is out of compliance with the provisions of
- 829 this subdivision, and require the local or regional board of education to
- 830 pay such amount.

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- 831 Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2012) (a) The Department of
- 832 Education shall administer, within available appropriations, a
- 833 competitive grant program to assist local and regional school boards of
- 834 education in improving student performance through the strategies
- 835 described in subdivision (7) of subsection (g) of section 10-262i of the
- 836 general statutes, as amended by this act. Such annual competitive
- 837 grant shall be not less than five hundred thousand dollars.
- 838 (b) A local or regional board of education may apply to the 839 department for a competitive grant at such time and in such manner as 840 the Commissioner of Education prescribes. A local or regional board of 841 education for a town designated as a conditional funding district, as 842 defined in subdivision (40) of section 10-262f of the general statutes, as 843 amended by this act, that complies with the provisions of subdivision 844 (7) of subsection (g) of section 10-262i of the general statutes, as 845 amended by this act, shall be eligible to receive a competitive grant 846 award under this section. A local or regional board of education that 847 has not been so designated as a conditional funding district may also
- 848 apply for such competitive grant. In awarding such competitive grants,
- 849 the department shall give preference to conditional funding districts.
- 850 (c) The department may develop guidelines and grant criteria as it
- 851 deems necessary to administer the competitive grant program under
- 852 this section.

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853 (d) Any local or regional board of education that has received a 854 competitive grant award under this section shall submit an

855 expenditure report to the department on such form and in such 856 manner as prescribed by the department. The department shall 857 determine if (1) the local or regional board of education shall refund 858 (A) any unexpended funds at the close of the program for which the 859 grant was awarded, or (B) any amounts not expended in accordance 860 with the approved grant application, or (2) the department shall 861 reduce the grant award a subsequent year up to an amount that the 862 department determines is out of compliance with the provisions of this 863 section, and require the local or regional board of education to pay 864 such amount.

- (e) The department may accept private donations for purposes of the competitive grant program, provided such donations shall in no way limit the scope of program grants pursuant to this section.
- Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2012*) (a) The Department of Education shall administer a grant program in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of section 10-223e of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
  - (b) The Department of Education may develop guidelines and grant criteria as it deems necessary to administer the grant under this section.
- (c) Any unexpended funds appropriated for purposes of this section shall be available for redistribution for purposes pursuant to this section.
  - (d) Any local or regional board of education that has received a grant award under this section shall submit an expenditure report to the department on such form and in such manner as prescribed by the department. The department shall determine if (1) the local or regional board of education shall refund (A) any unexpended funds at the close of the program for which the grant was awarded, or (B) any amounts not expended in accordance with the approved grant application, or (2) the department shall reduce the grant award a subsequent year up

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- to an amount that the department determines is out of compliance with the provisions of this section, and require the local or regional board of education to pay such amount.
- Sec. 7. Section 10-66ee of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2012):
- (a) For the purposes of education equalization aid under section 10-262h a student enrolled (1) in a local charter school shall be considered a student enrolled in the school district in which such student resides, and (2) in a state charter school shall not be considered a student enrolled in the school district in which such student resides.
  - (b) (1) The local board of education of the school district in which a student enrolled in a local charter school resides shall pay, annually, in accordance with its charter, to the fiscal authority for the charter school for each such student the amount specified in its charter, including the reasonable special education costs of students requiring special education. The board of education shall be eligible for reimbursement for such special education costs pursuant to section 10-76g.
  - (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, the local or regional board of education of the school district in which a student enrolled in a state charter school resides shall pay, annually, such state charter school one thousand dollars for each student enrolled on October first of the current school year. If any such board of education fails to pay such tuition, the Commissioner of Education may withhold from such board's town or towns a sum payable under section 10-262i, as amended by this act, in an amount not to exceed the amount of the unpaid tuition to the charter school and pay such money to the fiscal agent for the charter school as a supplementary grant.
- 915 (c) (1) The state shall pay in accordance with this subsection, to the 916 fiscal authority for a state charter school for each student enrolled in

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such school, for the fiscal year ending [June 30, 2006, seven thousand six hundred twenty-five dollars, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, eight thousand dollars, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, eight thousand six hundred fifty dollars, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2009, to June 30, 2011, inclusive, nine thousand three hundred dollars, and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, and each fiscal year thereafter, nine thousand four hundred dollars June 30, 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, eleven thousand dollars. Such payments shall be made as follows: Twenty-five per cent of the amount not later than July fifteenth and September fifteenth based on estimated student enrollment on May first, and twenty-five per cent of the amount not later than January fifteenth and the remaining amount not later than April fifteenth, each based on student enrollment on October first. [If the total amount appropriated for grants pursuant to this subdivision exceeds eight thousand six hundred fifty dollars per student for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, and exceeds nine thousand three hundred dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, the amount of such grants payable per student shall be increased proportionately, except that such per student increase shall not exceed seventy dollars. Any amount of such appropriation remaining after such per student increase may be used by the Department of Education for supplemental grants to interdistrict magnet schools pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (c) of section 10-264l, to pay for a portion of the audit required pursuant to section 10-66ll, to pay for expenses incurred by the Department of Education to ensure the continuity of a charter school where required by a court of competent jurisdiction and, in consultation with the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, to pay expenses incurred in the creation of a school pursuant to section 10-74g. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, such increase shall be limited to one hundred ten dollars per student.]

(2) In the case of a student identified as requiring special education, the school district in which the student resides shall: (A) Hold the planning and placement team meeting for such student and shall invite representatives from the charter school to participate in such

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meeting; and (B) pay the state charter school, on a quarterly basis, an amount equal to the difference between the reasonable cost of educating such student and the sum of the amount received by the state charter school for such student pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection and amounts received from other state, federal, local or private sources calculated on a per pupil basis. Such school district shall be eligible for reimbursement pursuant to section 10-76g. The charter school a student requiring special education attends shall be responsible for ensuring that such student receives the services mandated by the student's individualized education program whether such services are provided by the charter school or by the school district in which the student resides.

- (d) On or before October fifteenth of the fiscal years beginning July 1, 2001, and July 1, 2002, the Commissioner of Education shall determine if the enrollment in the program for the fiscal year is below the number of students for which funds were appropriated. If the commissioner determines that the enrollment is below such number, the additional funds shall [not lapse but shall] be used by the commissioner for (1) grants for interdistrict cooperative programs pursuant to section 10-74d, (2) grants for open choice programs pursuant to section 10-266aa, or (3) grants for interdistrict magnet schools pursuant to section 10-264l.
- (e) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes to the contrary, if at the end of a fiscal year amounts received by a state charter school, pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section, are unexpended, the charter school (1) may use, for the expenses of the charter school for the following fiscal year, up to ten per cent of such amounts, and (2) may (A) create a reserve fund to finance a specific capital or equipment purchase or another specified project as may be approved by the commissioner, and (B) deposit into such fund up to five per cent of such amounts.
- 982 (f) The local or regional board of education of the school district in

which the charter school is located shall provide transportation services for students of the charter school who reside in such school district pursuant to section 10-273a unless the charter school makes other arrangements for such transportation. Any local or regional board of education may provide transportation services to a student attending a charter school outside of the district in which the student resides and, if it elects to provide such transportation, shall be reimbursed pursuant to section 10-266m for the reasonable costs of such transportation. Any local or regional board of education providing transportation services under this subsection may suspend such services in accordance with the provisions of section 10-233c. The parent or guardian of any student denied the transportation services required to be provided pursuant to this subsection may appeal such denial in the manner provided in sections 10-186 and 10-187.

- (g) Charter schools shall be eligible to the same extent as boards of education for any grant for special education, competitive state grants and grants pursuant to sections 10-17g and 10-266w.
- (h) If the commissioner finds that any charter school uses a grant under this section for a purpose that is inconsistent with the provisions of this part, the commissioner may require repayment of such grant to the state.
- (i) Charter schools shall receive, in accordance with federal law and regulations, any federal funds available for the education of any pupils attending public schools.
- (j) The governing council of a charter school may (1) contract or enter into other agreements for purposes of administrative or other support services, transportation, plant services or leasing facilities or equipment, and (2) receive and expend private funds or public funds, including funds from local or regional boards of education and funds received by local charter schools for out-of-district students, for school purposes.

- 1014 (k) If in any fiscal year, more than one new state or local charter 1015 school is approved pursuant to section 10-66bb and is awaiting 1016 funding pursuant to the provisions of this section, the State Board of 1017 Education shall determine which school is funded first based on a 1018 consideration of the following factors in order of importance as 1019 follows: (1) The quality of the proposed program as measured against 1020 the criteria required in the charter school application process pursuant 1021 to section 10-66bb, (2) whether the applicant has a demonstrated 1022 record of academic success by students, (3) whether the school is 1023 located in a school district with a demonstrated need for student 1024 improvement, and (4) whether the applicant has plans concerning the 1025 preparedness of facilities, staffing and outreach to students.
  - (l) Within available appropriations, the state may provide a grant in an amount not to exceed seventy-five thousand dollars to any newly approved state charter school that assists the state in meeting the goals of the 2008 stipulation and order for Milo Sheff, et al. v. William A. O'Neill, et al., as determined by the Commissioner of Education, for start-up costs associated with the new charter school program.
  - (m) Charter schools may, to the same extent as local and regional boards of education, enter into cooperative arrangements as described in section 10-158a, provided such arrangements are approved by the Commissioner of Education. Any state charter school participating in a cooperative arrangement under this subsection shall maintain its status as a state charter school and not be excused from any obligations pursuant to sections 10-66aa to 10-66ll, inclusive.
- 1039 (n) Grant funding pursuant to this section shall be considered an 1040 education equalization aid grant under section 10-262h, as amended by 1041 this act.
- Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2012*) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 10-66aa to 10-66mm, inclusive, of the general statutes, or any other provision of the general statutes to the contrary, the State Board of Education may approve, upon the request of an

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- 1046 applicant for a local charter school to be established on or after July 1, 1047 2012, any one or more of the following items described in subdivisions 1048 (1) to (3), inclusive, of this subsection, provided such applicant satisfies 1049 the conditions set forth in subsection (b) of this section:
- 1050 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 10-153d of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or any other provision of the general statutes to the contrary, the State Board of Education may limit the 1052 1053 scope of collective bargaining for school professionals and persons 1054 holding charter school educator permits, as described in section 10-1055 66dd of the general statutes, to be employed by the local charter school to the following: (A) Salaries, (B) leave time, (C) vacation, and (D) insurance benefits;
  - (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, the State Board of Education may approve, within available appropriations, a grant to the local charter school in an amount not to exceed three thousand dollars for each student enrolled in such a local school. The State Board of Education shall make charter determinations regarding the number of students enrolled in the local charter school for the purposes of this subsection in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of section 10-66ee of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and shall make any grant payments awarded pursuant to this subdivision in the manner set forth in said subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, such grant shall be an education equalization aid grant under section 10-262h of the general statutes, as amended by this act; or
  - (3) (A) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, the State Board of Education may approve, within available appropriations, a grant of up to five hundred thousand dollars to the local charter school applicant in order to assist with start-up costs associated with establishment of the local charter school. For purposes of this subdivision, such grant shall be an education equalization aid grant under section 10-262h of the general statutes, as amended by this

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- 1079 (B) The grant program shall be subject to the following conditions: 1080 (i) Grant applications shall be submitted to the State Board of 1081 Education at such time and on such forms as the State Board of 1082 Education prescribes, and (ii) each local charter school applicant 1083 receiving a grant award shall submit, at such time and in such form as 1084 the Commissioner of Education prescribes, any reports and financial 1085 statements required by the State Board of Education. If the State Board 1086 of Education finds that any grant awarded pursuant to this 1087 subdivision is being used for purposes that are not in conformity with 1088 the purposes of this subdivision, the State Board of Education may 1089 require repayment of the grant to the state.
- 1090 (C) Any unexpended funds appropriated to the Department of 1091 Education for purposes of this subdivision shall be available for 1092 redistribution for purposes of this subdivision.
  - (D) The department may develop guidelines and grant criteria as it deems necessary to administer the grant program under this subdivision.
- 1096 (b) In order to be eligible for consideration under the provisions of 1097 subsection (a) of this section, an applicant for a local charter school to 1098 be established on or after July 1, 2012, shall satisfy one of the following 1099 conditions: (1) The applicant has high quality, feasible strategies or a 1100 record of success in serving students from among the following 1101 populations: (A) Students with histories of low academic performance, 1102 (B) students who receive free or reduced priced school lunches, (C) 1103 students with histories of behavioral and social difficulties, (D) 1104 students eligible for special education services, or (E) students who are 1105 English language learners; or (2) the applicant has a high quality, feasible plan for turning around existing schools that have 1106 1107 demonstrated consistently substandard student performance, or a 1108 record of success in turning around such schools. The State Board of Education shall determine whether such applicant satisfies the 1109

- 1110 provisions of subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection.
- 1111 Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2012) (a) The local or regional board
- 1112 of education for a local charter school shall be responsible for the
- 1113 financial support of such local charter school at a level that is at least
- 1114 equal to the product of (1) the per pupil cost for the prior fiscal year,
- 1115 less the per pupil grant provided pursuant to subdivision (2) of
- 1116 subsection (c) of section 10-66ee of the general statutes, as amended by
- 1117 this act, for the current fiscal year, and (2) the number of students
- 1118 attending such local charter school in the current fiscal year.
- 1119 (b) As used in this section, "per pupil cost" means, for a local or
- 1120 regional board of education, the quotient of the net current
- 1121 expenditures, as defined in subdivision (3) of section 10-261 of the
- 1122 general statutes, divided by the average daily membership, as defined
- 1123 in subdivision (2) of section 10-261 of the general statutes, of such local
- 1124 or regional board of education.
- 1125 Sec. 10. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) The Department of
- 1126 Education shall develop and implement a uniform system of
- 1127 accounting for school expenditures that includes a chart of accounts for
- 1128 each local and regional board of education, regional educational
- 1129 service center, state charter school and the regional vocational-
- 1130 technical school system. Select measures shall be required at the
- 1131 individual school level, as determined by the department.
- 1132 (b) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, each local or regional
- 1133 board of education, regional educational service center, state charter
- 1134 school and the regional vocational-technical school system shall
- 1135 implement such uniform system of accounting and be subject to the
- 1136 provisions of section 10-227 of the general statutes.
- 1137 (c) The Office of Policy and Management may annually audit the
- 1138 chart of accounts for any local or regional board of education, regional
- 1139 educational service center, state charter school or the regional
- 1140 vocational-technical school system.

- 1141 Sec. 11. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2012) (a) As used in this section:
- (1) "Per pupil cost" means, for a local or regional board of education, the quotient of the net current expenditures, as defined in subdivision (3) of section 10-261 of the general statutes, divided by the average daily membership, as defined in subdivision (2) of section 10-261 of the general statutes, of such local or regional board of education.
  - (2) "State average per pupil cost" means the quotient of the sum of the net current expenditures, as defined in section 10-261 of the general statutes, of all local and regional boards of education, divided by the sum of the average daily membership, as defined in section 10-261 of the general statutes, of all local and regional boards of education.
  - (3) "Small district" means any local or regional board of education with an average daily membership, as defined in section 10-261 of the general statutes, of less than one thousand pupils.
  - (4) "Small district reduction percentage" means that for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, and each fiscal year thereafter, (A) for the first fiscal year in which the per pupil cost of the local or regional board of education from the prior fiscal year exceeds the state average per pupil cost from the prior fiscal year by at least ten percentage points, ten per cent, (B) for the second consecutive fiscal year in which the per pupil cost of the local or regional board of education from the prior fiscal year exceeds the state average per pupil cost from the prior fiscal year by at least ten per cent, twenty per cent, (C) for the third consecutive fiscal year in which the per pupil cost of the local or regional board of education from the prior fiscal year exceeds the state average per pupil cost from the prior fiscal year by at least ten per cent, thirty per cent, (D) for the fourth consecutive fiscal year in which the per pupil cost of the local or regional board of education from the prior fiscal year exceeds the state average per pupil cost from the prior fiscal year by at least ten per cent, forty per cent, (E) for the fifth consecutive fiscal year in which the per pupil cost of the local or regional board of education from the prior fiscal year exceeds the state average per pupil

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1173 cost from the prior fiscal year by at least ten per cent, fifty per cent.

- 1174 (b) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, and each fiscal year 1175 thereafter, for any small district in which the per pupil cost of the prior 1176 fiscal year exceeds the state average per pupil cost of the prior fiscal 1177 year, there shall be an assessment equaling the product of (A) one 1178 thousand dollars for each average daily membership of the prior fiscal 1179 year, and (B) the small district percentage. Such assessment may be 1180 deducted from the aid received pursuant to section 10-262h of the 1181 general statutes, as amended by this act, or any other state education 1182 grant awarded to such small district, as prescribed by the Department 1183 of Education.
  - (c) The Department of Education shall provide, within available appropriations, funding to small districts to support efforts to examine school district consolidation.
  - (d) On or before October 1, 2016, and annually thereafter, the Commissioner of Education shall submit recommendations to incentivize small district consolidation regarding (1) the regional bonus provisions described in subdivision (19) of section 10-262f of the general statutes, as amended by this act, (2) the effect of regional districts and cooperative arrangements, as described in section 10-158a of the general statutes, on bonus provisions as they relate to state reimbursement, and (3) the minimum budget requirement, described in subsection (f) of section 10-262i of the general statutes, as amended by this act, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education.
  - Sec. 12. Subsection (b) of section 10-65 of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- 1201 (b) Each local or regional board of education not maintaining an 1202 agricultural science and technology education center shall provide 1203 opportunities for its students to enroll in one or more such centers in a

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number that is at least equal to the number specified in any written agreement with each such center or centers, or in the absence of such an agreement, a number that is at least equal to the average number of its students that the board of education enrolled in each such center or centers during the previous three school years, provided, in addition to such number, each such board of education shall provide opportunities for its students to enroll in the ninth grade in a number that is at least equal to the number specified in any written agreement with each such center or centers, or in the absence of such an agreement, a number that is at least equal to the average number of students that the board of education enrolled in the ninth grade in each such center or centers during the previous three school years. If a local or regional board of education provided opportunities for students to enroll in more than one center for the school year commencing July 1, 2007, such board of education shall continue to provide such opportunities to students in accordance with this subsection. The board of education operating an agricultural science and technology education center may charge, subject to the provisions of section 10-65b, tuition for a school year in an amount not to exceed [eighty-two and five-tenths] sixty-six and six-tenths per cent of the foundation level pursuant to subdivision (9) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, per student for the fiscal year in which the tuition is paid, except that such board may charge tuition for (1) students enrolled under sharedtime arrangements on a pro rata basis, and (2) special education students which shall not exceed the actual costs of educating such students minus the amounts received pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section and subsection (c) of this section. Any tuition paid by such board for special education students in excess of the tuition paid for non-special-education students shall be reimbursed pursuant to section 10-76g.

Sec. 13. Subsection (c) of section 10-264*l* of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

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- (c) (1) The maximum amount each interdistrict magnet school program, except those described in subparagraphs (A) to (F), inclusive, of subdivision (3) of this subsection, shall be eligible to receive per enrolled student who is not a resident of the town operating the magnet school shall be (A) six thousand sixteen dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, [and] (B) six thousand seven hundred thirty dollars for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2009, to June 30, [2013] 2012, inclusive, and (C) seven thousand four hundred forty dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter. The per pupil grant for each enrolled student who is a resident of the town operating the magnet school program shall be three thousand dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, and each fiscal year thereafter, the commissioner may, within available appropriations, provide supplemental grants for the purposes of enhancing educational programs in such interdistrict magnet schools, as the commissioner determines. Such grants shall be made after the commissioner has conducted a comprehensive financial review and approved the total operating budget for such schools, including all revenue and expenditure estimates.
- (3) (A) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraphs (C) to (F), inclusive, of this subdivision, each interdistrict magnet school operated by a regional educational service center that enrolls less than fifty-five per cent of the school's students from a single town shall receive a per pupil grant in the amount of (i) six thousand two hundred fifty dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, (ii) six thousand five hundred dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, (iii) seven thousand sixty dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, [and] (iv) seven thousand six hundred twenty dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, inclusive, and (v) eight thousand one hundred eighty dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter.

- (B) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraphs (C) to (F), inclusive, of this subdivision, each interdistrict magnet school operated by a regional educational service center that enrolls at least fifty-five per cent of the school's students from a single town shall receive a per pupil grant for each enrolled student who is not a resident of the district that enrolls at least fifty-five per cent of the school's students in the amount of (i) six thousand sixteen dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, [and] (ii) six thousand seven hundred thirty dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, [and each fiscal year thereafter] to June 30, 2012, inclusive, and (iii) seven thousand four hundred forty dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter. The per pupil grant for each enrolled student who is a resident of the district that enrolls at least fifty-five per cent of the school's students shall be three thousand dollars.
  - (C) Each interdistrict magnet school operated by a regional educational service center that began operations for the school year commencing July 1, 1998, and that for the school year commencing July 1, 2008, enrolled at least fifty-five per cent, but no more than seventy per cent of the school's students from a single town shall receive a per pupil grant for each enrolled student who is a resident of the district that enrolls at least fifty-five per cent, but no more than seventy per cent of the school's students in the amount of four thousand eight hundred ninety-four dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and four thousand two hundred sixty-three dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, and a per pupil grant for each enrolled student who is not a resident of the district that enrolls at least fifty-five per cent, but no more than seventy per cent of the school's students in the amount of six thousand seven hundred thirty dollars for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, and June 30, 2011.
    - (D) Each interdistrict magnet school operated by a regional educational service center that began operations for the school year commencing July 1, 2001, and that for the school year commencing July 1, 2008, enrolled at least fifty-five per cent, but no more than

eighty per cent of the school's students from a single town shall receive a per pupil grant for each enrolled student who is a resident of the district that enrolls at least fifty-five per cent, but no more than eighty per cent of the school's students in the amount of four thousand two hundred fifty dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and three thousand eight hundred thirty-three dollars for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2011, June 30, 2012, and June 30, 2013, and a per pupil grant for each enrolled student who is not a resident of the district that enrolls at least fifty-five per cent, but no more than eighty per cent of the school's students in the amount of six thousand seven hundred thirty dollars for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, June 30, 2011, June 30, 2012, and June 30, 2013, inclusive.

- (E) Each interdistrict magnet school operated by (i) a regional educational service center, (ii) the Board of Trustees of the Community-Technical Colleges on behalf of a regional communitytechnical college, (iii) the Board of Trustees of the Connecticut State University System on behalf of a state university, (iv) the Board of Trustees for The University of Connecticut on behalf of the university, (v) the board of governors for an independent college or university, as defined in section 10a-37, or the equivalent of such a board, on behalf of the independent college or university, (vi) cooperative arrangements pursuant to section 10-158a, and (vii) any other third-party not-forprofit corporation approved by the commissioner that enrolls less than sixty per cent of its students from Hartford pursuant to the 2008 stipulation and order for Milo Sheff, et al. v. William A. O'Neill, et al., shall receive a per pupil grant in the amount of (I) nine thousand six hundred ninety-five dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and (II) ten thousand four hundred forty-three dollars for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2011, to June 30, 2013, inclusive.
- (F) Each interdistrict magnet school operated by the Hartford school district, pursuant to the 2008 stipulation and order for Milo Sheff, et al. v. William A. O'Neill, et al., shall receive a per pupil grant for each enrolled student who is not a resident of the district in the amount of

- 1335 (i) twelve thousand dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and
- 1336 (ii) thirteen thousand fifty-four dollars for the fiscal years ending June
- 1337 30, 2011, to June 30, 2013, inclusive.
- (G) In addition to the grants described in subparagraph (F) of this subdivision, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, the commissioner may, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and the Finance Advisory Committee, established pursuant to section 4-93, provide supplemental grants to the Hartford school district of up to one thousand fifty-four dollars for each student enrolled at an interdistrict magnet school operated by the Hartford school district who is not a resident of such district.
  - (4) The amounts of the grants determined pursuant to this subsection shall be proportionately adjusted, if necessary, within available appropriations, and in no case shall any grant pursuant to this section exceed the reasonable operating budget of the interdistrict magnet school program, less revenues from other sources. Any interdistrict magnet school program operating less than full-time, but at least half-time, shall be eligible to receive a grant equal to sixty-five per cent of the grant amount determined pursuant to this subsection.
  - (5) Within available appropriations, the commissioner may make grants to the following entities that operate an interdistrict magnet school that assists the state in meeting the goals of the 2008 stipulation and order for Milo Sheff, et al. v. William A. O'Neill, et al., as determined by the commissioner and that provide academic support programs and summer school educational programs approved by the commissioner to students participating in such interdistrict magnet school program: (A) Regional educational service centers, (B) local and regional boards of education, (C) the Board of Trustees of the Community-Technical Colleges on behalf of a regional community-technical college, (D) the Board of Trustees of the Connecticut State University System on behalf of a state university, (E) the Board of Trustees for The University of Connecticut on behalf of the university,

- (F) the board of governors for an independent college or university, as defined in section 10a-37, or the equivalent of such a board, on behalf of the independent college or university, (G) cooperative arrangements pursuant to section 10-158a, and (H) any other third-party not-for-profit corporation approved by the commissioner.
- 1372 (6) Within available appropriations, the Commissioner of Education 1373 may make grants, in an amount not to exceed seventy-five thousand 1374 dollars, for start-up costs associated with the development of new 1375 interdistrict magnet school programs that assist the state in meeting 1376 the goals of the 2008 stipulation and order for Milo Sheff, et al. v. 1377 William A. O'Neill, et al., as determined by the commissioner, to the 1378 following entities that develop such a program: (A) Regional 1379 educational service centers, (B) local and regional boards of education, 1380 (C) the Board of Trustees of the Community-Technical Colleges on 1381 behalf of a regional community-technical college, (D) the Board of 1382 Trustees of the Connecticut State University System on behalf of a state 1383 university, (E) the Board of Trustees for The University of Connecticut 1384 on behalf of the university, (F) the board of governors for an independent college or university, as defined in section 10a-37, or the 1385 1386 equivalent of such a board, on behalf of the independent college or 1387 university, (G) cooperative arrangements pursuant to section 10-158a, 1388 and (H) any other third-party not-for-profit corporation approved by 1389 the commissioner.
- Sec. 14. Section 10-266p of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
  - (a) The State Board of Education shall administer a priority school district grant program to assist certain school districts to improve student achievement and enhance educational opportunities. The grant program shall include the priority school district portions of the grant programs established pursuant to sections 10-16p, 10-265f, 10-265m and 10-266t. The grant program and its component parts shall be

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1399 for school districts in (1) the eight towns in the state with the largest 1400 population, based on the most recent federal decennial census, (2) towns which rank for the first fiscal year of each biennium from one to 1402 eleven when all towns are ranked in descending order from one to one 1403 hundred sixty-nine based on the number of children under the temporary family assistance program, as defined in subdivision (17) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, plus the mastery count of the 1406 town, as defined in subdivision (13) of section 10-262f, as amended by 1407 this act, and (3) towns which rank for the first fiscal year of each biennium one to eleven when all towns are ranked in descending order 1409 from one to one hundred sixty-nine based on the ratio of the number 1410 of children under the temporary family assistance program as so defined to the resident students of such town, as defined in 1412 subdivision (22) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, plus the 1413 grant mastery percentage of the town, as defined in subdivision (12) of 1414 section 10-262f, as amended by this act. The State Board of Education 1415 shall utilize the categorical grant program established under this 1416 section and sections 10-266q and 10-266r and other educational 1417 resources of the state to work cooperatively with such school districts 1418 during any school year to improve their educational programs or to 1419 provide early childhood education or early reading intervention 1420 programs. The component parts of the grant shall be allocated 1421 according to the provisions of sections 10-16p, 10-265f, 10-265m and 1422 10-266t. Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of section 10-276a, 1423 the State Board of Education shall allocate one million dollars to each of the eight towns described in subdivision (1) of this subsection and 1425 five hundred thousand dollars to each of the towns described in 1426 subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection, except the towns described 1427 in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not receive any additional 1428 allocation if they are also described in subdivision (2) or (3) of this 1429 subsection.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, any town which received a grant pursuant to this section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, and which does not qualify for a grant

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pursuant to subsection (a) of this section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, shall receive grants for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2000, June 30, 2001, and June 30, 2002, in amounts determined in accordance with this subsection. (1) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, in an amount equal to the difference between (A) the amount of the grant such town received pursuant to this section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, and (B) an amount equal to twenty-five per cent of the difference between (i) the amount of the grant such town received pursuant to this section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, and (ii) the amount of the grants received by transitional school districts pursuant to section 10-263c. (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001, in an amount equal to the difference between (A) the amount of the grant such town received pursuant to this section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, and (B) an amount equal to fifty per cent of the difference between (i) the amount of the grant such town received pursuant to this section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, and (ii) the amount of the grants received by transitional school districts pursuant to section 10-263c. (3) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2002, in an amount equal to the difference between (A) the amount of the grant such town received pursuant to this section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, and (B) an amount equal to seventy-five per cent of the difference between (i) the amount of the grant such town received pursuant to this section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, and (ii) the amount of the grants received by transitional school districts pursuant to section 10-263c.

(c) In addition to the amount allocated pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997, and each fiscal year thereafter, the State Board of Education shall allocate (1) seven hundred fifty thousand dollars to each town which ranks from one to three, inclusive, in population pursuant to subdivision (1) of said subsection (a) and three hundred thirty-four thousand dollars to each town which ranks from four to eight, inclusive, in population pursuant to said subdivision and (2) one hundred eighty thousand dollars to each of the towns described in subdivisions (2) and (3) of said

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- subsection (a), except that the towns described in subdivision (1) of said subsection (a) shall not receive any additional allocation pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection if they are also described in subdivision (2) or (3) of said subsection (a).
- (d) In addition to the amounts allocated pursuant to subsections (a) and (c) of this section, the State Board of Education shall allocate a share, in the same proportion as the total amount allocated pursuant to said subsections, of two million five hundred thousand dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998, and three million dollars for the year ending June 30, 1999, and each fiscal year thereafter, to each of the towns receiving a grant pursuant to this section.
  - (e) In addition to the amounts allocated pursuant to subsections (a), (c) and (d) of this section, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, and each fiscal year thereafter, the State Board of Education shall allocate (1) one million five hundred thousand dollars to the town which ranks one in population pursuant to subdivision (1) of said subsection (a), (2) one million dollars to each town which ranks from two to four, inclusive, in population pursuant to said subdivision (1), (3) six hundred thousand dollars to the town which ranks five in population pursuant to said subdivision (1), (4) five hundred thousand dollars to each town which ranks from six to eight, inclusive, in population pursuant to said subdivision (1), and (5) two hundred fifty thousand dollars to each of the towns described in subdivisions (2) and (3) of said subsection (a), except that the towns described in subdivision (1) of said subsection (a) shall not receive any additional allocation pursuant to subdivision (5) of this subsection if they are also described in subdivision (2) or (3) of said subsection (a).
  - (f) In addition to the amounts allocated in subsection (a), and subsections (c) to (e), inclusive, of this section, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, the State Board of Education shall allocate two million thirty-nine thousand six hundred eighty-six dollars to the towns that rank one to three, inclusive, in population pursuant to

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subdivision (1) of said subsection (a), and for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2007, to June 30, 2013, the State Board of Education shall allocate two million six hundred ten thousand seven hundred ninetyeight dollars to the towns that rank one to three, inclusive, in population pursuant to subdivision (1) of said subsection (a).

(g) In addition to the amounts allocated in subsection (a) and subsections (c) to (f), inclusive, of this section, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, and each fiscal year thereafter, the State Board of Education shall allocate three million two hundred sixteen thousand nine hundred eight dollars as follows: Each priority school district shall receive an allocation based on the ratio of the amount it is eligible to receive pursuant to subsection (a) and subsections (c) to (f), inclusive, of this section to the total amount all priority school districts are eligible to receive pursuant to said subsection (a) and said subsections (c) to (f), inclusive. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, the State Board of Education shall allocate two million nine hundred twenty-nine thousand three hundred sixty-four dollars as follows: Each priority school district shall receive an allocation based on the ratio of the amount it is eligible to receive pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and subsections (c) to (f), inclusive, of this section to the total amount all priority school districts are eligible to receive pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and subsections (c) to (f), inclusive, of this section.

(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, and for each fiscal year thereafter, no town receiving a grant pursuant to this section shall receive a grant that is in an amount that is less than one hundred fifty dollars per pupil. For the purposes of this subsection, the amount of the grant on a per pupil basis shall be determined by dividing the total amount that a town receives for a grant under this section by the number of resident students, as defined in subdivision (22) of section 10-262f, as amended by this act, of the local or regional school district for which the town receives a grant under this section.

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- [(i) In addition to the amounts allocated in subsection (a) and subsections (c) to (h), inclusive, of this section, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, and each fiscal year thereafter, the State Board of Education shall allocate six hundred fifty thousand dollars to the town ranked sixth when all towns are ranked from highest to lowest in population, based on the most recent federal decennial census.]
- Sec. 15. Subdivision (4) of subsection (e) of section 10-76d of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
  - (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services shall provide regular education and special education and related services to eligible residents in facilities operated by the department who are eighteen to twenty-one years of age. In the case of a resident who requires special education, the department shall provide the requisite identification and evaluation of such resident in accordance with the provisions of this section. The department shall be financially responsible for the provision of educational services to eligible residents. Departments of Mental Health and Addiction Services, Children and Families and Education shall develop and implement an interagency agreement which specifies the role of each agency in ensuring the provision of appropriate education services to eligible residents in accordance with this section. The State Board of Education shall pay to the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services shall be responsible for one hundred per cent of the reasonable costs of such educational services provided to eligible residents of such facilities. Payment shall be made by the board as follows: Eighty-five per cent of the estimated cost in July and the adjusted balance in May.]
  - Sec. 16. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2012*) (a) For the school year commencing July 1, 2012, and each school year thereafter, a local or regional board of education may submit a request to the Department of Education, in a manner prescribed by the department, to use

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- student performance data from any charter school located in the school district of such local or regional board of education. Such data shall be used for the exclusive purpose of calculating the school district's performance in accordance with the state-wide performance management and support plan prepared pursuant to subsection (a) of section 10-223e of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
- (b) The State Board of Education shall issue guidelines regarding the required elements of, and the standards governing review of, any such request, including the submission requirements regarding cooperation of the sending school district with the receiving school's program or operation.
- Sec. 17. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2012*) (a) There is established a Connecticut attract the best teacher scholarship program administered by the Office of Financial and Academic Affairs for Higher Education, in consultation with the Department of Education.
  - (b) The program shall, within available appropriations, provide grants to students who demonstrate exemplary academic achievement, as evidenced by the measures which may include, but not be limited to, grade point average, scores received on examinations conducted pursuant to section 10-145f of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and a commitment to be employed by a local or regional board of education in (1) a school district identified as a priority school district pursuant to section 10-266p of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or (2) a school designated as a commissioner's network school pursuant to section 10-223e of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
  - (c) A student eligible for a grant under said program shall (1) be enrolled in a teacher education program during such student's senior year at a four-year public institution of higher education or an independent college or university, as defined in section 10a-37 of the general statutes, (2) complete the requirements of such a teacher education program as a graduate student for one year, or (3) be

- enrolled in an alternate route to certification program administered through the Office of Financial and Academic Affairs for Higher Education. No student shall receive more than one grant under said program. A grant awarded to a student shall not exceed five thousand dollars.
- 1601 (d) A student who is awarded a grant under this section, and who 1602 has an agreement for employment with a local or regional board of 1603 education for a school district identified as a priority school district 1604 pursuant to section 10-266p of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or for a school designated as a commissioner's network school 1605 1606 pursuant to section 10-223e of the general statutes, as amended by this 1607 act, upon graduation, shall be eligible for reimbursement of federal or state educational loans up to a maximum of two thousand five 1608 1609 hundred dollars per year for up to four years that such student is so 1610 employed.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (c) and (d) of this section, the combined dollar value of grants and loan reimbursements awarded pursuant to this section shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars per student.
- 1615 (f) The Office of Financial and Academic Affairs for Higher 1616 Education may use up to two per cent of the funds appropriated for 1617 purposes of this section for program administration.
- Sec. 18. Section 10-223e of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- (a) [In conformance with the No Child Left Behind Act, P.L. 107-110, the Commissioner] The Department of Education shall prepare a state-wide [education accountability] performance management and support plan, consistent with federal law and regulation. Such plan shall (1) identify [the schools and] districts in need of improvement, [require the development and implementation of improvement plans

- 1627 and utilize rewards and consequences (2) classify schools into five 1628 performance categories, to be referred to numerically pursuant to this 1629 section, of which category five represents the lowest performing schools, and (3) identify a category of schools with low performing 1630 1631 subgroups of students which shall be designated as focus schools. 1632 Criteria may include measures of student achievement and growth in 1633 aggregate student achievement or for student subgroups over time, 1634 including any period of time prior to July 1, 2012.
- 1635 [(b) Public schools identified by the State Board of Education 1636 pursuant to section 10-223b of the general statutes, revision of 1958, 1637 revised to January 1, 2001, as schools in need of improvement shall: (1) 1638 Continue to be identified as schools in need of improvement, and 1639 continue to operate under school improvement plans developed 1640 pursuant to said section 10-223b through June 30, 2004; (2) on or before 1641 February 1, 2003, be evaluated by the local board of education and 1642 determined to be making sufficient or insufficient progress; (3) if found 1643 to be making insufficient progress by a local board of education, be 1644 subject to a new remediation and organization plan developed by the local board of education; (4) continue to be eligible for available federal 1645 1646 or state aid; (5) beginning in February, 2003, be monitored by the 1647 Department of Education for adequate yearly progress, as defined in 1648 the state accountability plan prepared in accordance with subsection 1649 (a) of this section; and (6) be subject to rewards and consequences as 1650 defined in said plan.]
  - (b) (1) For those schools classified as category three schools, the department may require such schools to (A) develop and implement plans consistent with this section and federal law to elevate the school from low achieving status, and (B) be the subject of actions as defined in the state-wide performance management and support plan, described in subsection (a) of this section.
- 1657 (2) For those schools classified as category three schools, the
  1658 department may require the local or regional board of education for

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such schools to collaborate with the regional educational service center that serves the area in which such schools are located to develop plans to ensure such schools provide early education opportunities, summer school, extended school day or year programming, weekend classes, tutorial assistance to their students or professional development to their administrators, principals, teachers and paraprofessional teacher aides. In requiring any educational program authorized by this subdivision, the Commissioner of Education may limit the offering of such program to the subgroup of students that have failed to reach performance benchmarks or those in transitional or milestone grades or those who are otherwise at substantial risk of educational failure.

- (c) (1) Any [school or] school district identified as in need of improvement, [pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and requiring corrective action pursuant to the requirements of the No Child Left Behind Act, P.L. 107-110,] school classified as a category four or five school, or school designated as a focus school shall be designated and listed as [a] low achieving [school or school district] and shall be subject to intensified supervision and direction by the State Board of Education.
- (2) Notwithstanding any provision of this title or any regulation adopted pursuant to said statutes, except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, in carrying out the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the State Board of Education shall take any of the following actions to improve student performance of the school, school district, a particular school in the district or among student subgroups, and remove the school or district from the list of schools or districts designated and listed as a low achieving school or district pursuant to said subdivision (1), and to address other needs of the school or district: (A) Require an operations audit to identify possible programmatic savings and an instructional audit to identify any deficits in curriculum and instruction or in the learning environment of the school or district; (B) require the local or regional board of education for such school or district to use state and federal funds for

critical needs, as directed by the State Board of Education; (C) provide incentives to attract highly qualified teachers and principals; (D) direct the transfer and assignment of teachers and principals; (E) require additional training and technical assistance for parents and guardians of children attending the school or a school in the district and for teachers, principals, and central office staff members hired by the district; (F) require the local or regional board of education for the school or district to implement model curriculum, including, but not limited to, recommended textbooks, materials and supplies approved by the Department of Education; (G) identify schools for reconstitution, as may be phased in by the commissioner, as state or local charter schools, schools established pursuant to section 10-74g, innovation schools established pursuant to section 10-74h, or schools based on other models for school improvement, or for management by an entity other than the local or regional board of education for the district in which the school is located; (H) direct the local or regional board of education for the school or district to develop and implement a plan addressing deficits in achievement and in the learning environment as recommended in the instructional audit; (I) assign a technical assistance team to the school or district to guide school or district initiatives and report progress to the Commissioner of Education; (J) establish instructional and learning environment benchmarks for the school or district to meet as it progresses toward removal from the list of low achieving schools or districts; (K) provide funding to any proximate district to a district designated as a low achieving school district so that students in a low achieving district may attend public school in a neighboring district; (L) direct the establishment of learning academies within schools that require continuous monitoring of student performance by teacher groups; (M) require local and regional boards of education to (i) undergo training to improve their operational efficiency and effectiveness as leaders of their districts' improvement plans, and (ii) submit an annual action plan to the Commissioner of Education outlining how, when and in what manner their effectiveness shall be monitored; [or] (N) require

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- 1727 Commissioner of Education, or (ii) a special master, selected by the
- 1728 commissioner, whose authority is consistent with the provisions of
- section 138 of public act 11-61, and whose term shall be for one fiscal
- 1730 year, except that the State Board of Education may extend such period;
- or (O) any combination of the actions described in this subdivision or
- 1732 similar, closely related actions.
- 1733 (3) If a directive of the State Board of Education pursuant to
- 1734 subparagraph (C), (D), (E), (G) or (L) of subdivision (2) of this
- 1735 subsection or a directive to implement a plan pursuant to
- subparagraph (H) of said subdivision affects working conditions, only
- 1737 the impact of such directive shall be [carried out] collectively
- bargained in accordance with the provisions of sections 10-153a to 10-
- 1739 153n, inclusive.
- 1740 [(4) The Comptroller shall, pursuant to the provisions of section 10-
- 1741 262i, withhold any grant funds that a town is otherwise required to
- 1742 appropriate to a local or regional board of education due to low
- 1743 academic achievement in the school district pursuant to section 10-
- 1744 262h. Said funds shall be transferred to the Department of Education
- and shall be expended by the department on behalf of the identified
- school district. Said funds shall be used to implement the provisions of
- 1747 subdivision (2) of this subsection and to offset such other local
- 1748 education costs that the Commissioner of Education deems
- 1749 appropriate to achieve school improvements. These funds shall be
- 1750 awarded by the commissioner to the local or regional board of
- education for such identified school district upon condition that said
- 1752 funds shall be spent in accordance with the directives of the
- 1753 commissioner.
- 1754 (d) The State Board of Education shall monitor the progress of each
- 1755 school or district designated as a low achieving school or district
- pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section and provide
- notice to the local or regional board of education for each such school

or district of the school or district's progress toward meeting the benchmarks established by the State Board of Education pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. If a district fails to make acceptable progress toward meeting such benchmarks established by the State Board of Education and fails to make adequate yearly progress pursuant to the requirements of the No Child Left Behind Act, P.L. 107-110, for two consecutive years while designated as a low achieving school district, the State Board of Education, after consultation with the Governor and chief elected official or officials of the district, may (1) request that the General Assembly enact legislation authorizing that control of the district be reassigned to the State Board of Education or other authorized entity, or (2) notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 146, any special act, charter or ordinance, grant the Commissioner of Education the authority to reconstitute the local or regional board of education for such school district in accordance with the provisions of subsection (h) of this section.

(e) Any school district or elementary school after two successive years of failing to make adequate yearly progress shall be designated as a low achieving school district or school and shall be evaluated by Commissioner of Education. After such evaluation, the commissioner may require that such school district or school provide full-day kindergarten classes, summer school, extended school day, weekend classes, tutorial assistance to its students or professional development to its administrators, principals, teachers paraprofessional teacher aides if (1) on any subpart of the third grade state-wide mastery examination, thirty per cent or more of the students in any subgroup, as defined by the No Child Left Behind Act, P.L. 107-110, do not achieve the level of proficiency or higher, or (2) the commissioner determines that it would be in the best educational interests of the school or the school district to have any of these programs. In ordering any educational program authorized by this subsection, the commissioner may limit the offering of the program to the subgroup of students that have failed to achieve proficiency as determined by this subsection, those in particular grades or those who

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1792 are otherwise at substantial risk of educational failure. The costs of 1793 instituting the ordered educational programs shall be borne by the 1794 identified low achieving school district or the school district in which 1795 an identified low achieving school is located. The commissioner shall 1796 not order an educational program that costs more to implement than 1797 the total increase in the amount of the grant that a town receives 1798 pursuant to section 10-262i in any fiscal year above the prior fiscal 1799 year.

- (f) The Commissioner of Education shall conduct a study, within the limits of the capacity of the Department of Education to perform such study, of academic achievement of individual students over time as measured by performance on the state-wide mastery examination in grades three to eight, inclusive. If this study evidences a pattern of continuous and substantial growth in educational performance on said examinations for individual students, then the commissioner may determine that the school district or elementary school shall not be subject to the requirements of subsection (e) of this section, but shall still comply with the requirements of the No Child Left Behind Act, P.L. 107-110, if applicable.]
- (d) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes to the contrary, the Commissioner of Education, in accordance with the provisions of section 10-4, may take any of the following actions to improve low achieving schools:
- 1815 (1) Identify the low achieving schools classified as category four or 1816 five schools that are the lowest performing schools in the state and 1817 require highly intensive oversight, support and direction at the school 1818 level or at particular grade levels within the school, including 1819 approaches that involve phasing in grades over time, to improve 1820 student achievement to an acceptable level. For the school year 1821 commencing July 1, 2012, the commissioner shall identify such schools 1822 by July 15, 2012. For each school year thereafter, the department shall 1823 identify such schools by January first of the prior school year;

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1824	(2) De	esignate, wit	h the	approval of t	he Sta	ate B	oard o	of Education,	the
1825	, ,	o .		subdivision					
1826	commissioner's network schools;								

- (3) Assume responsibility for implementing the educational interests of the state in accordance with section 10-4 from the local or regional board of education, to the extent and in the manner the department determines necessary, to bring student achievement to an acceptable level and elevate the commissioner's network school from low achieving status;
- 1833 (4) Issue a directive detailing the extent to which the commissioner 1834 shall assume responsibility for implementing the educational interests 1835 of the state for the commissioner's network school, including a 1836 statement of the duties the commissioner will assume on behalf of the 1837 local or regional board of education. The local or regional board of 1838 education shall retain responsibility for otherwise implementing the 1839 educational interests of the state and fulfilling any other duties set 1840 forth in this title;
  - (5) Select a school turnaround model for each commissioner's network school, which shall be implemented at the school level or at particular grade levels within the school, to improve student achievement to an acceptable level and remove the school from low achieving status;
- 1846 (6) (A) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 4-98, 4-212 to 4-219, inclusive, 4a-51, 4a-57 and 10-220, require the local or regional 1847 1848 board of education for a school designated as a commissioner's 1849 network school to enter into a turnaround agreement with the department regarding all aspects of school operation and 1850 1851 management, without limitation;
- 1852 (B) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 4-98, 4-212 to 4-219, 1853 inclusive, 4a-51, 4a-57 and 10-220, operate the commissioner's network 1854 school through the department or designate any other entity to operate

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1855 <u>the commissioner's network school;</u>

- 1856 (C) If the commissioner implements the provisions of subparagraph 1857 (A) of this subdivision, the department shall enter into a turnaround 1858 agreement with the local or regional board of education. Such turnaround agreement shall include, but not be limited to, the 1859 1860 following elements: (i) The model of school turnaround to be 1861 implemented, (ii) a plan for the operation of the commissioner's 1862 network school and the monitoring and oversight of such school by the 1863 department, (iii) annual measurable benchmarks for progress toward 1864 the goal of removing the school from low achieving status, and (iv) 1865 other provisions required by the model of school turnaround or identified by the department. Such turnaround agreement shall be 1866 1867 executed not later than one hundred twenty days from the date the 1868 school is designated as a commissioner's network school, except that 1869 for schools identified as commissioner network schools for the school 1870 year commencing July 1, 2012, the turnaround agreement shall be 1871 executed by August 1, 2012. If the local or regional board of education 1872 and department cannot agree on the terms of the turnaround agreement during the negotiation period, the commissioner may 1873 1874 implement the provisions of subparagraph (B) of this subdivision;
- 1875 (7) Require the implementation of specific operating and working conditions in a commissioner's network school;
- 1877 <u>(8) Publish a list of school turnaround models that may be</u> 1878 implemented in commissioner's network schools;
- 1879 (9) Employ teachers and administrators in commissioner's network 1880 schools subject to the following conditions:
- (A) The commissioner shall develop criteria to identify exemplary teachers and administrators, based on performance evaluations conducted pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act, and other available measures, and provide incentives, including, but not limited to, financial incentives and enhanced career ladder and career

- advancement opportunities to encourage such teachers and administrators to work and excel in commissioner's network schools.
- 1888 (B) Any teacher or administrator assigned to a school prior to its 1889 designation as a commissioner's network school (i) may apply for a 1890 position in such school after such school has been designated as a 1891 commissioner's network school, and (ii) if electing not to apply for or if 1892 not selected for a position in the commissioner's network school, shall 1893 be assigned or transferred to an available position at another school 1894 under the jurisdiction of the local or regional board of education for which such teacher or administrator is assigned, which may include 1895 special teaching positions that provide coverage for teachers 1896 1897 participating in professional development and other related activities 1898 in accordance with subparagraph (F) of this subdivision, based on 1899 consideration of performance evaluations, employment qualifications, 1900 special skills or expertise and the needs of the school district, provided 1901 any such assignment or transfer shall not be on the basis of seniority or 1902 tenure, unless all considerations are otherwise equal.
  - (C) No teacher or administrator shall be employed in a commissioner's network school without the mutual consent of the teacher or administrator and the department, or its designee as identified pursuant to subparagraph (B) of subdivision (6) of this subsection, regardless of the seniority or tenure status of the teacher or administrator or any agreement to the contrary.
  - (D) When selecting applicants for positions in a commissioner's network school, the department, or its designee as identified pursuant to subparagraph (B) of subdivision (6) of this subsection, shall give priority to candidates who are employed in the local or regional board of education in which the commissioner's network school is located and who are determined to be qualified by the department, or its designee, for a position in the school.
- 1916 <u>(E) Any teacher or administrator selected to work in a</u> 1917 <u>commissioner's network school shall (i) be considered an employee of</u>

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the local or regional board of education in which the commissioner's network school is located during the period in which such teacher or administrator is assigned to such commissioner's network school, (ii) be assigned to such commissioner's network school for a term of two years, which may be renewed only by mutual consent, (iii) be entitled to a leave of absence without pay from the local or regional board of education in which such teacher or administrator was employed immediately prior to the assignment in the commissioner's network school, so that such teacher or administrator may be assigned to a commissioner's network school, provided, at any time after the completion of such teacher's or administrator's assignment in the commissioner's network school, such teacher or administrator may return to the position in which such teacher or administrator was previously employed, or a comparable position, and such leave of absence shall not be deemed to be an interruption of service for purposes of seniority, teachers' retirement credit or attaining tenure, (iv) be compensated and entitled to benefits and leave under the provisions of the collective bargaining agreement between the exclusive bargaining unit for teachers pursuant to section 10-153b and the local or regional board of education for the school district in which the commissioner's network school is located, (v) be eligible to receive incentives, established by the department pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, during the period in which the teacher or administrator is assigned to the commissioner's network school, provided the provision and receipt of such incentives shall not be subject to collective bargaining, in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (F) of this subdivision, and (vi) be permitted to use total compensation, including the salary and any financial incentives received pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, in calculating the average annual salary, pursuant to section 10-183b, as amended by this act, for such teacher or administrator.

(F) The provisions of sections 10-153a to 10-153n, inclusive, shall not apply to any teacher or administrator who is assigned to a commissioner's network school, except (i) that such teacher or

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administrator shall, for the purposes of ratification of an agreement only, be permitted to vote as a member of the teacher or administrator bargaining unit, as appropriate, for the local or regional board of education in which the commissioner's network school is located, and (ii) insofar as any such provisions protect any entitlement of such teacher or administrator to benefits or leave accumulated or accrued prior to the teacher or administrator being employed in a commissioner's network school. The provision of any financial or other incentives, including, but not limited to, compensation or the availability of professional coverage positions, shall not be subject to collective bargaining pursuant to sections 10-153a to 10-153n, inclusive. A committee comprised of three representatives from the department, appointed by the commissioner, and one member from (I) the Connecticut Education Association, (II) the American Federation of Teachers-Connecticut, and (III) the Connecticut Federation of School Administrators shall advise the department on the development and implementation of incentives for teachers and administrators assigned to commissioner's network schools or any professional coverage positions for teachers and administrators who do not apply for or are not selected to work in commissioner's network schools;

(10) The amount of local funding, operational support and resources for any commissioner's network school during any fiscal year shall not be less than the prior fiscal year and shall proportionally reflect any increase in funding for the local or regional board of education over the prior fiscal year. The department shall conduct an audit of the local or regional board of education to ensure that such board is in compliance with the provisions of this subdivision. If the department determines that a local or regional board of education is in violation of the provisions of this subdivision, the department shall notify such board of such violation and provide such board an opportunity to comply. If such board fails to comply after such notice and opportunity, the Commissioner of Education may withhold from such board's town or towns a sum payable under section 10-262i, as amended by this act, in the amount necessary to comply with this

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subdivision and shall ensure that such funds are used to provide funding, support or resources to the commissioner's network school;

- (11) Annually evaluate the commissioner's network school to determine whether such school has made acceptable progress towards bringing student achievement to acceptable levels, as determined by the department, and removing such school from low achieving status. If the commissioner determines that the school has not made acceptable progress or the model of school turnaround is not successful, the commissioner may order (A) any action necessary to ensure compliance with or specific performance of a turnaround agreement be taken, (B) the school be phased out of operation, (C) the operation of the school be assigned to a new entity or the department, (D) any turnaround agreement be revised in accordance with the commissioner's directives, or (E) any combination of such orders;
- (12) Commissioner's network schools shall remain in the commissioner's network for a minimum of three years. After the third year, the commissioner's evaluation, conducted pursuant to subdivision (11) of this subsection, shall determine whether such school is prepared to exit the commissioner's network. In determining whether a school should exit the commissioner's network, the commissioner shall consider whether the local or regional board of education has the capacity to ensure that the school will maintain or improve its performance. If the commissioner determines that the school is ready to exit the commissioner's network, the local or regional board of education in which the commissioner's network school is located shall develop, in consultation with the department, a plan, subject to the approval by the commissioner, for the transition of the school back to full control by the local or regional board of education;
  - (13) Waive any rule adopted by said board that inhibits or hinders the ability of the department, or its designee as identified pursuant to subparagraph (B) of subdivision (6) of this subsection, to effectively

- 2018 implement the provisions of this subsection in a commissioner's 2019 network school.
- 2020 (e) (1) The State Board of Education shall administer the 2021 commissioner's network of schools and supplement the capacity of 2022 local and regional boards of education to implement effective school
- 2023 and district reform.
- 2024 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes to the 2025 contrary, funds shall be provided to commissioner's network schools 2026 (A) to assist with the implementation of turnaround models, (B) for operational costs of such schools, and (C) for additional compensation 2027 2028 and other financial incentives for teachers and administrators assigned 2029 to a commissioner's network school.
- 2030 (f) The Department of Education shall develop a comprehensive 2031 plan to encourage exemplary teachers and administrators, as identified 2032 by performance evaluations, conducted pursuant to section 10-151b, as 2033 amended by this act, and other measures, to work in the state's lowest 2034 performing schools and school districts and enhance the education 2035 profession's career ladder in such schools. Said plan shall be approved 2036 by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall provide funding to develop and implement said plan and shall adopt 2037 2038 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, or issue 2039 orders, as appropriate, to ensure that the plan is implemented. Said 2040 plan shall:
- 2041 (1) Encourage individuals to pursue and maintain careers in 2042 education in such schools and school districts;
- 2043 (2) Identify professional and financial incentives, including, but not 2044 limited to, salary increases, signing bonuses, stipends, housing 2045 subsidies and housing opportunities that will encourage exemplary 2046 teachers and administrators to work in and remain in such schools and 2047 school districts; and

2048 (3) Expand the capacity of nonprofit and private organizations 2049 currently working in the state to stimulate teacher and administrator 2050 leadership and career advancement opportunities in such schools and 2051 school districts, and enable other such organizations to do the same.

- (g) (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (C) of this subdivision, on and after July 1, 2010, the local or regional board of education for a school that has been identified as in need of improvement pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may establish, in accordance with the provisions of this subsection, a school governance council for each school so identified.
  - (B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C) of this subdivision, on and after July 1, 2010, the local or regional board of education for a school that has been designated as a low achieving school, pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section, due to such school failing to make adequate yearly progress in mathematics and reading at the whole school level shall establish, in accordance with the provisions of this subsection, a school governance council for each school so designated.
  - (C) The provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this subdivision shall not apply to a school described in said subparagraphs if (i) such school consists of a single grade level, or (ii) such school is under the jurisdiction of a local or regional board of education that has adopted a similar school governance council model on or before July 1, 2011, that consists of parents, teachers from each grade level or subject area, administrators and paraprofessionals and such school governance council model is being administered at such school at the time such school is so identified as in need of improvement or so designated as a low achieving school.
  - (2) (A) The school governance council for high schools shall consist of (i) seven members who shall be parents or guardians of students attending the school, (ii) two members who shall be community leaders within the school district, (iii) five members who shall be

teachers at the school, (iv) one nonvoting member who is the principal of the school, or his or her designee, and (v) two nonvoting student members who shall be students at the school. The parent or guardian members shall be elected by the parents or guardians of students attending the school, provided, for purposes of the election, each household with a student attending the school shall have one vote. The community leader members shall be elected by the parent or guardian members and teacher members of the school governance council. The teacher members shall be elected by the teachers of the school. The nonvoting student members shall be elected by the student body of the school.

- (B) The school governance council for elementary and middle schools shall consist of (i) seven members who shall be parents or guardians of students attending the school, (ii) two members who shall be community leaders within the school district, (iii) five members who shall be teachers at the school, and (iv) one nonvoting member who is the principal of the school, or his or her designee. The parent or guardian members shall be elected by the parents or guardians of students attending the school, provided, for purposes of the election, each household with a student attending the school shall have one vote. The community leader members shall be elected by the parent or guardian members and teacher members of the school governance council. The teacher members shall be elected by the teachers of the school.
- (C) Terms of voting members elected pursuant to this subdivision shall be for two years and no members shall serve more than two terms on the council. The nonvoting student members shall serve one year and no student member shall serve more than two terms on the council.
- (D) (i) Except for those schools described in subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, schools that have been designated as a low achieving school pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of

- this section due to such school failing to make adequate yearly progress in mathematics and reading at the whole school level prior to July 1, 2010, and are among the lowest five per cent of schools in the state based on achievement shall establish a school governance council for the school not later than January 15, 2011.
  - (ii) Except for those schools described in subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, schools that have been designated as a low achieving school, pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section, due to such school failing to make adequate yearly progress in mathematics and reading at the whole school level prior to July 1, 2010, but are not among the lowest five per cent of schools in the state based on achievement, shall establish a school governance council for the school not later than November 1, 2011.
  - (3) The school governance council shall have the following responsibilities: (A) Analyzing school achievement data and school needs relative to the improvement plan for the school prepared pursuant to this section; (B) reviewing the fiscal objectives of the draft budget for the school and providing advice to the principal of the school before such school's budget is submitted to the superintendent of schools for the district; (C) participating in the hiring process of the school principal or other administrators of the school by conducting interviews of candidates and reporting on such interviews to the superintendent of schools for the school district and the local and regional board of education; (D) assisting the principal of the school in making programmatic and operational changes for improving the school's achievement, including program changes, adjusting school hours and days of operation, and enrollment goals for the school; (E) working with the school administration to develop and approve a school compact for parents, legal guardians and students that includes an outline of the criteria and responsibilities for enrollment and school membership consistent with the school's goals and academic focus, and the ways that parents and school personnel can build a partnership to improve student learning; (F) developing and

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approving a written parent involvement policy that outlines the role of parents and legal guardians in the school; (G) utilizing records relating to information about parents and guardians of students maintained by the local or regional board of education for the sole purpose of the election described in subdivision (2) of this subsection. Such information shall be confidential and shall only be disclosed as provided in this subparagraph and shall not be further disclosed; and (H) if the council determines it necessary and subject to the provisions of subdivision (8) of this subsection recommending reconstitution of the school in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (6) of this subsection.

- (4) The school governance council or a similar school governance council model, described in subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, at a school that has been identified as in need of improvement pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may: (A) In those schools that require an improvement plan, review the annual draft report detailing the goals set forth in the state accountability plan prepared in accordance with subsection (a) of this section and provide advice to the principal of the school prior to submission of the report to the superintendent of schools; (B) in those schools where an improvement plan becomes required pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, assist the principal of the school in developing such plan prior to its submission to the superintendent of schools; (C) work with the principal of the school to develop, conduct and report the results of an annual survey of parents, guardians and teachers on issues related to the school climate and conditions; and (D) provide advice on any other major policy matters affecting the school to the principal of the school, except on any matters relating to provisions of any collective bargaining agreement between the exclusive bargaining unit for teachers pursuant to section 10-153b and local or regional boards of education.
- 2176 (5) The local or regional board of education shall provide 2177 appropriate training and instruction to members of the school

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governance council or a similar school governance council model, described in subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, at a school that has been identified as in need of improvement pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to aid them in the execution of their duties.

(6) (A) The school governance council or a similar school governance council model, described in subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, at a school that has been designated as a low achieving school, pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section may, by an affirmative vote of the council, recommend the reconstitution of the school into one of the following models: (i) The turnaround model, as described in the Federal Register of December 10, 2009; (ii) the restart model, as described in the Federal Register of December 10, 2009; (iii) the transformation model, as described in the Federal Register of December 10, 2009; (iv) any other model that may be developed by federal law; (v) a CommPACT school, pursuant to section 10-74g; or (vi) an innovation school, pursuant to section 10-74h. Not later than ten days after the school governance council informs the local or regional board of education of its recommendation for the school, such board shall hold a public hearing to discuss such vote of the school governance council and shall, at the next regularly scheduled meeting of such board or ten days after such public hearing, whichever is later, conduct a vote to accept the model recommended by the school governance council, select an alternative model described in this subdivision or maintain the current school status. If the board selects an alternative model, the board shall meet with such school governance council to discuss an agreement on which alternative to adopt not later than ten days after such vote of the board. If no such agreement can be achieved, not later than forty-five days after the last such meeting between the board and the school governance council, the Commissioner of Education shall decide which of the alternatives to implement. If the board votes to maintain the current school status, not later than forty-five days after such vote of the board, the Commissioner of Education shall decide

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whether to implement the model recommended by the school governance council or to maintain the current school status. If the final decision pursuant to this subdivision is adoption of a model, the local or regional board of education shall implement such model during the subsequent school year in conformance with the general statutes and applicable regulations, and the provisions specified in federal regulations and guidelines for schools subject to restructuring pursuant to Section 1116(b)(8) of the No Child Left Behind Act, P.L. 107-110 or any other applicable federal laws or regulations.

- 2220 107-110 or any other applicable federal laws or regulations.
  - (B) Any school governance council for a school or any similar school governance council model, described in subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, at a school that has been identified as in need of improvement pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may recommend reconstitution, pursuant to subparagraph (H) of subdivision (3) of this subsection, during the third year after such school governance council or such similar school governance council model was established if the school for such governance council has not reconstituted as a result of receiving a school improvement grant pursuant to Section 1003(g) of Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 20 USC 6301 et seq., or such reconstitution was initiated by a source other than the school governance council.
  - (7) A school governance council or any similar school governance council model, described in subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, at a school that has been identified as in need of improvement pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be considered a component of parental involvement for purposes of federal funding pursuant to Section 1118 of the No Child Left Behind Act, P.L. 107-110.
  - (8) The Department of Education shall allow not more than twentyfive schools per school year to reconstitute pursuant to this subsection. The department shall notify school districts and school governance councils when this limit has been reached. For purposes of this

subdivision, a reconstitution shall be counted towards this limit upon receipt by the department of notification of a final decision regarding reconstitution by the local or regional board of education.

(h) The State Board of Education may authorize the Commissioner of Education to reconstitute, [a] for a period of time specified by the State Board of Education, a low achieving local or regional board of education [pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (d) of this section for a period of not more than five years. The board shall not grant such authority to the commissioner unless the board has required the local or regional board of education to complete the training described in subparagraph (M) of subdivision (2) of subsection (c) of this section.] which the State Board of Education determines has failed to sufficiently improve student achievement despite intensive supervision and direction provided pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. Any such action taken on or after July 1, 2010, shall be valid notwithstanding any prior requirement for training for members of a local or regional board before such reconstitution is authorized. Upon such authorization by the board, the commissioner shall terminate the existing local or regional board of education and appoint the members of a new local or regional board of education for the school district. Such appointed members may include members of the board of education that was terminated. The terms of the members of the new board of education shall be three years. The Department of Education shall offer training to the members of the new board of education. The new board of education shall annually report to the commissioner regarding the district's progress toward meeting the benchmarks established by the State Board of Education pursuant to subsection (c) of this section and making [adequate yearly] sufficient progress towards removal of the school district from low achieving status, as defined in the state accountability plan prepared in accordance with subsection (a) of this section. If the district fails to show adequate improvement, as determined by the State Board of Education, after three years, the commissioner may reappoint the members of the new board of education or appoint new members to such board of

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Sec. 19. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2012*) On or before March 31, 2013, the State Board of Education shall develop or adopt an assessment of college readiness to be administered to students in grade eleven and a plan of support for students in grade twelve who are found to be not ready for college as a result of such assessment.

Sec. 20. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2012) (a) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, the Commissioner of Education shall establish, within available appropriations, a competitive cost-sharing grant to local and regional boards of education, municipalities and not-for-profit organizations that are exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time amended, for a program to provide training and assistance on the college application process to encourage students to apply to, enroll in and graduate from college. Such program shall provide students with the federal student aid application and applications to colleges and universities, and shall cover the cost of any fee associated with the application to a college or university. Applications for grant funds pursuant to this section shall be on a form approved by the commissioner and shall be submitted not later than June first of the fiscal year immediately prior to the fiscal year in which such grant shall be paid.

(b) In order to qualify for funding pursuant to this section, local and regional boards of education, municipalities and not-for-profit organizations that are exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time amended, shall agree to provide matching funds equal to the amount of the grant award. Such matching contributions may include money from public or private sources. Public contributions may be made by the municipality in which the board of education or not-for-profit

- organization is located though grant funds received pursuant to section 10-262h of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
- 2312 (c) Any grant funds in excess of the costs of program operation may 2313 be used to offset college application fees for students who demonstrate 2314 a need for assistance, not to exceed twenty-five per cent of the grant.
- Sec. 21. (NEW) (*Effective July 1*, 2012) (a) The Department of Education shall, within available appropriations, establish a pilot grant program for the school year commencing July 1, 2012, for those local or regional boards of education operating an innovation school, established pursuant to section 10-74h of the general statutes, to assist the state in meeting the goals of the 2008 stipulation and order for Milo Sheff, et al. v. William A. O'Neill, et al.
  - (b) Applications for innovation school grants awarded pursuant to this section shall be submitted annually to the Commissioner of Education at such time and in such manner as the commissioner prescribes. In determining whether an application shall be approved and funds awarded pursuant to this section, the commissioner shall consider, but such consideration shall not be limited to: (1) Whether the program provides a reduced racial isolation educational program, (2) whether the program offered by the school is likely to increase student achievement, (3) whether the program offered by the school is unique and will not adversely impact enrollment in a program already offered by an existing interdistrict magnet school, regional vocational-technical school, or regional agricultural science and technology education center in the region, and (4) the proposed operating budget and the sources of funding for the innovation school.
  - (c) (1) Each local or regional board of education operating an innovation school to assist the state in meeting the goals of the 2008 stipulation and order for Milo Sheff, et al. v. William A. O'Neill, et al., shall be eligible for a per pupil grant as follows: (A) An innovation school outside of Hartford that enrolls at least twenty-five per cent of its students from Hartford shall be eligible to receive a per pupil grant

- of four thousand dollars for each Hartford resident student enrolled in the school, and (B) an innovation school operated in Hartford that enrolls at least twenty-five per cent nonminority students shall be eligible to receive a per pupil grant of four thousand dollars for each out-of-district student enrolled in the school.
  - (2) The local or regional board of education operating an innovation school pursuant to this subsection shall allow out-of-district students enrolled in such school to continue to attend school in such district until they graduate from high school, pursuant to section 10-266aa of the general statutes, as amended by this act, regardless of what grades are offered at the innovation school.
    - (d) In the case of an out-of-district student who requires special education and related services, the sending district shall pay the receiving district an amount equal to the difference between the reasonable cost of providing such special education and related services to such student and the amount received by the receiving district pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. The sending district shall be eligible for reimbursement pursuant to section 10-76g of the general statutes.
    - (e) The commissioner may, within available appropriations, provide operating grants for the purposes of enhancing educational programs in such innovation schools, in an amount up to two hundred fifty thousand dollars in a fiscal year.
    - (f) A local or regional board of education operating an innovation school that enrolls at least twenty-five per cent of its students from Hartford, or a Hartford innovation school that enrolls at least twenty-five per cent nonminority students, to assist the state in meeting the goals of the 2008 stipulation and order for Milo Sheff, et al. v. William A. O'Neill, et al., may be eligible for reimbursement pursuant to section 10-285a of the general statutes and the percentage determined for this section shall be increased by twenty percentage points, but shall not exceed ninety-five per cent for the reasonable costs of any

- capital expenditure for the renovation, alteration or expansion of the school facilities for programmatic purposes, including any expenditure for the purchase of equipment. To be eligible for reimbursement under this subsection, the project shall meet the requirements for a school building project established in chapter 173 of the general statutes.
- Sec. 22. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2012*) The Commissioner of Education may provide, within available appropriations, grants for technical assistance and regional cooperation to support any local or regional boards of education that develops a plan to implement significant cost-saving strategies while simultaneously maintaining or improving the quality of education in the district.
- Sec. 23. Subsection (g) of section 10-266aa of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
  - (g) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the Department of Education shall provide, within available appropriations, an annual grant to the local or regional board of education for each receiving district in an amount not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars for each out-of-district student who attends school in the receiving district under the program.
  - (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, [2012] 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, the department shall provide, within available appropriations, an annual grant to the local or regional board of education for each receiving district [in an amount equal to (A) three] if one of the following conditions are met (A) Three thousand dollars for each out-of-district student who attends school in the receiving district under the program if the number of such out-of-district students is less than two per cent of the total student population of such receiving district, (B) four thousand dollars for each out-of-district student who attends school in the receiving district under the program if the number of such out-of-district students is greater than or equal to two per cent but less than three per cent of the total student

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- 2406 population of such receiving district, [and] (C) six thousand dollars for 2407 each out-of-district student who attends school in the receiving district 2408 under the program if the number of such out-of-district students is greater than or equal to three per cent of the total student population 2409 2410 of such receiving district, or (D) six thousand dollars for each out-ofdistrict student who attends school in the receiving district under the 2411 2412 program if the Commissioner of Education determines that the 2413 receiving district has an enrollment of greater than four thousand 2414 students and has increased the number of students in the program by 2415 at least fifty per cent on October 1, 2012.
- (3) Each town which receives funds pursuant to this subsection shall make such funds available to its local or regional board of education in supplement to any other local appropriation, other state or federal grant or other revenue to which the local or regional board of education is entitled.
- 2421 Sec. 24. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2012) (a) The Department of 2422 Education shall create a program known as the Connecticut School 2423 Leadership Academy to provide educational management and 2424 professional development programming to school leaders who are 2425 certified teachers or administrators of teachers or administrators in an 2426 alternative route to certification program. Participation in the 2427 Connecticut School Leadership Academy shall be by application, 2428 submitted in a form and manner prescribed by the department, for 2429 school leaders from schools or school districts designated as low 2430 achieving schools or school districts.
  - (b) The Department of Education shall, within available appropriations, provide grants to the Connecticut School Leadership Academy. The Connecticut School Leadership Academy may charge tuition to local or regional boards of education or any individual participating in the program pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.
- Sec. 25. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2012*) The Department of Education may provide exemplary schools with rewards which may, at the

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- commissioner's discretion, include public recognition, financial awards, and enhanced autonomy or operational flexibility. The department, or its designee as identified pursuant to subparagraph (B) of subdivision (6) of subsection (d) of section 10-223e of the general statutes, as amended by this act, may accept private donations for the purpose of this section.
- Sec. 26. Section 10-1440 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- As used in sections 10-145 to 10-158a, inclusive:
- 2447 (1) "Equivalent" means qualifications reasonably comparable to 2448 those specifically listed as required for certification;
- 2449 (2) "Initial educator certificate" means a license to teach issued on or 2450 after July 1, [1989] 2013, to a person who has successfully met the 2451 preparation and eligibility requirements specified by the State Board of 2452 Education for entrance into a beginning educator program. Such 2453 certificate shall expire after five years serving in a public school or 2454 private special education facility and may be extended for up to three 2455 years, on an annual basis, by application to the State Board of 2456 Education in order to meet the requirements for the professional 2457 educator certificate. The State Board of Education shall renew such 2458 certificate if such person is not serving in a public school or private 2459 special education facility during such period;
  - (3) "Beginning educator program" means the support and standards program established by the State Board of Education for holders of initial educator certificates. The program shall be designed to improve the quality of the first school years of teaching and to determine whether holders of initial educator certificates have achieved the level of competency, as defined by said board, to entitle them to [provisional] <u>professional</u> educator certificates;
- [(4) "Provisional teaching certificate" or "provisional certificate"

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means a license to teach during the provisional certification period, issued prior to July 1, 1989, to a person who meets in full the preparation requirements of the State Board of Education;

- (5) "Provisional educator certificate" means a license to teach, issued on or after July 1, 1989, to a person who (A) has successfully completed a beginning educator program, if there is such a program for such person's certification endorsement area, and not less than one school year of successful teaching in a public school, (B) has completed at least three years of successful teaching in a public or nonpublic school approved by the State Board of Education or appropriate governing body in another state within ten years prior to application for such provisional educator certificate or (C) has successfully taught with a provisional teaching certificate for the year immediately preceding application for such provisional educator certificate as an employee of a local or regional board of education or facility approved for special education by the State Board of Education;
- (6) "Standard teaching certificate" or "standard certificate" means a license to teach issued prior to July 1, 1989, to one who has successfully completed no less than three school years of satisfactory teaching experience and fulfilled other requirements while holding a provisional certificate or its equivalent;]
- [(7)] (4) "Professional educator certificate" means a license to teach issued on or after July 1, [1989] 2013, initially to a person who has (A) successfully completed a beginning educator program, if there is such a program for such person's certification endorsement area, (B) attained tenure, as defined in section 10-151, as amended by this act, and (C) completed not less than three school years of teaching in a public school, private special education facility approved by the State Board of Education or nonpublic school approved by the State Board of Education while holding [a provisional educator or provisional teaching] an initial educator certificate. [and has successfully completed not fewer than thirty semester hours of credit beyond a

bachelor's degree.] Said certificate shall be continued every five years after issuance upon [the successful completion of continuing education, in accordance with subsection (i) of section 10-145b, during each successive five-year period. The successful completion of continuing education units shall only be required for certified employees of local and regional boards of education] written attestation by (i) the superintendent of schools, or the superintendent's designee, in whose school district such person is employed, (ii) in the case of a private special education facility, from the supervisory agent of such person that such person has been determined effective by receiving not less than three proficient or exemplary evaluations, or any combination thereof, through the teacher evaluation system approved in accordance with subsection (a) of section 10-151b, as amended by this act, or (iii) in the case of a nonpublic school, the equivalent of not less than three proficient or exemplary evaluations, or any combination thereof, as determined by the Department of Education, during the preceding five-year period. If such person has fewer than three proficient or exemplary evaluations during the preceding five-year period, said certificate shall be renewed by the department if such person has successfully completed thirty or more semester hours of graduate credit beyond a bachelor's degree in an evaluation-informed course of study from a program approved by the State Board of Education and the superintendent of schools, or the superintendent's designee, in whose school district such person is employed provides a written explanation to the department of extenuating circumstances justifying continuation of the certificate. If such person cannot provide such written explanation from the superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, the State Board of Education shall issue an initial educator certificate;

[(8) "Temporary ninety-day certificate" means a license to teach issued on or after July 1, 1988, to a person upon the request of a local or regional board of education pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-145b. Each such certificate may be reissued once upon the request of a local or regional board of education during the 1988-1989 school year

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- and upon reissuance shall be effective until July 1, 1989. Any provision for the reissuance of such certificate after said school year shall be pursuant to regulations adopted by the State Board of Education;
- 2537 (5) "Master educator certificate" means a license to teach issued on 2538 or after July 1, 2013, to a person who (A) has attained tenure, pursuant 2539 to section 10-151, as amended by this act, (B) has completed not less 2540 than five years of teaching in a public school or private special 2541 education facility approved by the State Board of Education, (C) holds 2542 a master's degree in an evaluation-informed course of study from a 2543 program approved by the State Board of Education or from a college 2544 or university accredited by the Board of Regents for Higher Education 2545 or the State Board of Education or regionally accredited, and (D) has 2546 not less than three exemplary evaluations in the preceding five years 2547 through a teacher evaluation program pursuant to section 10-151b, as 2548 amended by this act. Said certificate shall be renewed every five years 2549 after issuance upon the demonstration that such person has received 2550 not less than three exemplary evaluations during the period such 2551 person has held such master educator certificate;
- 2552 [(9)] (6) "One year" means one school year.
- Sec. 27. Subsection (e) of section 10-145a of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- (e) On and after July 1, [1998] <u>2013</u>, any candidate in a program of teacher preparation leading to professional certification shall <u>be</u> encouraged to complete a computer and other information technology skills component of such program, as applied to student learning and classroom instruction, communications and data management.
- Sec. 28. Section 10-145b of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

(a) [The] Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this section, the State Board of Education, upon receipt of a proper application, shall issue an initial educator certificate to any person who has graduated (1) from a four-year baccalaureate program or a master's program of teacher education as approved by [said state board the State Board of Education, or (2) from a four-year baccalaureate program or master's program approved by [said state board the State Board of Education or from a college or university accredited by the [board of regents] Board of Regents for Higher Education or the State Board of Education or regionally accredited, provided such person has taken such teacher training equivalents as the State Board of Education shall require and, unless such equivalents are taken at institutions outside of this state, as the [board of regents] Board of Regents for Higher Education or the State Board of Education shall accredit. In addition, on and after July 1, 1993, each applicant shall have completed a subject area major as defined by the State Board of Education, except as provided in section 10-145l. Each such initial educator certificate shall be valid for [three] five years, and may be extended for up to three years, on an annual basis, by application to the State Board of Education, in order to meet the requirements for the professional educator certificate, except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, [and may be extended by the Commissioner of Education for an additional year] for good cause upon the request of the superintendent in whose school district such person is employed or upon the request of the assessment team reviewing such person's performance. The State Board of Education shall renew such certificate if such person is not serving in a public school or private special education facility during such period.

(b) During the period of employment in a public school, a person holding an initial educator certificate shall (1) be under the supervision of the superintendent of schools or of a principal, administrator or supervisor designated by such superintendent who shall regularly observe, guide and evaluate the performance of assigned duties by such holder of an initial certificate, and (2) participate in a beginning

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2598 educator program if there is such a program for such person's certification endorsement area.

- (c) (1) [The] If an applicant does not satisfy the requirements described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the State Board of Education [, upon request of a local or regional board of education,] shall issue [a temporary ninety-day] an initial educator certificate to any applicant in the certification endorsement areas of elementary education, middle grades education, secondary academic subjects, special subjects or fields, special education, early childhood education and administration and supervision when the following conditions are met:
- [(A) The employing agent of a board of education makes a written request for the issuance of such certificate and attests to the existence of a special plan for supervision of temporary ninety-day certificate holders;]
  - [(B)] (A) The applicant meets the following requirements, except as otherwise provided in subparagraph [(C)] (B) of this subdivision:
- 2615 (i) Holds a bachelor's degree from an institution of higher education 2616 accredited by the Board of Regents for Higher Education, the State 2617 Board of Education or regionally accredited with a major either in or 2618 closely related to the certification endorsement area in which [the 2619 requesting board of education is placing the applicant such applicant 2620 will be placed or, in the case of secondary or special subject or field 2621 endorsement area, possesses at least the minimum total number of 2622 semester hours of credit required for the content area, except as 2623 provided in section 10-145*l*;
- 2624 (ii) Has met the requirements pursuant to subsection (b) of section 2625 10-145f, as amended by this act;
- 2626 (iii) Presents a written application on such forms as the 2627 Commissioner of Education shall prescribe;

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- (iv) Has successfully completed an alternate route to certification program provided by the Board of Regents for Higher Education or public or independent institutions of higher education, regional educational service centers or private teacher or administrator training organizations and approved by the State Board of Education;
- (v) Possesses an undergraduate college overall grade point average of at least ["B"] <u>"B plus"</u> or, if the applicant has completed at least twenty-four hours of graduate credit, possesses a graduate grade point average of at least ["B"] <u>"B plus"</u>; and
- 2637 (vi) Presents supporting evidence of appropriate experience 2638 working with children; and
- [(C)] (B) The Commissioner of Education may waive the requirements of subparagraphs [(B)(v) or (B)(vi)] (A)(v) or (A)(vi), or both, of this subdivision upon a showing of good cause.
  - [(2) A person serving under a temporary ninety-day certificate shall participate in a beginning support and assessment program pursuant to section 10-220a which is specifically designed by the state Department of Education for holders of temporary ninety-day certificates.
  - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section to the contrary, on and after July 1, 1989, the State Board of Education, upon receipt of a proper application, shall issue an initial educator certificate, which shall be valid for three years, to any person who has taught successfully while holding a temporary ninety-day certificate and meets the requirements pursuant to regulations adopted pursuant to section 10-145d.]
  - (d) In order to be eligible to obtain [a provisional teaching certificate, a provisional educator certificate or] an initial educator certificate, each person shall be required to complete a course of study in special education [comprised of not fewer than thirty-six hours,]

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which shall include an understanding of the growth and development of exceptional children, including handicapped and gifted and talented children and children who may require special education, and methods for identifying, planning for and working effectively with special needs children in a regular classroom. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection to the contrary, each applicant for such certificates who has met all requirements for certification except the completion of the course in special education shall be entitled to a certificate (1) for a period not to exceed one year, provided the applicant completed a teacher preparation program either in the state prior to July 1, 1987, or outside the state, or completed the necessary combination of professional experience or coursework as required by the State Board of Education or (2) for a period not to exceed two years if the applicant applies for certification in an area for which a bachelor's degree is not required.

[(e) On and after July 1, 1989, the State Board of Education, upon receipt of a proper application, shall issue a provisional educator certificate to any person who (1) has successfully completed a beginning educator program and one school year of successful teaching as attested to by the superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, in whose local or regional school district such person was employed, (2) has completed at least three years of successful teaching in a public school in another state or a nonpublic school approved by the State Board of Education or appropriate governing body in another state within ten years prior to application for such provisional educator certificate, as attested to by the superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, in whose school district such person was employed, or by the supervising agent of the nonpublic school in which such person was employed, and has met preparation and eligibility requirements for an initial educator certificate, or (3) has successfully taught with a provisional teaching certificate for the year immediately preceding an application for a provisional educator certificate as an employee of a local or regional board of education or facility approved for special education by the State Board of Education.

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(f) Any person holding a standard or permanent certificate on July 1, 1989, shall be eligible to receive upon application a professional educator certificate to replace said standard or permanent certificate. On and after July 1, 1989, standard and permanent certificates shall no longer be valid.]

[(g)] (e) On or after July 1, 1989, and prior to July 1, [2016] 2013, to qualify for a professional educator certificate, a person who holds or has held [a provisional] an initial educator certificate under [subsection (e)] subsections (a) or (c) of this section shall have completed [thirty credit hours of course work beyond the baccalaureate degree. It is not necessary that such course work be taken for a master's degree and such work may include graduate or undergraduate courses. On and after July 1, 2016, to qualify for a professional educator certificate, a person who holds or has held a provisional educator certificate under subsection (d) of this section shall have completed thirty credit hours of graduate coursework at a regionally accredited institution of higher education] a beginning educator program and shall have attained tenure, pursuant to section 10-151, as amended by this act.

[(h)] (f) (1) Unless otherwise provided in regulations adopted under section 10-145d, in not less than three years or more than [eight] five years after the issuance of [a provisional] an initial educator certificate pursuant to [subsection (e)] subsections (a) or (c) of this section and upon the statement of the superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, in whose school district such certificate holder was employed, or the supervisory agent of a nonpublic school approved by the State Board of Education, in whose school such certificate holder was employed, that the [provisional] initial educator certificate holder and such superintendent, or such superintendent's designee, or supervisory agent have mutually determined or approved an individual program [pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (g) of this section] and upon the statement of such superintendent, or such superintendent's designee, or supervisory agent that such certificate holder has a record of [competency] effectiveness in the discharge of

such certificate holder's duties during [such provisional period, the state board period that such person held an initial educator certificate, the State Board of Education, upon receipt of a proper application, shall issue such certificate holder a professional educator certificate. A signed recommendation from the superintendent of schools, or the superintendent's designee, for the local or regional board of education or from the supervisory agent of a [nonpublic school] private special education facility approved by the State Board of Education shall be evidence of [competency] effectiveness. Such recommendation shall state that the person who holds or has held [a provisional] an initial educator certificate has successfully completed at least three school years of [satisfactory] effective teaching for one or more local or regional boards of education or such [nonpublic schools] private special education facility and has attained tenure pursuant to section 10-151, as amended by this act. [Each applicant for a certificate pursuant to this subsection shall provide to the Department of Education, in such manner and form as prescribed by the commissioner, evidence that the applicant has successfully completed coursework pursuant to subsection (g) of this section, as appropriate.]

(2) Upon receipt of a proper application, the State Board of Education shall issue to a teacher from another state, territory or possession of the United States or the District of Columbia or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico who [(A) is nationally board certified by an organization deemed appropriate by the Commissioner of Education to issue such certifications, and (B)] has taught <u>under an appropriate certificate</u> in another state, territory or possession of the United States or the District of Columbia or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico for a minimum of [three years] <u>one year</u> in the preceding [ten] <u>five</u> years [(i) a provisional] <u>an initial</u> educator certificate with the appropriate endorsement. [, or (ii) if such teacher has, prior to July 1, 2016, completed thirty credit hours of undergraduate or graduate coursework beyond the baccalaureate degree, and on and after July 1, 2016, completed thirty credit hours of graduate coursework, a professional educator certificate with the appropriate endorsement,

subject to the provisions of subsection (j) of this section relating to denial of applications for certification.] Applicants from another state, territory or possession of the United States or the District of Columbia or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico who have taught under an appropriate certificate for three or more years shall be exempt from completing the beginning educator program based upon such teaching experience. An applicant from this state with three or more years of teaching experience in the past ten years shall be exempt from completing the beginning educator program based upon such teaching experience.

[(i)] (g) (1) For certified employees of local and regional boards of education or nonpublic schools, except as provided in this subdivision, each professional educator certificate shall be valid for five years and continued every five years thereafter upon [the successful completion of professional development activities which shall consist of not less than ninety hours of continuing education, as determined by the employing local or regional board of education or the employing supervisory agent of a nonpublic school approved by the State Board of Education in accordance with this section, or documented completion of a national board certification assessment in the appropriate endorsement area, during each successive five-year period. (A) Such continuing education completed by certified employees with an early childhood nursery through grade three or an elementary endorsement who hold a position requiring such an endorsement shall include at least fifteen hours of training in the teaching of reading and reading readiness and assessment of reading performance, including methods of teaching language skills necessary for reading, reading comprehension skills, phonics and the structure of the English language during each five-year period. (B) Such continuing education requirement completed by certified employees with elementary, middle grades or secondary academic endorsements who hold a position requiring such an endorsement shall include at least fifteen hours of training in the use of computers in the classroom during each five-year period unless such employees are able to

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demonstrate technology competency, in a manner determined by their local or regional board of education, based on state-wide standards for teacher competency in the use of technology for instructional purposes adopted pursuant to section 4d-85. (C) Such continuing education completed by (i) the superintendent of schools, and (ii) employees employed in positions requiring an intermediate administrator or supervisory certificate, or the equivalent thereof, and whose administrative or supervisory duties equal at least fifty per cent of their assigned time, shall include at least fifteen hours of training in the evaluation of teachers pursuant to section 10-151b during each fiveyear period. (D) In the case of certified employees with a bilingual education endorsement who hold positions requiring such an endorsement (i) in an elementary school and who do not hold an endorsement in elementary education, such continuing education taken on or after July 1, 1999, shall only count toward the ninety-hour requirement if it is in language arts, reading and mathematics, and (ii) in a middle or secondary school and who do not hold an endorsement in the subject area they teach, such continuing education taken on or after July 1, 1999, shall only count toward the ninety-hour requirement if it is in such subject area or areas. On and after July 1, 2011, such continuing education shall be as determined by the local or regional board of education in full consideration of the provisions of this section and the priorities and needs related to student outcomes as determined by the State Board of Education. During each five-year period in which a professional educator certificate is valid, a holder of such certificate who has not completed the ninety hours of continuing education required pursuant to this subdivision, and who has not been employed while holding such certificate by a local or regional board of education for all or part of the five-year period, shall, upon application, be reissued such certificate for five years minus any period of time such holder was employed while holding such certificate by a local or regional board of education, provided there shall be only one such reissuance during each five-year period in which such certificate is valid. A certified employee of a local or regional board of education

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who is a member of the General Assembly and who has not completed the ninety hours of continuing education required pursuant to this subdivision for continuation of a certificate, upon application, shall be reissued a professional educator certificate for a period of time equal to six months for each year the employee served in the General Assembly during the previous five years. Continuing education hours completed during the previous five years shall be applied toward such ninetyhour requirement which shall be completed during the reissuance period in order for such employee to be eligible to have a certificate continued. The cost of the professional development activities required under this subsection for certified employees of local or regional boards of education shall be shared by the state and local or regional boards of education, except for those activities identified by the State Board of Education as the responsibility of the certificate holder written attestation from the superintendent of schools, or the superintendent's designee, in whose school district such certified employee is employed, or in the case of a private special education facility, from the supervisory agent of such certified employee that such certified employee has been determined effective during the period in which such certified employee has held a professional educator certificate through a teacher evaluation program pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act.

(2) (A) All certified employees shall participate in a program of professional development, as described in this subdivision. Each local and regional board of education shall make available, annually, at no cost to its certified employees, a program of professional development that is not fewer than eighteen hours [of professional development activities for continuing education credit] in length, of which no more than six hours shall consist of a large group instructional setting. Such activities may be made available by a board of education directly, through a regional educational service center or cooperative arrangement with another board of education or through arrangements with any continuing education provider approved by the [State Board] Commissioner of Education. [Local and regional

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boards of education shall grant continuing education credit for professional development activities which the certified employees of the board of education are required to attend, professional development activities offered in accordance with the plan developed pursuant to subsection (b) of section 10-220a, or professional development activities which the board may approve for any individual certified employee. Each board of education shall determine the specific professional development activities to be] Professional development opportunities may be (i) made available with the advice and assistance of the teachers employed by such board, including representatives of the exclusive bargaining unit for such teachers pursuant to section 10-153b, and on and after July 1, 2011, in full consideration of priorities and needs related to student outcomes as determined by the State Board of Education, and (ii) used as an opportunity to improve teacher practice based on general results and findings from teacher evaluations reported by the superintendent of schools, or the superintendent's designee. Professional development completed by the superintendent of schools and administrators, as defined in section 10-144e, shall include at least fifteen hours of training in the evaluation and support of teachers under the teacher evaluation program pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act, during each five-year period. The time and location for the provision of such activities shall be in accordance with either an agreement between the board of education and the exclusive bargaining unit pursuant to said section 10-153b or, in the absence of such agreement or to the extent such agreement does not provide for the time and location of all such activities, in accordance with a determination by the board of education.

[(2)] (B) Each local and regional board of education or supervisory agent of a nonpublic school approved by the State Board of Education shall attest to the state Department of Education, in such form and at such time as the commissioner shall prescribe, that professional development activities [for which continuing education credit is granted by the board] required by this subdivision: [(A)] (i) Are

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planned in response to identified needs, [(B)] (ii) are provided by qualified instructional personnel, as appropriate, [(C)] (iii) have the requirements for participation in the activity shared with participants before the commencement of the activity, [(D)] (iv) are evaluated in terms of its effectiveness and its contribution to the attainment of school or district-wide goals, and [(E)] (v) are documented in accordance with procedures established by the State Board of Education. [At the end of each five-year period each professional educator shall attest to the state Department of Education, in such form and at such time as the commissioner shall prescribe, that the professional educator has successfully completed ninety hours of continuing education.]

[(3)] (C) In the event that the state Department of Education notifies the local or regional board of education that the provisions of [subdivision (2) of this subsection] <u>subparagraph (B) of this subdivision</u> have not been met and that specific corrective action is necessary, the local or regional board of education shall take such corrective action immediately. [The department shall not invalidate continuing education credit awarded prior to such notice.]

(D) The Department of Education shall conduct audits of the professional development programs provided by local and regional boards of education required by this subdivision. If the State Board of Education determines, based on such audit, that a local or regional board of education is not in compliance with any provision of this subdivision, the State Board of Education may require the local or regional board of education to forfeit of the total sum which is paid to such board of education from the State Treasury an amount to be determined by the State Board of Education. The amount so forfeited shall be withheld from a grant payment, as determined by the Commissioner of Education, during the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which noncompliance is determined pursuant to this subdivision. Notwithstanding the penalty provision of this subdivision, the State Board of Education may waive such forfeiture if

the board determines that the failure of the local or regional board of education to comply with such a provision was due to circumstances beyond its control.

- (E) For purposes of this subdivision, such program of professional development shall (i) be a comprehensive, sustained and intensive approach to improving teacher and administrator effectiveness in raising student achievement, (ii) foster collective responsibility for improved student performance, and (iii) be comprised of professional learning that (I) is aligned with rigorous state student academic achievement standards, (II) is conducted among educators at the school and facilitated by principals, coaches, mentors, master teachers or other lead teachers, and (III) occurs frequently on an individual basis or among groups of teachers in a job-embedded process of continuous improvement.
- 2942 (h) Upon receipt of a proper application, the State Board of 2943 Education shall issue a master educator certificate to a person who has 2944 (A) attained tenure, pursuant to section 10-151, as amended by this act, 2945 (B) completed not less than five years of teaching in a public school or 2946 private special education facility approved by the State Board of 2947 Education, (C) holds a master's degree in an evaluation-informed 2948 course of study from a program approved by the State Board of 2949 Education or from a college or university accredited by the Board of 2950 Regents for Higher Education or the State Board of Education or 2951 regionally accredited, and (D) has a demonstrated record of exemplary 2952 practice as demonstrated by a minimum of three exemplary evaluations in the preceding five years as determined through the 2953 2954 teacher evaluation program pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended 2955 by this act. Said certificate shall be continued every five years after 2956 issuance upon the demonstration that such person has received not 2957 less than three exemplary evaluations during the period such person 2958 has held such master educator certificate.
  - [(j)] (i) (1) The State Board of Education may revoke any certificate,

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authorization or permit issued pursuant to sections 10-1440 to 10-149, inclusive, as amended by this act, for any of the following reasons: (A) The holder of the certificate, authorization or permit obtained such certificate, authorization or permit through fraud or misrepresentation of a material fact; (B) the holder has persistently neglected to perform the duties for which the certificate, authorization or permit was granted; (C) the holder is professionally unfit to perform the duties for which the certificate, authorization or permit was granted; (D) the holder is convicted in a court of law of a crime involving moral turpitude or of any other crime of such nature that in the opinion of the board continued holding of a certificate, authorization or permit by the person would impair the standing of certificates, authorizations or permits issued by the board; or (E) other due and sufficient cause. The State Board of Education shall revoke any certificate, authorization or permit issued pursuant to said sections if the holder is found to have intentionally disclosed specific questions or answers to students or otherwise improperly breached the security of any administration of a state-wide examination pursuant to section 10-14n. In any revocation proceeding pursuant to this section, the State Board of Education shall have the burden of establishing the reason for such revocation by a preponderance of the evidence. Revocation shall be in accordance with procedures established by the State Board of Education pursuant to chapter 54.

(2) When the Commissioner of Education is notified, pursuant to section 10-149a or 17a-101i, as amended by this act, that a person holding a certificate, authorization or permit issued by the State Board of Education under the provisions of sections 10-144o to 10-149, inclusive, as amended by this act, has been convicted of (A) a capital felony, pursuant to section 53a-54b, (B) arson murder, pursuant to section 53a-54d, (C) a class A felony, (D) a class B felony, except a violation of section 53a-122, 53a-252 or 53a-291, (E) a crime involving an act of child abuse or neglect as described in section 46b-120, or (F) a violation of section 53-21, 53-37a, 53a-60b, 53a-60c, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-73a, 53a-88, 53a-90a, 53a-99, 53a-103a, 53a-181c, 53a-191, 53a-

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196, 53a-196c, 53a-216, 53a-217b or 21a-278 or subsection (a) of section 21a-277, any certificate, permit or authorization issued by the State Board of Education and held by such person shall be deemed revoked and the commissioner shall notify such person of such revocation, provided such person may request reconsideration pursuant to regulations adopted by the State Board of Education, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. As part of such reconsideration process, the board shall make the initial determination as to whether to uphold or overturn the revocation. The commissioner shall make the final determination as to whether to uphold or overturn the revocation.

- (3) The State Board of Education may deny an application for a certificate, authorization or permit for any of the following reasons: (A) The applicant seeks to obtain a certificate, authorization or permit through fraud or misrepresentation of a material fact; (B) the applicant has been convicted in a court of law of a crime involving moral turpitude or of any other crime of such nature that in the opinion of the board issuance of a certificate, authorization or permit would impair the standing of certificates, authorizations or permits issued by the board; or (C) other due and sufficient cause. Any applicant denied a certificate, authorization or permit shall be notified in writing of the reasons for denial. Any applicant denied a certificate, authorization or permit may request a review of such denial by the State Board of Education.
- (4) A person whose certificate, permit or authorization has been revoked may not be employed in a public school during the period of revocation.
- (5) Any local or regional board of education or private special education facility approved by the commissioner shall report to the commissioner when an employee, who holds a certificate, permit or authorization, is dismissed pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (d) of section 10-151, as amended by this act.

[(k)] (j) Not later than thirty days after receipt of notification, any initial educator certificate holder who is not granted a [provisional educator certificate, or any provisional educator certificate holder who is not granted a] professional educator certificate, or any professional educator certificate holder who is not granted a continuation, under the provisions of sections 10-145a to 10-145d, inclusive, as amended by this act, and 10-146b, may appeal to the State Board of Education for reconsideration. Said board shall review the records of the appropriate certification period, and, if a hearing is requested in writing, hold such hearing not later than sixty days after such request and render a written decision not later than thirty days after the conclusion of such hearing. Any teacher aggrieved by the decision of said board may appeal from such decision in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183 and such appeal shall be privileged with respect to assignment of such appeal.

[(l)] (k) For the purposes of this section "supervisory agent" means the superintendent of schools or the principal, administrator or supervisor designated by such superintendent to provide direct supervision to a provisional certificate holder.

[(m)] (I) Upon application to the State Board of Education for the issuance of any certificate in accordance with this section and section 10-145d there shall be paid to the board by or on behalf of the applicant a nonreturnable fee of two hundred dollars in the case of an applicant for an initial educator certificate, two hundred [fifty dollars in the case of an applicant for a provisional educator certificate and three hundred seventy-five] dollars in the case of an applicant for a professional educator certificate and two hundred dollars in the case of an applicant for a master educator certificate, except that applicants for certificates for teaching adult education programs mandated under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 10-69 shall pay a fee of one hundred dollars; persons eligible for a certificate or endorsement for which the fee is less than that applied for shall receive an appropriate refund; persons not eligible for any certificate shall receive a refund of

3059 the application fee minus fifty dollars; and persons holding standard 3060 or permanent certificates on July 1, 1989, who apply for professional 3061 certificates to replace the standard or permanent certificates, shall not 3062 be required to pay such a fee. Upon application to the State Board of Education for the issuance of a subject area endorsement there shall be 3063 3064 paid to the board by or on behalf of such applicant a nonreturnable fee 3065 of one hundred dollars. With each request for a duplicate copy of any 3066 such certificate or endorsement there shall be paid to the board a 3067 nonreturnable fee of fifty dollars. The Commissioner of Education 3068 may, upon request by the applicant, waive any fee required under this 3069 subsection if the commissioner determines that the applicant is unable 3070 to pay such fee due to extenuating circumstances.

- Sec. 29. Section 10-151 of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 3073 1, 2013):
- 3074 (a) For the purposes of this section:
- 3075 (1) "Board of education" means a local or regional board of education, a cooperative arrangement committee established pursuant to section 10-158a, or the board of trustees of an incorporated or endowed high school or academy approved pursuant to section 10-34, which is located in this state;
- 3080 (2) "Teacher" includes each certified professional employee below the rank of superintendent employed by a board of education for at least [ninety days] one year in a position requiring a certificate issued by the State Board of Education and who receives a rating of developing or better on an evaluation conducted pursuant to the teacher evaluation guidelines described in section 10-151b, as amended by this act;
- 3087 (3) "Continuous employment" means that time during which the teacher is employed without any break in employment as a teacher for the same board of education;

- (4) "Full-time employment" means a teacher's employment in a position at a salary rate of fifty per cent or more of the salary rate of such teacher in such position if such position were full-time;
- 3093 (5) "Part-time employment" means a teacher's employment in a 3094 position at a salary rate of less than fifty per cent of the salary rate of 3095 such teacher in such position, if such position were full-time;
  - (6) "Tenure" means:

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- [(A) The completion of thirty school months of full-time continuous employment for the same board of education for teachers initially hired prior to July 1, 1996; and forty such school months for teachers initially hired on or after said date provided the superintendent offers the teacher a contract to return for the following school year.]
- (A) That a teacher has received (i) two exemplary ratings on an evaluation conducted pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act, during a period of thirty school months of full-time continuous employment for the same board of education, provided the superintendent of schools in whose school district such teacher is employed offers the teacher a contract to return for the following school year, or (ii) the teacher has received a combination of three proficient or exemplary ratings during a period of fifty school months of full-time continuous employment for the same board of education. For purposes of calculating continuous employment towards tenure, the following shall apply: (i) For a teacher who has not attained tenure, two school months of part-time continuous employment by such teacher shall equal one school month of full-time continuous employment except, for a teacher employed in a part-time position at a salary rate of less than twenty-five per cent of the salary rate of a teacher in such position, if such position were full-time, three school months of part-time continuous employment shall equal one school month of full-time continuous employment; (ii) a teacher who has not attained tenure shall not count layoff time towards tenure, except that if such teacher is reemployed by the same board of education within

five calendar years of the layoff, such teacher may count the previous continuous employment immediately prior to the layoff towards tenure; (iii) a teacher who has not attained tenure shall not count authorized leave time towards tenure if such time exceeds ninety student school days in any one school year, provided only the student school days worked that year by such teacher shall count towards tenure and shall be computed on the basis of eighteen student school days or the greater fraction thereof equaling one school month; and (iv) for a teacher who has not attained tenure and who is employed by a local or regional board of education that enters into a cooperative arrangement pursuant to section 10-158a, such teacher may count the previous continuous employment with such board immediately prior to such cooperative arrangement towards tenure.

- (B) For a teacher who has attained tenure prior to layoff, tenure shall resume if such teacher is reemployed by the same board of education within five calendar years of the layoff.
- (C) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) [,] and (D) [and (E)] of this subdivision, any teacher who has attained tenure with any one board of education and whose employment with such board ends for any reason and who is reemployed by such board or is subsequently employed by any other board or any teacher who was issued an initial educator certificate as a result of such teacher's professional educator certificate not being renewed, shall attain tenure [after completion of twenty] if such teacher, during a period of thirty school months of continuous employment, receives at least two proficient or exemplary ratings on an evaluation conducted pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act, in the year prior to the completion of such thirty school months of continuous employment. The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply if, (i) prior to completion of the [twentieth] thirtieth school month following commencement of employment by such board such teacher has been notified in writing that his or her contract will not be renewed for the following school year, [or] (ii) for a period of five or more calendar years immediately

- prior to such subsequent employment, such teacher has not been employed by any board of education, or (iii) the superintendent of schools in whose school district such teacher is employed awards tenure to such teacher prior to such teacher receiving two proficient or exemplary ratings on an evaluation conducted pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act.
  - [(D) Any certified teacher or administrator employed by a local or regional board of education for a school district identified as a priority school district pursuant to section 10-266p may attain tenure after ten months of employment in such priority school district, if such certified teacher or administrator previously attained tenure with another local or regional board of education in this state or another state.]
  - [(E)] (D) For a teacher who has attained tenure and is employed by a local or regional board of education that enters into a cooperative arrangement pursuant to section 10-158a, such teacher shall not experience a break in continuous employment for purposes of tenure as a result of such cooperative arrangement.
  - (7) "School month" means any calendar month other than July or August in which a teacher is employed as a teacher at least one-half of the student school days.
  - (b) [Any] The local or regional board of education [may] shall authorize the superintendent of schools for the school district to employ teachers. [Any superintendent not authorized to employ teachers shall submit to the board of education nominations for teachers for each of the schools in the town or towns in such superintendent's jurisdiction and, from the persons so nominated, teachers may be employed. Such board shall accept or reject such nominations within thirty-five days from their submission. Any such board of education may request the superintendent to submit multiple nominations of qualified candidates, if more than one candidate is available for nomination, for any supervisory or administrative position, in which case the superintendent shall submit such a list and

may place the candidates on such list in the order in which such superintendent recommends such candidates. If such board rejects such nominations, the superintendent shall submit to such board other nominations and such board may employ teachers from the persons so nominated and shall accept or reject such nominations within one month from their submission.] Whenever [a] the superintendent of schools offers a teacher who has not attained tenure a contract to return for another year of employment, such offer shall be based on a rating of developing or better, as determined by records of evaluations conducted pursuant to [subsection (a) of] section 10-151b, as amended by this act. The contract of employment of a teacher shall be in writing.

(c) [The] Upon the recommendation of the superintendent of schools, the contract of employment of a teacher who has not attained tenure may be terminated at any time, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (e) of this section, for any of the reasons enumerated in subdivisions (1) to (6), inclusive, of subsection (d) of this section; otherwise the contract of such teacher shall be continued into the next school year unless such teacher receives written notice by [May] June first in one school year that such contract will not be renewed for the following year. Upon the teacher's written request, a notice of nonrenewal or termination shall be supplemented [within] not later than seven days after receipt of the request by a statement of the reason or reasons for such nonrenewal or termination. Such teacher, upon written request filed with the board of education [within] not later than twenty days after the receipt of notice of termination, [or nonrenewal] shall be entitled to a hearing, [except as provided in this subsection, [(1) before the board, (2) if indicated in such request and if designated by the board, before [an impartial hearing panel established and conducted in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, or (3) if the parties mutually agree before] a single impartial hearing officer chosen by the teacher and the superintendent in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section. Such hearing shall commence within fifteen days after receipt of such request unless the parties mutually

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agree to an extension not to exceed fifteen days. The impartial hearing [panel or] officer or a subcommittee of the board of education, if the board of education designates a subcommittee of three or more board members to conduct hearings, shall submit written findings and recommendations to the board for final disposition not later than thirty days of the request for a hearing. The teacher shall have the right to appear with counsel of the teacher's choice at the hearing. A teacher who has not attained tenure shall not be entitled to a hearing concerning nonrenewal if the reason for such nonrenewal is either elimination of position or loss of position to another teacher. The board of education [shall rescind a nonrenewal decision only if the board] or the impartial hearing officer shall affirm the recommendation for termination by the superintendent of schools unless the board or the impartial hearing officer finds such decision to be arbitrary and capricious. [Any such teacher whose contract is terminated for the reasons enumerated in subdivisions (3) and (4) of subsection (d) of this section shall have the right to appeal in accordance with the provisions of subsection (e) of this section.]

(d) The contract of employment of a teacher who has attained tenure shall be continued from school year to school year, except that it may be terminated at any time for one or more of the following reasons: (1) [Inefficiency or incompetence, provided, if a teacher is notified on or after July 1, 2000, that termination is under consideration due to incompetence, the determination of incompetence is based on evaluation of the teacher using teacher evaluation guidelines established pursuant to section 10-151b] Ineffectiveness, as described in subsection (e) of this section; (2) insubordination against reasonable rules of the board of education; (3) moral misconduct; (4) disability, as shown by competent medical evidence; (5) elimination of the position to which the teacher was appointed or loss of a position to another teacher, if no other position exists to which such teacher may be appointed if qualified, provided such teacher, if qualified, shall be appointed to a position held by a teacher who has not attained tenure, and provided further that determination of the individual contract or

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contracts of employment to be terminated shall be made in accordance with either (A) a provision for a layoff procedure agreed upon by the board of education and the exclusive employees' representative organization, or (B) in the absence of such agreement, a written policy of the board of education; or (6) other due and sufficient cause, such as unprofessionalism, which may include violations of the code of professional responsibility for educators. Nothing in this section or in any other section of the general statutes or of any special act shall preclude a board of education from making an agreement with an exclusive bargaining representative which contains a recall provision. Prior to terminating a contract, the superintendent shall give the teacher concerned a written notice that termination of such teacher's contract is under consideration and, upon written request filed by such teacher with the superintendent, within seven days after receipt of such notice, shall within the next succeeding seven days give such teacher a statement in writing of the reasons therefor. Within twenty days after receipt of written notice by the superintendent that contract termination is under consideration, such teacher may file with the local or regional board of education a written request for a hearing. A board of education may designate a subcommittee of three or more board members to conduct hearings and submit written findings and recommendations to the board for final disposition in the case of teachers whose contracts are terminated. Such hearing shall commence [within] not later than fifteen days after receipt of such request, unless the parties mutually agree to an extension, not to exceed fifteen days (A) before the board of education or a subcommittee of the board, or (B) if indicated in such request or if designated by the board [before an impartial hearing panel, or (C) if the parties mutually agree, before a single impartial hearing officer chosen by the teacher and the superintendent. The hearing shall be limited to eight hours of evidence and testimony, except the board, subcommittee of the board or impartial hearing officer may extend the time period for evidence and testimony at the hearing when good cause is shown. If the parties are unable to agree upon the choice of a hearing officer [within] not later

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than five days after [their] the decision to use a hearing officer, the hearing [shall be held before the board or panel, as the case may be. The impartial hearing panel shall consist of three members appointed as follows: The superintendent shall appoint one panel member, the teacher shall appoint one panel member, and those two panel members shall choose a third, who shall serve as chairperson. If the two panel members are unable to agree upon the choice of a third panel member within five days after the decision to use a hearing panel, the third panel member officer shall be selected with the assistance of the American Arbitration Association or other mutually agreed upon organization specializing in judicial arbitration and mediation services using its expedited selection process and in accordance with its rules for selection of a neutral arbitrator in grievance arbitration. If the [third panel member] hearing officer is not selected with the assistance of such association within five days, the hearing shall be held before the board of education or a subcommittee of the board. [Within seventy-five] Not later than thirty days after receipt of the request for a hearing, the [impartial hearing panel,] subcommittee of the board or hearing officer, unless the parties mutually agree to an extension not to exceed fifteen days, shall submit written findings and a recommendation to the board of education as to [the disposition of the charges against] whether the contract of the teacher should be terminated and shall send a copy of such findings and recommendation to the teacher. The board of education shall give the teacher concerned its written decision [within] not later than fifteen days of receipt of the written recommendation of the [impartial hearing panel, subcommittee or hearing officer. Each party shall [pay the fee of the panel member selected by it and shall] share equally the fee of the [third panel member or] hearing officer and all other costs incidental to the hearing. If the hearing is before the board of education, the board shall render its decision within fifteen days after the close of such hearing and shall send a copy of its decision to the teacher. The hearing shall be public if the teacher so requests or the board, subcommittee [,] or hearing officer [or panel] so designates. The

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teacher concerned shall have the right to appear with counsel at the hearing, whether public or private. A copy of a transcript of the proceedings of the hearing shall be furnished by the board of education, upon written request by the teacher within fifteen days after the board's decision, provided the teacher shall assume the cost of any such copy. Nothing herein contained shall deprive a board of education or superintendent of the power to suspend a teacher from duty immediately when serious misconduct is charged without prejudice to the rights of the teacher as otherwise provided in this section.

(e) (1) A teacher shall be designated as ineffective if such teacher (A) has attained tenure or not attained tenure and who, at any time, is rated as below standard, based on an evaluation of the teacher conducted pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act, or (B) has attained tenure and who is rated as developing for two or more consecutive years, based on an evaluation of the teacher conducted pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act. The contract of any teacher designated as ineffective may be terminated at any time in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.

(2) Prior to terminating the contract of a teacher who has been designated as ineffective, the superintendent of schools in whose school district such teacher is employed shall provide written notice to such teacher that such teacher's contract in being considered for termination due to ineffectiveness, pursuant to this section. Not later than twenty days after such teacher has received such written notice that such teacher's contract may be terminated, such teacher may submit a written request for a hearing with the local or regional board of education that employs such teacher. For any teacher who has not attained tenure, such hearing shall be before the board of education, except such board may designate a subcommittee of three or more board members or an impartial hearing officer to conduct the hearing. For any teacher who has attained tenure, such hearing shall be before a single impartial hearing officer chosen by the teacher and the

superintendent of schools not later than five days after such teacher's request for a hearing. If such teacher and such superintendent are unable to agree upon the choice of the impartial hearing officer, such hearing officer shall be selected with the assistance of the American Arbitration Association or other mutually agreed upon organization specializing in judicial arbitration and mediation services using its expedited selection process and in accordance with its rules for selection of a neutral arbitrator in grievance arbitration.

- (3) Such hearing shall (A) be limited to the question of whether the ratings of the teacher were determined in accordance with the evaluation procedures described in section 10-151b, as amended by this act, (B) be limited to eight hours of evidence and testimony, except the board, subcommittee of the board or impartial hearing officer may extend the time period for evidence and testimony at the hearing when good cause is shown, (C) commence not later than fifteen days after the local or regional board of education receives the written request for a hearing from the teacher, unless the parties mutually agree to an extension not to exceed fifteen days.
- (4) Not later than fifteen days after the commencement of the hearing, the local or regional board of education, subcommittee of the board or impartial hearing officer shall make a written finding and decision, and may terminate the contract of a teacher upon a finding that the rating of the teacher was determined in accordance with the evaluation procedures described in section 10-151b, as amended by this act.
  - [(e)] (f) Any teacher aggrieved by the decision of a board of education after a hearing as provided in subsection (d) of this section may appeal therefrom, within thirty days of such decision, to the Superior Court. Such appeal shall be made returnable to said court in the same manner as is prescribed for civil actions brought to said court. Any such appeal shall be a privileged case to be heard by the court as soon after the return day as is practicable. The board of education shall

3388 file with the court a copy of the complete transcript of the proceedings 3389 of the hearing and the minutes of board of education meetings relating 3390 to such termination, including the vote of the board on the 3391 termination, together with such other documents, or certified copies 3392 thereof, as shall constitute the record of the case. The court, upon such 3393 appeal, shall review the proceedings of such hearing. The court, upon 3394 such appeal and hearing thereon, may affirm or reverse the decision 3395 appealed from in accordance with subsection (j) of section 4-183. Costs 3396 shall not be allowed against the board of education unless it appears to 3397 the court that it acted with gross negligence or in bad faith or with 3398 malice in making the decision appealed from.

Sec. 30. Section 10-151b of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

(a) The superintendent of each local or regional board of education shall continuously evaluate or cause to be evaluated each teacher, in accordance with guidelines established by the State Board of Education, pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, and such other guidelines as may be established by mutual agreement between the local or regional board of education and the teachers' representative chosen pursuant to section 10-153b. An evaluation pursuant to this subsection shall include, but need not be limited to, strengths, areas needing improvement, strategies for improvement and multiple indicators of student academic growth. Claims of failure to follow the established procedures of such evaluation programs shall be subject to grievance procedure in collective bargaining agreements negotiated subsequent to July 1, 2004. The superintendent shall report the status of teacher evaluations to the local or regional board of education on or before June first of each year. For purposes of this section, the term "teacher" shall include each professional employee of a board of education, below the rank of superintendent, who holds a certificate or permit issued by the State Board of Education.

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- (b) Each local and regional board of education shall develop and implement teacher evaluation programs consistent with guidelines established by the State Board of Education, pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, and consistent with the plan developed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of section 10-220a.
- 3425 (c) On or before July 1, 2012, the State Board of Education shall 3426 adopt, in consultation with the Performance Evaluation Advisory 3427 Council established pursuant to section 10-151d, guidelines for a 3428 model teacher evaluation program. Such guidelines shall [provide 3429 guidance on use four designators when evaluating teacher 3430 performance: Developing, proficient, exemplary and below standard. 3431 Such guidelines shall require the use of multiple indicators of student 3432 academic growth in teacher evaluations. Such guidelines shall include, 3433 but not be limited to: (1) Methods for assessing student academic growth; (2) a consideration of control factors tracked by the state-wide 3434 3435 public school information system, pursuant to subsection (c) of section 3436 10-10a, that may influence teacher performance ratings, including, but 3437 not limited to, student characteristics, student attendance and student 3438 mobility; and (3) minimum requirements for teacher evaluation 3439 instruments and procedures.
  - (d) Notwithstanding any provision of sections 10-153a to 10-153n, inclusive, progression through the steps on the teacher salary schedule shall be based on effective practice. For purposes of this subsection, "effective practice" means (1) for any teacher holding an initial educator certificate, a rating of developing, proficient or exemplary under the evaluation system adopted pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, and (2) for any teacher holding a professional educator certificate or a master educator certificate, a rating of proficient or exemplary under such evaluation system.
- Sec. 31. Section 10-153d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- 3451 (a) Within thirty days prior to the date on which the local or

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regional board of education is to commence negotiations pursuant to this section, such board of education shall meet and confer with the board of finance in each town or city having a board of finance, with the board of selectmen in each town having no board of finance and otherwise with the authority making appropriations therein. A member of such board of finance, such board of selectmen, or such other authority making appropriations, shall be permitted to be present during negotiations pursuant to this section and shall provide such fiscal information as may be requested by the board of education.

(b) The local or regional board of education and the organization designated or elected as the exclusive representative for the appropriate unit, through designated officials or their representatives, shall have the duty to negotiate with respect to salaries, hours and other conditions of employment about which either party wishes to negotiate, including additional compensation for teachers holding a master educator certificate, or additional compensation for teachers holding any certificate issued pursuant to section 10-145b, as amended by this act, who are rated exemplary on performance evaluations conducted pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act, or who improve in their performance ratings on such performance evaluations. For purposes of this subsection and sections 10-153a, 10-153b and 10-153e to 10-153g, inclusive, (1) "hours" shall not include the length of the student school year, the scheduling of the student school year, the length of the student school day, the length and number of parent-teacher conferences and the scheduling of the student school day, except for the length and the scheduling of teacher lunch periods and teacher preparation periods and (2) "other conditions of employment" shall not include the establishment or provisions of any retirement incentive plan authorized by section 10-183jj. Such negotiations shall commence not less than two hundred ten days prior to the budget submission date. Any local board of education shall file forthwith a signed copy of any contract with the town clerk and with the Commissioner of Education. Any regional board of education shall file forthwith a signed copy of any such contract with the town clerk in

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each member town and with the Commissioner of Education. Upon receipt of a signed copy of such contract the clerk of such town shall give public notice of such filing. The terms of such contract shall be binding on the legislative body of the local or regional school district, unless such body rejects such contract at a regular or special meeting called and convened for such purpose within thirty days of the filing of the contract. If a vote on such contract is petitioned for in accordance with the provisions of section 7-7, in order to reject such contract, a minimum number of those persons eligible to vote equal to fifteen per cent of the electors of such local or regional school district shall be required to participate in the voting and a majority of those voting shall be required to reject. Any regional board of education shall call a district meeting to consider such contract within such thirty-day period if the chief executive officer of any member town so requests in writing within fifteen days of the receipt of the signed copy of the contract by the town clerk in such town. The body charged with making annual appropriations in any school district shall appropriate to the board of education whatever funds are required to implement the terms of any contract not rejected pursuant to this section. All organizations seeking to represent members of the teaching profession shall be accorded equal treatment with respect to access to teachers, principals, members of the board of education, records, mail boxes and school facilities and, in the absence of any recognition or certification as the exclusive representative as provided by section 10-153b, participation in discussions with respect to salaries, hours and other conditions of employment.

(c) If the legislative body rejects the contract pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, the parties shall commence the arbitration process, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of section 10-153f, on the fifth day next following the rejection which, for the purposes of this procedure, shall serve as the equivalent of the one hundred thirty-fifth day prior to the budget submission date, provided, if requested by either party, the parties shall mediate the contract dispute prior to the initial arbitration hearing. The parties

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shall meet with a mediator mutually selected by them, provided such parties shall inform the commissioner of the name of such mediator. If the parties are unable to mutually select a mediator, then the parties shall meet with the commissioner or the commissioner's agent or a mediator designated by said commissioner. Mediators shall be chosen from a panel of mediators selected by the State Board of Education or from outside such panel if mutually agreed by the parties. Such mediators shall receive a per diem fee determined on the basis of the prevailing rate for such services, and the parties shall share equally in the cost of such mediation. In any civil or criminal case, any proceeding preliminary thereto, or in any legislative or administrative proceeding, a mediator shall not disclose any confidential communication made to such mediator in the course of mediation unless the party making such communication waives such privilege. The parties shall provide such information as the commissioner may require. The commissioner may recommend a basis for settlement but such recommendations shall not be binding upon the parties.

(d) Through negotiations for collective bargaining agreements effective July 1, 2014, local and regional boards of education subject to statutory provisions on conditional funding shall establish new salary schedules that align with the initial, professional and master certificate levels in lieu of differentiation based on degree status or similar provisions. Through negotiations for collective bargaining agreements effective July 1, 2015, and thereafter, all other local and regional boards of education shall establish new salary schedules that align with the initial, professional and master certificate levels. Negotiations under this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this section, except that such negotiations shall be conducted in accordance with subsection (e) of section 10-153f if the local or regional board of education and the exclusive bargaining representative for teachers would not otherwise be in negotiations in accordance with this section.

Sec. 32. Subdivision (26) of section 10-183b of the 2012 supplement

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3553 to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in 3554 lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

- (26) "Teacher" means (A) any teacher, permanent substitute teacher, 3556 principal, assistant principal, supervisor, assistant superintendent or 3557 superintendent employed by the public schools in a professional capacity while possessing a certificate or permit issued by the State 3559 Board of Education, provided on and after July 1, 1975, such certificate 3560 shall be for the position in which the person is then employed, except as provided for in section 10-183qq, (B) certified personnel who 3562 provide health and welfare services for children in nonprofit schools, as provided in section 10-217a, under an oral or written agreement, (C) 3564 any person who is engaged in teaching or supervising schools for adults if the annual salary paid for such service is equal to or greater 3565 3566 than the minimum salary paid for a regular, full-time teaching position 3567 in the day schools in the town where such service is rendered, (D) a 3568 member of the professional staff of the State Board of Education or of 3569 the Board of Regents for Higher Education or any of the constituent 3570 units, [and] (E) a member of the staff of the State Education Resource Center established pursuant to section 10-4q employed in a 3572 professional capacity while possessing a certificate or permit issued by 3573 the State Board of Education, and (F) a superintendent employed by a 3574 local or regional board of education on or after July 1, 2007, pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-157, as amended by this act. A "permanent substitute teacher" is one who serves as such for at least 3577 ten months during any school year.
- 3578 Sec. 33. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 10-157 of the 2012 3579 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following is 3580 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
  - (b) A local or regional board of education may appoint as acting superintendent a person who is or is not properly certified [for a specified period of time, not to exceed ninety days,] with the approval of the Commissioner of Education. A request for such approval shall

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- include the period of time for which such person is to be employed in the role of acting superintendent, and a plan for the supervision and support of such person. Such acting superintendent shall assume all duties of the superintendent for the time specified, provided such period of time may be extended with the approval of the commissioner, which [he] the commissioner shall grant for good cause shown.
  - (c) The commissioner may, upon request of an employing local or regional board of education, grant a waiver of certification to a person (1) who has successfully completed at least three years of experience as a certified administrator with a superintendent certificate issued by another state in a public school in another state during the ten-year period prior to the date of application, or (2) who the commissioner deems to be exceptionally qualified for the position of superintendent. [In order for the commissioner to find a person exceptionally qualified, such person shall (A) be an acting superintendent pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, (B) have worked as a superintendent in another state for no fewer than fifteen years, and (C) be certified or have been certified as a superintendent by such other state.]
  - Sec. 34. Section 10-65a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
  - (a) Each local and regional board of education which operates an agricultural science and technology education center shall establish and implement a five-year plan to increase racial and ethnic diversity at such center. The plan shall reasonably reflect the racial and ethnic diversity of the area of the state in which the center is located.
  - (b) Each local and regional board of education which operates an agricultural science and technology education center shall conduct an annual study to ascertain the educational and vocational activities in which graduates of such center are engaged five years after graduation and shall submit the study to the State Board of Education.

- 3616 (c) The Department of Education shall, within available
  3617 appropriations, offer competitive grants to regional agricultural
  3618 science and technology education centers to develop plans to (1)
  3619 increase the enrollment of students who reside in a priority school
  3620 district pursuant to section 10-266p, as amended by this act, and (2)
  3621 increase overall student enrollment at agricultural science and
  3622 technology education centers.
- Sec. 35. Subsection (b) of section 10-16bb of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
  - (b) The coordinated system of early care and education and child development shall (1) create a unified set of reporting requirements for the programs described in subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 10-16cc, for the purpose of collecting the data elements necessary to perform quality assessments and longitudinal analysis; (2) compare and analyze the data collected pursuant to reporting requirements created under subdivision (1) of this subsection with the data collected in the state-wide public school information system, pursuant to section 10-10a, for population-level analysis of children and families; (3) develop and update appropriate early learning standards and assessment tools for children from birth to five years of age, inclusive, that are age and developmentally appropriate and that are aligned with existing learning standards as of July 1, 2013, and assessment tools for students in grades kindergarten to twelve, inclusive; (4) continually monitor and evaluate all early childhood education and child care programs and services, focusing on program outcomes in satisfying the health, safety, developmental and educational needs of all children; (5) develop indicators that assess strategies designed to strengthen the family through parental involvement in a child's development and education, including children with special needs; (6) increase the availability of early childhood education and child care programs and services and encourage the providers of such programs and services to work together to create multiple options that allow

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families to participate in programs that serve the particular needs of each family; (7) provide information and technical assistance to persons seeking early childhood education and child care programs and services; (8) assist state agencies and municipalities in obtaining available federal funding for early childhood education and child care programs and services; (9) provide technical assistance and consultation to licensed providers of early childhood education and child care programs and services and assist any potential provider of such programs and services in obtaining the necessary licensure and certification; (10) [create, implement and maintain a] incorporate the quality rating and improvement system developed by the Department of Education that covers home-based, center-based and school-based early child care and learning; (11) maintain a system of accreditation facilitation to assist early childhood education and child care programs and services in achieving national standards and program improvement; (12) create partnerships between state agencies and philanthropic organizations to assist in the implementation of the coordinated system of early care and education and child development; (13) align the system's policy and program goals with those of the Early Childhood Education Cabinet, pursuant to section 10-16z, and the Head Start advisory committee, pursuant to section 10-16n; (14) ensure a coordinated and comprehensive state-wide system of professional development for providers of early childhood education and child care programs and services; (15) develop familycentered services that assist families in their communities; (16) provide families with opportunities for choice in services including quality child care; (17) integrate early childhood education and special education services; (18)emphasize targeted research-based interventions; (19) organize services into a coherent system; (20) coordinate a comprehensive and accessible delivery system for early childhood education and child care services; (21) focus on performance measures to ensure that services are accountable, effective and accessible to the consumer; (22) promote universal access to early childhood care and education; (23) ensure nonduplication of

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monitoring and evaluation; (24) encourage, promote and coordinate funding for the establishment and administration of local and regional early childhood councils that implement local and regional birth-toeight systems; and (25) perform any other activities that will assist in the provision of early childhood education and child care programs and services.

Sec. 36. Section 10-220d of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

Each local and regional board of education shall provide full access to [regional vocational-technical] technical high schools, regional agricultural science and technology education centers, interdistrict magnet schools, charter schools and interdistrict student attendance programs for the recruitment of students attending the schools under the board's jurisdiction, provided such recruitment is not for the purpose of interscholastic athletic competition. Each local and regional board of education shall provide information relating to technical high schools, regional agricultural science and technology education centers, interdistrict magnet schools, charter schools and interdistrict student attendance programs on the board's web site. Each local and regional board of education shall inform students and parents of students in middle and high schools within such board's jurisdiction of the availability of (1) vocational, technical and technological education and training at [regional vocational-technical] technical high schools, and (2) agricultural science and technology education at regional agricultural science and technology education centers.

- Sec. 37. Section 10-145f of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- 3712 (a) No person shall be formally admitted to a State Board of 3713 Education approved teacher preparation program until such person 3714 has achieved satisfactory scores on the state reading, writing and

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mathematics competency examination prescribed by and administered under the direction of the State Board of Education, or has qualified for a waiver of such test based on criteria established by the State Board of Education.

(b) (1) Any person who does not hold a valid certificate pursuant to section 10-145b, as amended by this act, shall (A) achieve satisfactory scores on the state reading, writing and mathematics competency examination prescribed by and administered under the direction of the State Board of Education, or qualify for a waiver of such test based on criteria approved by the State Board of Education, and (B) achieve a satisfactory evaluation on the appropriate State Board of Education approved subject area assessment in order to be eligible for a certificate pursuant to said section unless such assessment has not been approved by the State Board of Education at the time of application, in which case the applicant shall not be denied a certificate solely because of the lack of an evaluation on such assessment. A person who holds a valid school administrator certificate in another state that is at least equivalent to an initial educator certificate, pursuant to section 10-145b, as amended by this act, as determined by the State Board of Education, and has successfully completed three years of experience as a school administrator in a public school in another state or in a nonpublic school approved by the appropriate state board of education during the ten-year period prior to the date of application for a certificate in a school administration endorsement area shall not be required to meet the state reading, writing and mathematics competency examination.

(2) Any person applying for an additional certification endorsement shall achieve a satisfactory evaluation on the appropriate State Board of Education approved subject area assessment in order to be eligible for such additional endorsement, unless such assessment has not been approved by the State Board of Education at the time of application, in which case the applicant shall not be denied the additional endorsement solely because of the lack of an evaluation on such

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(3) On and after July 1, 1992, any teacher who held a valid teaching certificate but whose certificate lapsed and who had completed all requirements for the issuance of a new certificate pursuant to section 10-145b, as amended by this act, except for filing an application for such certificate, prior to the date on which the lapse occurred, may file, within one year of the date on which the lapse occurred, an application with the Commissioner of Education for the issuance of such certificate. Upon the filing of such an application, the commissioner may grant such certificate and such certificate shall be retroactive to the date on which the lapse occurred, provided the commissioner finds that the lapse of the certificate occurred as a result of a hardship or extenuating circumstances beyond the control of the applicant. If such teacher has attained tenure and is reemployed by the same board of education in any equivalent unfilled position for which the person is qualified as a result of the issuance of a certificate pursuant to this subdivision, the lapse period shall not constitute a break in employment for such person reemployed and shall be used for the purpose of calculating continuous employment pursuant to section 10-151, as amended by this act. If such teacher has not attained tenure, the time unemployed due to the lapse of a certificate shall not be counted toward tenure, except that if such teacher is reemployed by the same board of education as a result of the issuance of a certificate pursuant to this subdivision, such teacher may count the previous continuous employment immediately prior to the lapse towards tenure. Using information provided by the Teachers' Retirement Board, the Department of Education shall annually notify each local or regional board of education of the name of each teacher employed by such board of education whose provisional certificate will expire during the period of twelve months following such notice. Upon receipt of such notice the superintendent of each local and regional board of education shall notify each such teacher in writing, at such teacher's last known address, that the teacher's provisional certificate will expire.

- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection to the contrary, to be eligible for a certificate to teach subjects for which a bachelor's degree is not required, any applicant who is otherwise eligible for certification in such endorsement areas shall be entitled to a certificate without having met the requirements of the competency examination and subject area assessment pursuant to this subsection for a period not to exceed two years, except that for a certificate to teach skilled trades or trade-related or occupational subjects, the commissioner may waive the requirement that the applicant take the competency examination. The commissioner may, upon the showing of good cause, extend the certificate.
- (5) On and after July 1, 2011, any person applying for a certification in the endorsement area of elementary education shall achieve a satisfactory evaluation on the appropriate State Board of Education approved mathematics assessment in order to be eligible for such elementary education endorsement.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and section 10-145b, as amended by this act, the following persons shall be eligible for a nonrenewable [temporary] initial educator certificate: (1) A person who has resided in a state other than Connecticut during the year immediately preceding application for certification in Connecticut and meets the requirements for certification, excluding successful completion of the competency examination and subject matter assessment, if such person holds current teacher certification in a state other than Connecticut and has completed at least one year of successful teaching in another state in a public school or a nonpublic school approved by the appropriate state board of education, (2) a person who has graduated from a teacher preparation program at a college or university outside of the state and regionally accredited, and meets the requirements for certification, excluding successful completion of the competency examination and subject matter assessment, and (3) a person hired by a charter school after July first in any school year for a teaching position that school year, provided the

person hired after said date could reasonably be expected to complete the requirements prescribed in subparagraphs [(B)] (A) and [(C)] (B) of subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of section 10-145b, as amended by this act. The nonrenewable [temporary] <u>initial educator</u> certificate shall be valid for one year from the date it is issued.

[(d) Any person who is first issued a certificate valid after July 1, 1989, or who is reissued a certificate after July 1, 1989, shall, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, be required to achieve a satisfactory evaluation on a professional knowledge clinical assessment not later than the end of the second year of teaching in a public school if hired prior to January first or, if hired on or after January first, not later than the end of the second full school year of teaching following the year in which such person was hired in order to retain the certificate. The commissioner (1) may waive the requirement that such satisfactory evaluation on a professional knowledge clinical assessment be achieved upon a determination that such assessment is not valid for the person's teaching assignment, or (2) upon a showing of good cause, may extend the time limit for the assessment for a period of time not exceeding two years. The requirement of a clinical assessment shall not apply to any such person who has completed at least three years of successful teaching in a public school or a nonpublic school approved by the appropriate state board of education during the ten years immediately preceding the date of application or who successfully taught with a provisional teaching certificate during the year immediately preceding an application for a provisional educator certificate as an employee of a local or regional board of education or facility approved for special education by the State Board of Education. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the State Board of Education may reissue an initial educator certificate to a person who held such certificate and did not achieve a satisfactory evaluation on a professional knowledge clinical assessment provided the person submits evidence demonstrating significant intervening study and experience, in accordance with standards established by the State Board of Education.]

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[(e)] (d) The board shall, by regulation, set all fees to be charged to each person who applies to take the State Board of Education administered competency examination, the subject area assessment or the professional knowledge clinical assessment, which shall be not less than seventy-five dollars for the competency examination and subject area assessment for the elementary level. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section to the contrary, the Commissioner of Education may waive any fee under this section due to a candidate's inability to pay.

[(f)] (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, any person who holds a valid teaching certificate that is at least equivalent to an initial educator certificate, as determined by the State Board of Education, and such certificate is issued by a state other than Connecticut in the subject area or endorsement area for which such person is seeking certification in Connecticut shall not be required to successfully complete the competency examination and subject matter assessment pursuant to this section, if such person has either (1) successfully completed at least three years of teaching experience in the subject area for which such person is seeking certification in Connecticut in the past ten years in a public school or a nonpublic school approved by the appropriate state board of education in such other state, or (2) holds a master's degree or higher in the subject area for which such person is seeking certification in Connecticut.

Sec. 38. Subsection (c) of section 10-145h of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2013):

(c) On and after July 1, 2000, the State Board of Education shall require bilingual education teachers [holding provisional educator certificates] to meet the requirements of this subsection in order to qualify for a professional educator certificate to teach bilingual education. (1) Such bilingual education teachers who teach on the elementary level shall take fifteen credit hours in bilingual education

3880 and fifteen credit hours in language arts, reading and mathematics. (2) Such bilingual education teachers who teach on the middle or 3882 secondary level shall take fifteen credit hours in bilingual education 3883 and fifteen credit hours in the subject matter that they teach. Such 3884 professional educator certificate shall be valid for bilingual education 3885 and the grade level and content area of preparation.

Sec. 39. Subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 10-1450 of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

(1) The Department of Education shall (A) develop a statement for the teacher education and mentoring program that includes the state's goals for state-wide teacher induction, mentoring, professional development and evaluation, using state-wide data and national research findings; (B) distribute state funding to local and regional school districts to assist with implementation of district teacher education and mentoring plans; (C) manage and make accessible to local and regional school districts the data systems needed to document that teachers and mentors have satisfactorily completed the instructional modules; (D) monitor district implementation of the teacher education and mentoring program to ensure fidelity to the program's plan and goals, including random district audits and observations by state personnel; (E) issue [provisional] professional educator certificates to teachers that have satisfactorily completed the induction program and have received the required evaluation ratings pursuant to section 10-145b, as amended by this act; (F) develop guidelines for the creation and approval of district teacher education and mentoring plans, based on input and recommendations from stakeholder groups; and (G) oversee an outside evaluation of the teacher education and mentoring program every three to five years;

Sec. 40. Subdivision (3) of subsection (e) of section 10-1450 of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

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- 3912 (3) Upon successful completion of the instructional modules and final review by the coordinating committee, the superintendent of the school district shall submit the names of the beginning teachers [eligible for receipt of a provisional educator certificate] who have successfully completed such instructional modules to the State Board of Education.
- Sec. 41. Subsection (f) of section 10-1450 of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
  - (f) Local and regional boards of education, in cooperation with the Department of Education, institutions of higher education and regional educational service centers, shall recruit mentors for their teacher education and mentoring program. Those persons eligible to serve as mentors for such programs shall hold a [provisional educator certificate or a] professional educator certificate or a master educator certificate and have at least three years teaching experience in Connecticut, including at least one year of experience in the district in which they are presently employed. Retired certified teachers may also serve as mentors, provided they successfully complete a mentor training program offered by a regional educational service center. Each mentor shall be assigned two beginning teachers, except that in certain circumstances, a mentor may be assigned three beginning teachers. Such assignment shall be reflected in each district's three-year plan. Each mentor shall provide fifty contact hours to each beginning teacher during the program, with the expectation of approximately ten contact hours per module. Mentors shall receive a minimum of a fivehundred-dollar annual stipend for each beginning teacher assigned to such mentor from the local or regional board of education for participation in the teacher education and mentoring program. Such stipend shall be included in a person's total earnings for purposes of retirement.
- 3943 Sec. 42. Subsection (a) of section 10-146b of the general statutes is

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repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 3945 1, 2013):

- (a) Any person who holds a provisional educator or provisional teaching certificate issued prior to July 1, 2013, or held such certificate within one year of application for extension of such certificate and is unable to complete the requirements for a professional educator certificate within the period required, or any person who holds a professional educator certificate or held such certificate within one year of application for extension of such certificate and is unable to complete the requirements for continuation of such professional educator certificate within the period required may appeal to the commissioner for an extension of the applicable period for good cause. If the commissioner finds a hardship exists in the case of such person or finds an emergency situation because of a shortage of certified teachers in the school district where such person is employed, the commissioner may extend such certificate for no more than twentyfour months, effective as of or retroactive to the expiration date of such certificate, provided not more than one extension shall be granted to such person and, provided further, the record of such person is satisfactory under the provisions of sections 10-145a to 10-145d, inclusive, as amended by this act, and this section. For the purposes of section 10-151, as amended by this act, any lapse period pursuant to this section shall not constitute a break in employment for such person if reemployed and shall be used for the purpose of calculating continuous employment.
- Sec. 43. Subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 10-66dd of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- (2) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (5) of this subsection, at least one-half of the persons providing instruction or pupil services in a charter school shall possess the proper certificate other than **[**(A) a certificate issued pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of

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- 3976 section 10-145b, or (B) a temporary an initial educator certificate 3977 issued pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-145f, as amended by this 3978 act, on the day the school begins operation and the remaining persons 3979 shall possess a certificate issued pursuant to said subdivision (1) or 3980 such temporary certificate on such day.
- 3981 Sec. 44. Subsection (a) of section 10-145a of the 2012 supplement to 3982 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 3983 thereof (Effective July 1, 2013):
- 3984 (a) The State Board of Education may, in accordance with section 10-3985 19 and such regulations and qualifications as it prescribes, issue 3986 certificates of qualification to teach, to administer, to supervise or to 3987 serve in other positions requiring certification pursuant to regulations 3988 adopted by the State Board of Education in any public school in the 3989 state and may revoke the same. Any such regulations shall provide 3990 that the qualifications to maintain any administrator, supervisor or 3991 special service certificate shall incorporate the [continuing education] 3992 professional development provisions of subsection [(i)] (g) of section 3993 10-145b, as amended by this act. The certificates of qualification issued 3994 under this section shall be accepted by boards of education in lieu of 3995 any other certificate, provided additional qualifications may be 3996 required by a board of education, in which case the state certificate shall be accepted for such subjects as it includes. 3997
- 3998 Sec. 45. Subsection (c) of section 10-149b of the general statutes is 3999 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 4000 1, 2013):
- 4001 (c) The State Board of Education may revoke the coaching permit, in 4002 accordance with the provisions of subsection [(j)] (i) of section 10-145b, 4003 as amended by this act, of any coach found to be in violation of this 4004 section.
- 4005 Sec. 46. Subsection (b) of section 10-149c of the general statutes is 4006 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July

- 4007 1, 2013):
- 4008 (b) The State Board of Education may revoke the coaching permit, in 4009 accordance with the provisions of subsection [(j)] (i) of section 10-145b, 4010 as amended by this act, of any coach found to be in violation of this 4011 section.
- 4012 Sec. 47. Subsections (e) to (g), inclusive, of section 10-221d of the 4013 2012 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following 4014 is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- 4015 (e) The State Board of Education shall submit, periodically, a 4016 database of applicants for an initial issuance of certificate, 4017 authorization or permit pursuant to sections 10-1440 to 10-149, 4018 inclusive, as amended by this act, to the State Police Bureau of 4019 Identification. The State Police Bureau of Identification shall conduct a 4020 state criminal history records check against such database and notify 4021 the State Board of Education of any such applicant who has a criminal 4022 conviction. The State Board of Education shall not issue a certificate, 4023 authorization or permit until it receives and evaluates the results of 4024 such check and may deny an application in accordance with the 4025 provisions of subsection [(i)] (i) of section 10-145b, as amended by this 4026 act.
  - (f) The State Board of Education shall submit, periodically, a database of all persons who hold certificates, authorizations or permits to the State Police Bureau of Identification. The State Police Bureau of Identification shall conduct a state criminal history records check against such database and shall notify the State Board of Education of any such person who has a criminal conviction. The State Board of Education may revoke the certificate, authorization or permit of such person in accordance with the provisions of subsection [(j)] (i) of section 10-145b, as amended by this act.
- 4036 (g) The State Board of Education shall require each applicant 4037 seeking an initial issuance or renewal of a certificate, authorization or

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permit pursuant to sections 10-144o to 10-149, inclusive, <u>as amended</u> <u>by this act</u>, to submit to a records check of the Department of Children and Families child abuse and neglect registry established pursuant to section 17a-101k. If notification is received that the applicant is listed as a perpetrator of abuse or neglect on the Department of Children and Families child abuse and neglect registry, the board shall deny an application for the certificate, authorization or permit in accordance with the provisions of subsection [(j)] (i) of section 10-145b, <u>as amended by this act</u>, or may revoke the certificate, authorization or permit in accordance with the provisions of said subsection [(j)] (i).

Sec. 48. Subsection (a) of section 17a-101i of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, after an investigation has been completed and the Commissioner of Children and Families, based upon the results of the investigation, (1) has reasonable cause to believe that a child has been abused or neglected by a school employee, as defined in section 53a-65, who has been entrusted with the care of a child and who holds a certificate, permit or authorization issued by the State Board of Education, or (2) has recommended that such employee be placed on the Department of Children and Families child abuse and neglect registry established pursuant to section 17a-101k, the commissioner shall, not later than five working days after such finding, notify the employing superintendent and the Commissioner of Education of such finding and shall provide records, whether or not created by the department, concerning such investigation to the superintendent and the Commissioner of Education. The superintendent shall suspend such school employee. The Commissioner of Children and Families shall provide such notice whether or not the child was a student in the employing school or school district. Such suspension shall be with pay and shall not result in the diminution or termination of benefits to such employee. Not later than seventy-two hours after such suspension the

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superintendent shall notify the local or regional board of education and the Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's representative, of the reasons for and conditions of the suspension. The superintendent shall disclose such records to the Commissioner of Education and the local or regional board of education or its attorney for purposes of review of employment status or the status of such employee's certificate, permit or authorization. The suspension of a school employee employed in a position requiring a certificate shall remain in effect until the board of education acts pursuant to the provisions of section 10-151, as amended by this act. If the contract of employment of such certified school employee is terminated, or such certified school employee resigns such employment, superintendent shall notify the Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's representative, within seventy-two hours after such termination or resignation. Upon receipt of such notice from the superintendent, the Commissioner of Education may commence certification revocation proceedings pursuant to the provisions of subsection [(j)] (i) of section 10-145b, as amended by this act. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 1-210 and 1-211, information received by the Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's representative, pursuant to this section shall be confidential subject to regulations adopted by the State Board of Education under section 10-145g.

Sec. 49. Subsection (d) of section 20-195u of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 4096 1, 2013):

(d) A person licensed pursuant to this chapter who holds a professional educator certificate that is endorsed for school social work and issued by the State Board of Education pursuant to sections 10-1440 to 10-149, inclusive, as amended by this act, may satisfy the [continuing education requirements contained in this section by successfully completing] professional development [activities] requirements pursuant to [subdivision (1) of] subsection [(l)] (g) of

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- section 10-145b, <u>as amended by this act.</u> [provided the number of continuing education hours completed by such person is equal to the number of hours per registration period required by this section.]
- Sec. 50. Section 10-74f of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- 4109 Each local or regional board of education with jurisdiction over an 4110 elementary or middle school that fails to [make adequate yearly 4111 progress based on whole school academic achievement] meet accountability benchmarks in mathematics, reading, or both, as 4112 4113 determined under the state-wide [accountability] performance 4114 management and support plan adopted under section 10-223e, as 4115 amended by this act, [for two consecutive years] and is classified as a 4116 category three school, may reorganize such school to provide that:
- (1) (A) The school be organized in academies, each containing a maximum of one hundred seventy-five students divided into different classes based on grade. (B) Each academy include all grade levels at the school. (C) Students be randomly assigned to academies. (D) The academies have different themes but the curriculum be the same in all.
  - (2) (A) The school principal appoint a teacher as team leader for each academy based on evaluations pursuant to section 10-151b, as amended by this act. (B) Team leaders not be teacher supervisors, but be literacy, mathematics or science specialists. (C) Team leaders work with the school's regular classroom teachers to: (i) Plan lessons; (ii) look at student data; (iii) work with small groups of students; (iv) provide model lessons; and (v) plan school and academy-wide activities.
- 4130 (3) Each class in each academy have a ninety-minute mathematics 4131 block and a two-hour literacy block every day.
- 4132 (4) Each student in the school have an individual education plan 4133 that incorporates the student's personal reading plan if the student is

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- 4134 required to have a reading plan pursuant to section 10-265g or 10-265l,
- 4135 provided any child with an individual educational program developed
- 4136 pursuant to section 10-76d, as amended by this act, follows such
- 4137 program.
- 4138 (5) All teachers in the school of the same grade level meet weekly to
- 4139 plan lessons.
- 4140 (6) Teachers meet daily in teams based on grade level to plan
- 4141 lessons.
- 4142 (7) Teachers meet once a week with the team leader and the school
- 4143 principal to look at student work and data, evaluate instruction and
- 4144 make adjustments and changes in instruction.
- 4145 (8) Students receive regular assessments, including short assessment
- 4146 tests every two weeks, that evaluate short-term progress and district-
- 4147 wide assessment tests every six weeks that evaluate a student's
- 4148 progress toward long-term objectives.
- 4149 (9) Any child who is falling behind based on assessments conducted
- 4150 under subdivision (8) of this section be the subject of a meeting with
- 4151 teachers, school principal and parents.
- Sec. 51. Subsection (a) of section 10-223f of the general statutes is
- 4153 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July
- 4154 1, 2012):
- 4155 (a) For the fiscal years ending June 30, 2008, to June 30, 2013,
- 4156 inclusive, there shall be a pilot program concerning [the determination
- 4157 of adequate yearly progress] accountability determination for the
- 4158 school districts for Bridgeport, Hartford and New Haven. Under the
- 4159 program, the Department of Education shall determine [the adequate
- 4160 yearly progress] whether accountability benchmarks, as [defined]
- 4161 <u>described</u> in the [state accountability] <u>state-wide performance</u>
- 4162 management and support plan prepared in accordance with
- subsection (a) of section 10-223e, as amended by this act, for each

- district <u>have been met</u> with data from each school under the jurisdiction of the board of education for such district and data from any state charter school, as defined in subdivision (3) of section 10-66aa, located in such district, provided the local board of education for such district and the charter school reach mutual agreement for the inclusion of the data from the charter schools and the terms of such agreement are approved by the State Board of Education.
- Sec. 52. Section 10-66bb of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- 4174 (a) On and after July 1, 1997, the State Board of Education may grant 4175 charters for local and state charter schools in accordance with this 4176 section.
- 4177 (b) Any person, association, corporation, organization or other 4178 entity, public or independent institution of higher education, local or 4179 regional board of education or two or more boards of education 4180 cooperatively, or regional educational service center may apply to the 4181 Commissioner of Education, at such time and in such manner as the 4182 commissioner prescribes, to establish a charter school, provided no 4183 nonpublic elementary or secondary school may be established as a 4184 charter school and no parent or group of parents providing home 4185 instruction may establish a charter school for such instruction.
  - (c) [The] On and after July 1, 2012, the State Board of Education shall review, annually, all applications and grant charters, in accordance with [subsection] subsections (e) and (f) of this section, for a local or state charter school located in a town that has one or more schools that have been designated as a commissioner's network school, pursuant to section 10-223e, as amended by this act, at the time of such application, or a town that has been designated as a low achieving school district, pursuant to section 10-223e, as amended by this act, at the time of such application. (1) Except as provided for in subdivision (2) of this subsection, no state charter school shall enroll (A) (i) more than two

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4196 hundred fifty students, or (ii) in the case of a kindergarten to grade 4197 eight, inclusive, school, more than three hundred students, or (B) 4198 twenty-five per cent of the enrollment of the school district in which 4199 the state charter school is to be located, whichever is less. (2) In the case of a state charter school found by the State Board of Education to 4200 4201 have a demonstrated record of achievement, said board shall, upon 4202 application by such school to said board, waive the provisions of 4203 subdivision (1) of this subsection for such school. (3) The State Board of 4204 Education shall give preference to applicants for charter schools (A) 4205 whose primary purpose is the establishment of education programs 4206 designed to serve one or more of the following student populations: (i) Students with a history of low academic performance, (ii) students 4207 4208 who receive free or reduced priced lunches pursuant to federal law 4209 and regulations, (iii) students with a history of behavioral and social 4210 difficulties, (iv) students identified as requiring special education, or 4211 (v) students who are English language learners; (B) whose primary purpose is to improve the academic performance of an existing school 4212 4213 that consistently demonstrated substandard academic has 4214 performance, as determined by the Commissioner of Education; (C) 4215 that will serve students who reside in a priority school district 4216 pursuant to section 10-266p, as amended by this act; [or] (D) that will 4217 serve students who reside in a district in which seventy-five per cent 4218 or more of the enrolled students are members of racial or ethnic 4219 minorities; [and to applicants for state charter schools that] (E) that demonstrate highly credible and specific strategies to attract, enroll 4220 4221 and retain students from among the following populations: (i) 4222 Students with a history of low academic performance, (ii) students 4223 who receive free or reduced priced lunches pursuant to federal law 4224 and regulations, (iii) students with a history of behavioral and social 4225 difficulties, (iv) students identified as requiring special education, or 4226 (v) students who are English language learners; or (F) that, in the case 4227 of an applicant for a state charter school, such state charter school will 4228 be located at a work-site or that are institutions of higher education. In 4229 determining whether to grant a charter, the State Board of Education shall consider the effect of the proposed charter school on the reduction of racial, ethnic and economic isolation in the region in which it is to be located, the regional distribution of charter schools in the state and the potential of over-concentration of charter schools within a school district or in contiguous school districts.

(d) Applications pursuant to this section shall include a description of: (1) The mission, purpose and any specialized focus of the proposed charter school; (2) the interest in the community for the establishment of the charter school; (3) the school governance and procedures for the establishment of a governing council that (A) includes (i) teachers and parents and guardians of students enrolled in the school, and (ii) the chairperson of the local or regional board of education of the town in which the charter school is located and which has jurisdiction over a school that resembles the approximate grade configuration of the charter school, or the designee of such chairperson, provided such designee is a member of the board of education or the superintendent of schools for the school district, and (B) is responsible for the oversight of charter school operations, provided no member or employee of the governing council may have a personal or financial interest in the assets, real or personal, of the school; (4) the financial plan for operation of the school, provided no application fees or other fees for attendance, except as provided in this section, may be charged; (5) the educational program, instructional methodology and services to be offered to students; (6) the number and qualifications of teachers and administrators to be employed in the school; (7) the organization of the school in terms of the ages or grades to be taught and the total estimated enrollment of the school; (8) the student admission criteria and procedures to (A) ensure effective public information, (B) ensure open access on a space available basis, (C) promote a diverse student body, and (D) ensure that the school complies with the provisions of section 10-15c and that it does not discriminate on the basis of disability, athletic performance or proficiency in the English language, provided the school may limit enrollment to a particular grade level or specialized educational focus and, if there is not space available for all

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students seeking enrollment, the school may give preference to siblings but shall otherwise determine enrollment by a lottery, except the State Board of Education may waive the requirements for such enrollment lottery pursuant to subsection (j) of this section; (9) a means to assess student performance that includes participation in state-wide mastery examinations pursuant to chapter 163c; (10) procedures for teacher evaluation and professional development for teachers and administrators; (11)the provision of school facilities, pupil transportation and student health and welfare services; (12) procedures to encourage involvement by parents and guardians of enrolled students in student learning, school activities and school decision-making; (13) procedures to document efforts to increase the racial and ethnic diversity of staff; [and] (14) a five-year plan to sustain the maintenance and operation of the school; and (15) a student recruitment and retention plan that shall include, but not be limited to, a clear description of a plan and the capacity of the school to attract, enroll and retain students from among the following populations: (A) Students with a history of low academic performance, (B) students who receive free or reduced priced lunches pursuant to federal law and regulations, (C) students with a history of behavioral and social difficulties, (D) students identified as requiring special education, or (E) students who are English language learners. Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of section 10-66dd, an application may include, or a charter school may file, requests to waive provisions of the general statutes and regulations not required by sections 10-66aa to 10-66ff, inclusive, as amended by this act, and which are within the jurisdiction of the State Board of Education.

(e) An application for the establishment of a local charter school shall be submitted to the local or regional board of education of the school district in which the local charter school is to be located for approval pursuant to this subsection. The local or regional board of education shall: (1) Review the application; (2) hold a public hearing in the school district on such application; (3) survey teachers and parents in the school district to determine if there is sufficient interest in the

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establishment and operation of the local charter school; and (4) vote on a complete application not later than sixty days after the date of receipt of such application. Such board of education may approve the application by a majority vote of the members of the board present and voting at a regular or special meeting of the board called for such purpose. If the application is approved, the board shall forward the application to the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall vote on the application not later than seventy-five days after the date of receipt of such application. Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, the State Board of Education may approve the application and grant the charter for the local charter school or reject such application by a majority vote of the members of the state board present and voting at a regular or special meeting of the state board called for such purpose. The State Board of Education may condition the opening of such school on the school's meeting certain conditions determined by the Commissioner of Education to be necessary and may authorize the commissioner to release the charter when the commissioner determines such conditions are met. The state board may grant the charter for the local charter school for a period of time of up to five years and may allow the applicant to delay its opening for a period of up to one school year in order for the applicant to fully prepare to provide appropriate instructional services.

(f) An application for the establishment of a state charter school shall be (1) submitted to the State Board of Education for approval in accordance with the provisions of this subsection, and (2) filed with the local or regional board of education in the school district in which the charter school is to be located. The state board shall: (A) Review such application; (B) hold a public hearing on such application in the school district in which such state charter school is to be located; (C) solicit and review comments on the application from the local or regional board of education for the school district in which such charter school is to be located and from the local or regional boards of education for school districts that are contiguous to the district in which such school is to be located; and (D) vote on a complete application not later than

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ninety days after the date of receipt of such application. The State Board of Education may approve an application and grant the charter for the state charter school by a majority vote of the members of the state board present and voting at a regular or special meeting of the state board called for such purpose. The State Board of Education may condition the opening of such school on the school's meeting certain conditions determined by the Commissioner of Education to be necessary and may authorize the commissioner to release the charter when the commissioner determines such conditions are met. Charters shall be granted for a period of time of up to five years and may allow the applicant to delay its opening for a period of up to one school year in order for the applicant to fully prepare to provide appropriate instructional services.

(g) Charters may be renewed, upon application, in accordance with the provisions of this section for the granting of such charters. Upon application for such renewal, the State Board of Education may commission an independent appraisal of the performance of the charter school that includes, but is not limited to, an evaluation of the school's compliance with the provisions of this section. The State Board of Education shall consider the results of any such appraisal in determining whether to renew such charter. The State Board of Education may deny an application for the renewal of a charter if (1) student progress has not been sufficiently demonstrated, as determined by the commissioner, (2) the governing council has not been sufficiently responsible for the operation of the school or has misused or spent public funds in a manner that is detrimental to the educational interests of the students attending the charter school, [or] (3) the school has not been in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, or (4) the efforts of the school have been insufficient to effectively attract, enroll and retain students from among the following populations: (A) Students with a history of low academic performance, (B) students who receive free or reduced priced lunches pursuant to federal law and regulations, (C) students with a history of behavioral and social difficulties, (D) students identified as requiring special

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education, or (E) students who are English language learners. If the State Board of Education does not renew a charter, it shall notify the governing council of the charter school of the reasons for such nonrenewal.

(h) The Commissioner of Education may at any time place a charter school on probation if (1) the school has failed to (A) adequately demonstrate student progress, as determined by the commissioner, (B) comply with the terms of its charter or with applicable laws and regulations, (C) achieve measurable progress in reducing racial, ethnic and economic isolation, or (D) maintain its nonsectarian status, or (2) the governing council has demonstrated an inability to provide effective leadership to oversee the operation of the charter school or has not ensured that public funds are expended prudently or in a manner required by law. If a charter school is placed on probation, the commissioner shall provide written notice to the charter school of the reasons for such placement, not later than five days after the placement, and shall require the charter school to file with the Department of Education a corrective action plan acceptable to the commissioner not later than thirty-five days from the date of such placement. The charter school shall implement a corrective action plan accepted by the commissioner not later than thirty days after the date of such acceptance. The commissioner may impose any additional terms of probation on the school that the commissioner deems necessary to protect the educational or financial interests of the state. The charter school shall comply with any such additional terms not later than thirty days after the date of their imposition. The commissioner shall determine the length of time of the probationary period, which may be up to one year, provided the commissioner may extend such period, for up to one additional year, if the commissioner deems it necessary. In the event that the charter school does not file or implement the corrective action plan within the required time period or does not comply with any additional terms within the required time period, the Commissioner of Education may withhold grant funds from the school until the plan is fully implemented or the school

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complies with the terms of probation, provided the commissioner may extend the time period for such implementation and compliance for good cause shown. Whenever a charter school is placed on probation, the commissioner shall notify the parents or guardians of students attending the school of the probationary status of the school and the reasons for such status. During the term of probation, the commissioner may require the school to file interim reports concerning any matter the commissioner deems relevant to the probationary status of the school, including financial reports or statements. No charter school on probation may increase its student enrollment or engage in the recruitment of new students without the consent of the commissioner.

(i) The State Board of Education may revoke a charter if a charter school has failed to: (1) Comply with the terms of probation, including the failure to file or implement a corrective action plan; (2) demonstrate satisfactory student progress, as determined by the commissioner; (3) comply with the terms of its charter or applicable laws and regulations; or (4) manage its public funds in a prudent or legal manner. Unless an emergency exists, prior to revoking a charter, the State Board of Education shall provide the governing council of the charter school with a written notice of the reasons for the revocation, including the identification of specific incidents of noncompliance with the law, regulation or charter or other matters warranting revocation of the charter. It shall also provide the governing council with the opportunity to demonstrate compliance with all requirements for the retention of its charter by providing the State Board of Education or a subcommittee of the board, as determined by the State Board of Education, with a written or oral presentation. Such presentation shall include an opportunity for the governing council to present documentary and testimonial evidence to refute the facts cited by the State Board of Education for the proposed revocation or in justification of its activities. Such opportunity shall not constitute a contested case within the meaning of chapter 54. The State Board of Education shall determine, not later than thirty days after the date of an oral

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4434 presentation or receipt of a written presentation, whether and when 4435 the charter shall be revoked and notify the governing council of the 4436 decision and the reasons therefor. A decision to revoke a charter shall 4437 not constitute a final decision for purposes of chapter 54. In the event an emergency exists in which the commissioner finds that there is 4438 4439 imminent harm to the students attending a charter school, the State 4440 Board of Education may immediately revoke the charter of the school, 4441 provided the notice concerning the reasons for the revocation is sent to the governing council not later than ten days after the date of 4442 4443 revocation and the governing council is provided an opportunity to 4444 make a presentation to the board not later than twenty days from the 4445 date of such notice.

- (j) The governing council of a local or state charter school may apply to the State Board of Education for a waiver of the requirements of the enrollment lottery described in subsection (d) of this section, provided such waiver is for the purpose of allowing preference to be given to students from among the following populations: (1) Students with a history of low academic performance, (2) students who receive free or reduced priced lunches pursuant to federal law and regulations, (3) students with a history of behavioral and social difficulties, (4) students identified as requiring special education, or (5) students who are English language learners.
- Sec. 53. Section 10-95 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- 4458 (a) The State Board of Education may establish and maintain a state-4459 wide system of regional vocational-technical schools to be known as 4460 the Connecticut Technical High School System. The Connecticut 4461 Technical High School System shall be governed by a board of education. Such board shall consist of eleven members as follows: (1) 4462 4463 Four executives of Connecticut-based employers who shall be 4464 nominated by the regional chambers of commerce and business 4465 associations and appointed by the Governor, (2) five members

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- appointed by the State Board of Education, (3) the Commissioner of
- 4467 the Economic and Community Development, and (4) the Labor
- 4468 <u>Commissioner. The Governor shall appoint the chairperson. The</u>
- 4469 <u>chairperson of the Connecticut Technical High School System board</u>
- shall serve as a nonvoting ex-officio member of the State Board of
- 4471 Education.
- 4472 (b) The Connecticut Technical High School System board shall offer
- 4473 [offering] full-time, part-time and evening programs in vocational,
- 4474 technical and technological education and training. The board may
- 4475 make regulations controlling the admission of students to any such
- school. The Commissioner of Education, in accordance with policies
- established by the board, may appoint and remove members of the
- 4478 staffs of such schools and make rules for the management of and
- expend the funds provided for the support of such schools. The board
- 4480 may enter into cooperative arrangements with local and regional
- 4481 boards of education, private occupational schools, institutions of
- 4482 higher education, job training agencies and employers in order to
- 4483 provide general education, vocational, technical or technological
- 4484 education or work experience.
- [(b)] (c) If the New England Association of Schools and Colleges
- 4486 places a regional vocational-technical school on probation or otherwise
- 4487 notifies the superintendent of the vocational-technical school system
- 4488 that a regional vocational-technical school is at risk of losing its
- 4489 accreditation, the Commissioner of Education, on behalf of the
- 4490 Connecticut Technical High School System board, shall notify the joint
- 4491 standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of
- 4492 matters relating to education of such placement or problems relating to
- 4493 accreditation.
- [(c)] (d) The [State Board of Education] Connecticut Technical High
- 4495 School System board shall establish specific achievement goals for
- 4496 students at the vocational-technical schools at each grade level. The
- 4497 board shall measure the performance of each vocational-technical

- school and shall identify a set of quantifiable measures to be used. The measures shall include factors such as performance on the state-wide tenth grade mastery examination under section 10-14n, trade-related assessment tests, dropout rates and graduation rates.
- Sec. 54. Section 10-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
  - (a) (1) Prior to July 1, 1998, the State Board of Education shall consist of nine members. On and after July 1, 1998, but prior to July 1, 2010, the State Board of Education shall consist of eleven members, two of whom shall be nonvoting student members.
  - (2) On and after July 1, 2010, but prior to April 1, 2011, the State Board of Education shall consist of thirteen members, at least two of whom shall have experience in manufacturing or a trade offered at the regional vocational-technical schools or be alumni of or have served as educators at a regional vocational-technical school and two of whom shall be nonvoting student members. Only those members with experience in manufacturing or a trade offered at the regional vocational-technical schools or are alumni of or have served as educators at a regional vocational-technical school shall be eligible to serve as the chairperson for the regional vocational-technical school subcommittee of the board.
  - (3) On and after April 1, 2011, <u>but prior to July 1, 2012</u>, the State Board of Education shall consist of thirteen members, (A) at least two of whom shall have experience in manufacturing or a trade offered at the regional vocational-technical schools or be alumni of or have served as educators at a regional vocational-technical school, (B) at least one of whom shall have experience in agriculture or be an alumni of or have served as an educator at a regional agricultural science and technology education center, and (C) two of whom shall be nonvoting student members. Only those members described in subparagraph (A) of this subdivision shall be eligible to serve as the chairperson for the regional vocational-technical school subcommittee of the board.

- 4530 (4) On and after July 1, 2012, the State Board of Education shall consist of fourteen members, (A) at least two of whom shall have 4531 4532 experience in manufacturing or a trade offered at the technical high 4533 schools or be alumni of or have served as educators at a technical high 4534 school, (B) at least one of whom shall have experience in agriculture or 4535 be an alumni of or have served as an educator at a regional agricultural 4536 science and technology education center, and (C) two of whom shall be 4537 nonvoting student members.
- 4538 (b) The Governor shall appoint, with the advice and consent of the 4539 General Assembly, the members of said board, provided each student 4540 member (1) is on the list submitted to the Governor pursuant to section 4541 10-2a, (2) is enrolled in a public high school in the state, (3) has 4542 completed eleventh grade prior to the commencement of his term, (4) 4543 has at least a B plus average, and (5) provides at least three references 4544 from teachers in the school he is attending. The nonstudent members 4545 shall serve for terms of four years commencing on March first in the 4546 year of their appointment. The student members shall serve for terms of one year commencing on July first in the year of their appointment. 4547 The president of the Board of Regents for Higher Education and the 4548 4549 chairperson of the Connecticut Technical High School System board 4550 shall serve as an ex-officio [member] members without a vote. Any 4551 vacancy in said State Board of Education shall be filled in the manner 4552 provided in section 4-19.
  - Sec. 55. Subsection (b) of section 3-20f of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
  - (b) Notwithstanding section 3-20, to the extent there is a sufficient balance of bonds approved by the General Assembly pursuant to any bond act for the purposes of general maintenance and trade and capital equipment for any school in the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System, but not allocated by the State Bond Commission, said commission shall vote

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4562 on whether to authorize the issuance of at least two million dollars of 4563 such bonds for such maintenance and equipment at each of said 4564 commission's regularly scheduled meetings occurring in August and 4565 February of each year. If no meeting is held in said months, said 4566 commission shall vote on whether to authorize the issuance of such 4567 bonds at its next regularly scheduled meeting. To the extent there is a 4568 sufficient balance of bonds so approved by the General Assembly and 4569 there are pending general maintenance and trade and capital 4570 equipment transactions in excess of two million dollars, the 4571 [superintendent] chairperson of the [regional vocational-technical 4572 school system] Connecticut Technical High School System may 4573 request, and the State Bond Commission shall vote on whether to 4574 authorize the issuance of, bonds in excess of two million dollars. To the 4575 extent the balance of bonds so approved by the General Assembly is 4576 below two million dollars at the time of said commission's August or 4577 February meeting, said commission shall vote on whether to authorize 4578 the issuance of the remaining balance of such bonds.

4579 Sec. 56. Section 4-124gg of the 2012 supplement to the general 4580 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof 4581 (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

Not later than October 1, 2012, the Labor Commissioner, with the assistance of the Office of Workforce Competitiveness and in consultation with the [superintendent] chairperson of the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System, shall create an integrated system of state-wide industry advisory committees for each career cluster offered as part of the [regional vocational-technical school] technical high school and regional community-technical college systems. Said committees shall include industry representatives of the specific career cluster. Each committee for a career cluster shall, with support from the Labor Department, [regional vocational-technical] Connecticut Technical High School System and regional community-technical college [systems] system and the Department of Education, establish specific

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4595 skills standards, corresponding curriculum and a career ladder for the cluster which shall be implemented as part of the schools' core 4596 4597 curriculum.

- 4598 Sec. 57. Section 10-4r of the general statutes is repealed and the 4599 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- 4600 On or before July 1, 2011, the State Board of Education shall develop 4601 recommendations regarding the definition of region for purposes of 4602 attendance in the [regional vocational-technical school system] 4603 Connecticut Technical High School System. The board shall submit 4604 such recommendations, in accordance with the provisions of section 4605 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having 4606 cognizance of matters relating to education.
- 4607 Sec. 58. Subsection (a) of section 10-20a of the 2012 supplement to 4608 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 4609 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- 4610 (a) Local and regional boards of education, the [regional vocational-4611 technical school system Connecticut Technical High School System, 4612 postsecondary institutions and regional educational service centers, 4613 may (1) in consultation with regional workforce development boards 4614 established pursuant to section 31-3k, local employers, labor 4615 organizations and community-based organizations establish career 4616 pathway programs leading to a Connecticut career certificate in 4617 accordance with this section, and (2) enroll students in such programs 4618 based on entry criteria determined by the establishing agency. Such 4619 programs shall be approved by the Commissioner of Education and 4620 the Labor Commissioner. Applications for program approval shall be submitted to the Commissioner of Education in such form and at such 4621 4622 time as the commissioner prescribes. All programs leading to a 4623 Connecticut career certificate shall provide equal access for all students 4624 and necessary accommodations and support for students with 4625 disabilities.

- Sec. 59. Section 10-95h of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2012):
- (a) Not later than November thirtieth each year, the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education, higher education and employment advancement and labor shall meet with the [superintendent] chairperson of the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System, the Labor Commissioner, the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development and such other persons as they deem appropriate to consider the items submitted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.
  - (b) On or before November fifteenth, annually:
  - (1) The Labor Commissioner shall submit the following to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education, higher education and employment advancement and labor: (A) Information identifying general economic trends in the state; (B) occupational information regarding the public and private sectors, such as continuous data on occupational movements; and (C) information identifying emerging regional, state and national workforce needs over the next thirty years.
  - (2) The [superintendent] <u>chairperson</u> of the [regional vocational-technical school system] <u>Connecticut Technical High School System</u> shall submit the following to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education, higher education and employment advancement and labor: (A) Information ensuring that the curriculum of the [regional vocational-technical school system] <u>Connecticut Technical High School System</u> is incorporating those workforce skills that will be needed for the next thirty years, as identified by the Labor Commissioner in subdivision (1) of this subsection, into the [regional vocational-technical schools] technical high schools; (B) information regarding the employment

4658 status of students who graduate from the [regional vocational-4659 technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System; 4660 (C) an assessment of the adequacy of the resources available to the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical 4661 4662 High School System as the system develops and refines programs to 4663 existing and emerging workforce needs; meet 4664 recommendations to the State Board of Education to carry out the 4665 provisions of subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, of this subdivision.

- 4666 (3) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development 4667 shall submit the following to the joint standing committees of the 4668 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education, higher education and employment advancement and labor: (A) 4669 4670 Information regarding the relationship between the Department of 4671 Economic and Community Development and the [regional vocational-4672 technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System, 4673 (B) information regarding coordinated efforts of the department and 4674 vocational-technical school system] Connecticut [regional 4675 Technical High School System to collaborate with the business 4676 community, (C) information on workforce training needs identified by 4677 the department through its contact with businesses, 4678 recommendations regarding how the department and the [regional 4679 vocational-technical school system Connecticut Technical High School 4680 System can coordinate or improve efforts to address the workforce 4681 training needs identified in subparagraph (C) of this subdivision, (E) 4682 information regarding the efforts of the department to utilize the 4683 [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical 4684 High School System in business assistance and economic development 4685 programs offered by the department, and (F) any additional 4686 information the commissioner deems relevant.
- Sec. 60. Section 10-95i of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- 4689 (a) Not later than January 1, 1990, and every five years thereafter,

the State Board of Education shall adopt a long-range plan of priorities and goals for the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System. The plan shall address coordination with other providers of vocational, technical or technological education or training and shall include (1) an analysis of the activities described in subsections (b) and (c) of this section and how such activities relate to the long-range plan of priorities and goals, and (2) a summary of activities related to capital improvements and equipment pursuant to subsection (d) of this section. Upon adoption of the plan, the state board shall file the plan with the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education, finance, revenue and bonding appropriations and the budgets of state agencies. The state board shall use the plan in preparing its five-year comprehensive plan pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-4.

(b) During the five-year period beginning January 1, 1990, and during each five-year period thereafter, the State Board of Education shall evaluate each existing [regional vocational-technical school] technical high school trade program in accordance with a schedule which the state board shall establish. A trade program may be reauthorized for a period of not more than five years following each evaluation on the basis of: The projected employment demand for students enrolled in the trade program, including consideration of the employment of graduates of the program during the preceding five years; anticipated technological changes; the availability of qualified instructors; the existence of similar programs at other educational institutions; and student interest in the trade program. As part of the evaluation, the state board shall consider geographic differences that may make a trade program feasible at one school and not another and whether certain combinations of program offerings shall be required. Prior to any final decision on the reauthorization of a trade program, the state board shall consult with the craft committees for the trade program being evaluated.

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- (c) The state board shall consider the addition of new trade programs. Decisions by the state board to add such programs shall at a minimum be based on the projected employment demand for graduates of the program, the cost of establishing the program, the availability of qualified instructors, the existence of similar programs at other educational institutions and the interest of students in the trade. The state board shall authorize new trade programs for a maximum of five years. The state board shall provide a process for the public, including, but not limited to, employers, parents, students or teachers, to request consideration of the establishment of a new trade program.
- (d) The State Board of Education shall maintain a rolling five-year capital improvement and capital equipment plan that identifies: (1) Alterations, renovations and repairs that each [vocational-technical school] technical high school is expected to need, including, but not limited to, grounds and athletic fields, heating and ventilation systems, wiring, roofs, and windows, and the cost of such projects, (2) recommendations for energy efficiency improvements to each school and the cost of such improvements, and (3) the specific equipment each [regional vocational-technical school] technical high school is expected to need, based on the useful life of existing equipment and projections of changing technology and the estimated cost of the equipment. The State Board of Education shall submit such plan, annually, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education, finance, revenue and bonding and appropriations and the budgets of state agencies.
- Sec. 61. Section 10-95k of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
  - (a) Not later than January 1, 1995, and biennially thereafter, the State Board of Education shall prepare a summary report concerning the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System and shall submit the report to the joint standing

committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education. The report shall include demographic information for the preceding two school years on applicants for admission, students enrolled and graduates, and a summary of the capital and operating expenditures. Such information shall be provided for the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System and for each [regional vocational-technical school technical high school and satellite facility. Enrollment information shall be reported by race and sex and by specific trade programs. Applicant information shall include the number of applicants, the number accepted and the number enrolled reported by race and sex. Enrollment capacity for each school and projected enrollment capacity for the subsequent school year shall be developed on the basis of a standardized format and shall be reported for each school and satellite facility. The report shall also include assessment of student outcomes including, but not limited to, mastery examination results pursuant to section 10-14n, retention and completion rates, and postsecondary education or employment based on graduate follow-up and, for purposes of employment placement, state unemployment insurance wage records.

(b) Reports prepared and submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section on and after January 1, 1995, shall identify each [regional vocational-technical school] technical high school for which enrollment on the preceding October first was less than seventy per cent of the enrollment capacity identified in the report pursuant to this section for the prior year. For each such school the report shall include an analysis of: (1) The reasons for such enrollment, including, but not limited to, the interest in the specific trade programs offered, the resources needed to serve special education students, demographic changes and the existence of alternative vocational, technical and technological educational training programs in the region in which the school is located; (2) the likelihood that enrollment will increase or decrease in the future; (3) any alternative uses for unused space in the facility; and (4) a recommendation on the steps to be taken to improve enrollment

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- or a timetable for closing the school. In preparing the analysis, the State Board of Education shall provide an opportunity for public comment.
- Sec. 62. Section 10-95m of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- (a) The Department of Education shall conduct a study of the relationship between admissions scores and performance within the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System using the classes graduating in 2003, 2004 and 2005.
  - (b) The department shall report periodically, in accordance with this subsection and section 11-4a, on the study to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education.
  - (1) On or before January 1, 2002, the department shall describe (A) the number and distribution of students by class in each of the [regional vocational-technical schools] technical high schools, (B) the format and contents of the initial data base developed to carry out the study, (C) the measures, such as the scores on the state-wide tenth grade mastery examination under section 10-14n, grade point average, class rank, dropout rates, or trade specific assessment tests, selected to assess the ability of the individual components of the admissions score to predict success in the [vocational-technical school] technical high school, and (D) any other factors the department deems relevant to conducting the study or understanding the results of the study;
  - (2) On or before January 1, 2003, the department shall present preliminary results of the study based on data analysis through the first quarter of the school year commencing in 2002, including the relevance of the individual components of the admissions score to the assessment measures, and shall provide statistics on the number of students from each class for the classes graduating in 2003, 2004 and

- 4820 2005 who have withdrawn from a [vocational-technical school] 4821 <u>technical high school</u>;
- (3) On or before January 1, 2004, the department shall (A) present final results for the class of 2003, including graduation rates and the results of the postgraduation survey, (B) using such results, predict the probability of a [vocational-technical school] technical high school student's being successful based on the components of the student's admissions score, and (C) evaluate the results and discuss whether it feels any changes are needed in the admissions policies;
  - (4) On or before January 1, 2005, the department shall present the final results for the class of 2004, and explain any differences between said class and the class of 2003; and
- (5) On or before January 1, 2006, the department shall submit its final report, including (A) final results for the class of 2005, (B) using such results, predict the probability of a [vocational-technical school] technical high school student being successful based on the elements of the student's admissions score, and (C) describe any changes it intends to make in the system's admissions policies.
- Sec. 63. Section 10-96c of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2012):
- 4841 The Commissioner of Education may indemnify and hold harmless any person, as defined in section 1-79, who makes a gift of tangible 4842 4843 property or properties with a fair market value in excess of one 4844 thousand dollars to the Department of Education or the [regional 4845 vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School 4846 System for instructional purposes. Any indemnification under this 4847 section shall be solely for any damages caused as a result of the use of 4848 such tangible property, provided there shall be no indemnification for 4849 any liability resulting from (1) intentional or wilful misconduct by the 4850 person providing such tangible property to the department or the

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- 4851 [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical
- 4852 <u>High School System</u>, or (2) hidden defects in such tangible property
- 4853 that are known to and not disclosed by the person providing such
- 4854 tangible property to the department or the [regional vocational-
- 4855 technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System at
- 4856 the time the gift is made.
- Sec. 64. Section 10-97a of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 4858 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- On or before July 15, 2010, and annually thereafter, the State Board
- 4860 of Education shall arrange for the inspection, in accordance with the
- 4861 provisions of section 14-282a, of those school buses, as defined in
- section 14-275, in operation in the [regional vocational-technical school
- 4863 system] Connecticut Technical High School System.
- Sec. 65. Section 10-97b of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 4865 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- 4866 (a) On and after July 1, 2010, the State Board of Education shall
- replace any school bus that (1) is twelve years or older and is in service
- 4868 at any [regional vocational-technical school] technical high school, or
- 4869 (2) has been subject to an out-of-service order, as defined in section 14-
- 4870 1, for two consecutive years for the same reason.
- 4871 (b) On or before July 1, 2011, and annually thereafter, the
- 4872 [superintendent] chairperson of the [regional vocational-technical
- 4873 school system] Connecticut Technical High School System shall
- 4874 submit, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the
- 4875 Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and to the joint
- 4876 standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of
- 4877 matters relating to education and finance, revenue and bonding a
- 4878 report on the replacement of school buses in service in the [regional
- 4879 vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School
- 4880 System, pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. Such report shall
- include the number of school buses replaced in the previous school

- year and a projection of the number of school buses anticipated to be replaced in the upcoming school year.
- Sec. 66. Section 10-99f of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, and each fiscal year thereafter, the budget for the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System shall be a separate budgeted agency from the Department of Education.
- Sec. 67. Section 10-99g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- 4892 (a) The [superintendent] chairperson of the [regional vocational-4893 technical school system Connecticut Technical High School System 4894 shall biannually submit the operating budget and expenses for each 4895 individual [regional vocational-technical school] technical high school, 4896 in accordance with section 11-4a, to the Secretary of the Office of Policy 4897 and Management, the director of the legislative Office of Fiscal 4898 Analysis and to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly 4899 having cognizance of matters relating to education.
  - (b) The [superintendent] <u>chairperson</u> of the [regional vocational-technical school system] <u>Connecticut Technical High School System</u> shall make available and update on the [regional vocational-technical school system] <u>Connecticut Technical High School System</u> web site and the web site of each [regional vocational-technical school] <u>technical high school</u> the operating budget for the current school year of each individual [regional vocational-technical school] <u>technical high</u> school.
- Sec. 68. Section 10-215b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
- 4910 (a) The State Board of Education is authorized to expend in each 4911 fiscal year an amount equal to (1) the money required pursuant to the

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matching requirements of said federal laws and shall disburse the same in accordance with said laws, and (2) ten cents per lunch served in the prior school year in accordance with said laws by any local or regional board of education, the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System or governing authority of a state charter school, interdistrict magnet school or endowed academy approved pursuant to section 10-34 that participates in the National School Lunch Program and certifies pursuant to section 10-215f, as amended by this act, that the nutrition standards established by the Department of Education pursuant to section 10-215e shall be met.

- (b) The State Board of Education shall prescribe the manner and time of application by such board of education, the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System, such governing authority or controlling authority of the nonpublic schools for such funds, provided such application shall include the certification that any funds received pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be used for the program approved. The State Board of Education shall determine the eligibility of the applicant to receive such grants pursuant to regulations provided in subsection (c) of this section and shall certify to the Comptroller the amount of the grant for which the board of education, the [regional vocationaltechnical school system Connecticut Technical High School System, the governing authority or the controlling authority of a nonpublic school is eligible. Upon receipt of such certification, the Comptroller shall draw an order on the Treasurer in the amount, at the time and to the payee so certified.
- 4939 (c) The State Board of Education may adopt such regulations as may 4940 be necessary in implementing sections 10-215 to 10-215b, inclusive, as 4941 amended by this act.
- 4942 (d) The Commissioner of Education shall establish a procedure for 4943 monitoring compliance by boards of education, the [regional

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- vocational-technical school system] <u>Connecticut Technical High School</u>
  <u>System</u>, or governing authorities with certifications submitted in
  accordance with section 10-215f, as amended by this act, and may
  adjust grant amounts pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of
  this section based on failure to comply with said certification.
- Sec. 69. Section 10-215f of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):
  - (a) Each local and regional board of education, the [regional vocational-technical school system Connecticut Technical High School System, and the governing authority for each state charter school, interdistrict magnet school and endowed academy approved pursuant to section 10-34 that participates in the National School Lunch Program shall certify in its annual application to the Department of Education for school lunch funding whether, during the school year for which such application is submitted, all food items made available for sale to students in schools under its jurisdiction and not exempted from the nutrition standards published by the Department of Education pursuant to section 10-215e will meet said standards. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, such certification shall include food not exempted from said nutrition standards and offered for sale to students at all times, and from all sources, including, but not limited to, school stores, vending machines, school cafeterias, and any fundraising activities on school premises, whether or not school sponsored.
  - (b) Each board of education, the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System and each governing authority that certifies pursuant to this section compliance with the department's nutrition standards for food may exclude from such certification the sale to students of food items that do not meet such standards, provided (1) such sale is in connection with an event occurring after the end of the regular school day or on the weekend, (2) such sale is at the location of such event, and (3) such food is not sold

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Sec. 70. Subsection (a) of section 10-283b of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2012*):

(a) On and after July 1, 2011, the Commissioner of Construction Services shall include school building projects for the [regional vocational-technical schools technical high schools on the list developed pursuant to section 10-283. The adoption of the list by the General Assembly and authorization by the State Bond Commission of the issuance of bonds pursuant to section 10-287d shall fund the full cost of the projects. On or after July 1, 2011, the Commissioner of Construction Services, in consultation with the Commissioner of Education, may approve applications for grants to assist school building projects for the [regional vocational-technical school system] Connecticut Technical High School System to remedy damage from fire and catastrophe, to correct safety, health and other code violations, to replace roofs, to remedy a certified school indoor air quality emergency, or to purchase and install portable classroom buildings at any time within the limit of available grant authorization and to make payments on such a project within the limit of appropriated funds, provided portable classroom building projects do not create a new facility or cause an existing facility to be modified so that the portable buildings comprise a substantial percentage of the total facility area, as determined by the Commissioner of Construction Services. Such projects shall be subject to the requirements of chapters 59 and 60.

Sec. 71. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2012*) (a) Whenever the term "regional vocational-technical schools" or "regional vocational-technical schools" is used or referred to in the following sections of the general statutes, the term "technical high school" or "technical high schools" shall be substituted in lieu thereof: 4-124ff, 4a-11a, 4d-83, 5-275, 8-265pp, 10-9, 10-19d, 10-19e, 10-21g, 10-66p, 10-67, 10-74d, 10-76q, 10-95a, 10-95j, 10-95n, 10-95o, 10-97, 10-98a, 10-233d, 10-235, 10-264l, as

- 5008 amended by this act, 10-283, 10-287d, 10a-55e, 10a-55g, 10a-72d, 17b-5009 610, 31-3c, 31-3h, 31-3k, 31-11p, 32-4i, 32-6j and 32-475.
- (b) Whenever the term "vocational-technical school" or "vocational-technical schools" is used or referred to in the following sections of the general statutes, the term "technical high school" or "technical high schools" shall be substituted in lieu thereof: 1-79, 1-84d, 1-91, 4-67g, 4-124z, 4-124hh, 4a-2, 10-15d, 10-19e, 10-21g, 10-69, 10-95a, 10-95l, 10-235, 10-262n, 10-284, 10a-25b, 17b-688i, 31-3ee and 31-51ww.
- (c) Whenever the term "vocational school" or "vocational schools" is used or referred to in the following sections of the general statutes, the term "technical high school" or "technical high schools" shall be substituted in lieu thereof: 4-29, 10-13, 10-55, 10-64, 10-97, 10-186, 10a-5020 123, 10a-166, 14-36, 20-90, 31-23, 31-24, 38a-682 and 48-9.
  - Sec. 72. (Effective from passage) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of section 10-264l of the general statutes, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012, the requirement that not more than seventy-five per cent of the pupils attending an approved interdistrict magnet school program be from a participating town and the requirement that the pupils enrolled in such programs who are pupils of racial minorities, as defined in section 10-226a of the general statutes, comprise at least twenty-five per cent but not more than seventy-five per cent of the total pupil enrollment shall not apply to the approved interdistrict magnet school program, Big Picture Magnet School, operated by Bloomfield. Such interdistrict magnet school program shall reopen as a new school program, The Global Experience Magnet School, on or after July 1, 2012, pursuant to an operation plan as approved by the Commissioner of Education and shall begin operations as of that date for purposes of subsections (a) and (b) of section 10-264*l* of the general statutes.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

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Section 1	July 1, 2012	10-262f
Sec. 2	July 1, 2012	10-262h(a)(6)
Sec. 3	July 1, 2012	10-262h(d)
Sec. 4	July 1, 2012	10-262i(f) and (g)
Sec. 5	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 6	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 7	July 1, 2012	10-66ee
Sec. 8	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 9	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 10	from passage	New section
Sec. 11	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 12	July 1, 2012	10-65(b)
Sec. 13	July 1, 2012	10-264l(c)
Sec. 14	July 1, 2012	10-266p
Sec. 15	July 1, 2012	10-76d(e)(4)
Sec. 16	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 17	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 18	July 1, 2012	10-223e
Sec. 19	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 20	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 21	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 22	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 23	July 1, 2012	10-266aa(g)
Sec. 24	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 25	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 26	July 1, 2013	10-144o
Sec. 27	July 1, 2013	10-145a(e)
Sec. 28	July 1, 2013	10-145b
Sec. 29	July 1, 2013	10-151
Sec. 30	July 1, 2012	10-151b
Sec. 31	July 1, 2013	10-153d
Sec. 32	July 1, 2012	10-183b(26)
Sec. 33	July 1, 2012	10-157(b) and (c)
Sec. 34	July 1, 2012	10-65a
Sec. 35	July 1, 2012	10-16bb(b)
Sec. 36	July 1, 2012	10-220d
Sec. 37	July 1, 2013	10-145f
Sec. 38	July 1, 2013	10-145h(c)
Sec. 39	July 1, 2013	10-145o(b)(1)
Sec. 40	July 1, 2013	10-145o(e)(3)

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Sec. 41	July 1, 2013	10-145o(f)
Sec. 42	July 1, 2013	10-146b(a)
Sec. 43	July 1, 2013	10-66dd(b)(2)
Sec. 44	July 1, 2013	10-145a(a)
Sec. 45	July 1, 2013	10-149b(c)
Sec. 46	July 1, 2013	10-149c(b)
Sec. 47	July 1, 2013	10-221d(e) to (g)
Sec. 48	July 1, 2013	17a-101i(a)
Sec. 49	July 1, 2013	20-195u(d)
Sec. 50	July 1, 2012	10-74f
Sec. 51	July 1, 2012	10-223f(a)
Sec. 52	July 1, 2012	10-66bb
Sec. 53	July 1, 2012	10-95
Sec. 54	July 1, 2012	10-1
Sec. 55	July 1, 2012	3-20f(b)
Sec. 56	July 1, 2012	4-124gg
Sec. 57	July 1, 2012	10-4r
Sec. 58	July 1, 2012	10-20a(a)
Sec. 59	July 1, 2012	10-95h
Sec. 60	July 1, 2012	10-95i
Sec. 61	July 1, 2012	10-95k
Sec. 62	July 1, 2012	10-95m
Sec. 63	July 1, 2012	10-96c
Sec. 64	July 1, 2012	10-97a
Sec. 65	July 1, 2012	10-97b
Sec. 66	July 1, 2012	10-99f
Sec. 67	July 1, 2012	10-99g
Sec. 68	July 1, 2012	10-215b
Sec. 69	July 1, 2012	10-215f
Sec. 70	July 1, 2012	10-283b(a)
Sec. 71	July 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 72	from passage	New section

## Statement of Purpose:

To implement the Governor's budget recommendations.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]